



VELAMMAL

COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY, MADURAI – 625 009
(Autonomous)

(Accredited by NAAC with 'A' Grade and by NBA for 9 UG Programmes)

(Approved by AICTE and affiliated to Anna University, Chennai)

DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

CURRICULUM (CBCS)

Regulation 2021

B.E.-ECE (I TO VIII SEMESTERS)

BoS Chairman

R-2021(CBCS)

GOLDEN GOALS OF VET:

1. Regularity & Punctuality.
2. Nil Failures, High Subject Average & More Centums.
3. Research & Development.
4. Focus in General Knowledge & Depth in the Subject.
5. Communication Skills (Spoken English & Learning more Languages).
6. Extracurricular Activities & Co-Curricular Activities (All-around Development).
7. Good Health and Food Habits.
8. Human Values.

VISION AND MISSION OF THE INSTITUTE

VISION OF VCET

To emerge and sustain as a center of excellence for technical and managerial education upholding social values.

MISSION OF VCET

Our aspirants are

- Imparted with comprehensive, innovative and value – based education.
- Exposed to technical, managerial and soft skill resources with emphasis on research and professionalism.
- Inculcated with the need for a disciplined, happy, married and peaceful life.

VISION AND MISSION OF IT DEPARTMENT

VISION

To become a nationally recognized center of excellence in the field of Information Technology through Teaching, Research, Consultancy and Service.

MISSION

- Producing graduates with high quality, state-of-art knowledge, ethics, and social responsibility.
- Promoting excellence in teaching, research, leadership and strong contribution to the society
- Enhancing the student's knowledge in the recent technology by conducting continuing education programs, organizing and participating in various technical events.
- Promoting the industry-institution collaboration and empower the students in multidisciplinary and interdisciplinary activities.

VELAMMAL COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, MADURAI-625009

(AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

[CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM]

REGULATIONS 2021

CURRICULUM FOR SEMESTERS I TO VIII

SEMESTER I

Sl. No.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS
				L	T	P	
1.	21IP101	Induction Programme (Common to all B.E./B.Tech. Programmes)	-	-	-	-	0
THEORY							
2.	21EN101	Professional English- I (Common to all B.E./B.Tech. Programmes)	HS	3	2	0	4
3.	21MA101	Matrices and Calculus (Common to all B.E./B.Tech. Programmes)	BS	3	2	0	4
4.	21PH101	Engineering Physics (Common to all B.E./B.Tech. Programmes)	BS	3	0	0	3
5.	21CH101	Engineering Chemistry (Common to all B.E./B.Tech. Programmes)	BS	3	0	0	3
6.	21CS101	Problem Solving and Python Programming (Common to all B.E./B.Tech. Programmes)	ES	3	0	0	3
7.	21TA102	Heritage of Tamils / தமிழர் மரபு	HS	1	0	0	1
PRACTICAL COURSES							
8.	21CS102	Problem Solving and Python Programming Laboratory (Common to all B.E./B.Tech. Programmes)	ES	0	0	4	2
9.	21PC101	Physics and Chemistry Laboratory (Common to all B.E./B.Tech. Programmes)	BS	0	0	4	2
TOTAL CREDITS							22

SEMESTER II

Sl. No.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS
				L	T	P	
THEORY							
1.	21EN102	English–II (Common to all B.E./B.Tech. Programmes)	HS	3	0	0	3
2.	21MA103	Sampling Techniques and Numerical Methods (Common to B.E. (ECE & CSE) /B.Tech. (IT) Programmes)	BS	3	2	0	4
3.	21PH103	Physics for Information Science (Common to B. E.CSE /B.Tech. IT)	BS	3	0	0	3
4.	21ME101	Engineering Graphics (Common to all B.E./B.Tech. Programmes)	ES	2	0	2	3
5.	21CS103	Programming in C (Common to B.E. CSE/B.Tech. IT)	PC	3	0	0	3
6.	21CH103	Environmental Science (Common to all B.E./B.Tech. Programmes)	BS	2	0	0	2
7.	21EE104	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering for Information Science (Common to B.E. CSE/B.Tech.IT)	ES	3	0	0	3
8.	21TA102	Tamils and Technology/ தமிழரும் தொழில்நுட்பமும்	HS	1	0	0	1
PRACTICAL COURSES							
9.	21EM101	Engineering Practices Laboratory (Common to all B.E./B.Tech. Programmes)	ES	0	0	4	2
10.	21CS104	Programming in C Laboratory (Common to B.E. CSE/B.Tech. IT)	PC	0	0	4	2
TOTAL CREDITS							26

SEMESTER III

Sl. No.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS
				L	T	P	
THEORY							
1.	21MA203	Discrete Mathematics <i>(Common to B.E. CSE/B.Tech.IT)</i>	BS	3	2	0	4
2.	21EC201	Digital Principles and System Design <i>(Common to B.E. (ECE & CSE) /B.Tech. (IT) Programmes)</i>	PC	3	0	0	3
3.	21CS201	Computer Organization and Architecture <i>(Common to B.E. CSE/B.Tech.IT)</i>	PC	3	0	0	3
4.	21CS202	Data Structures <i>(Common to B.E. CSE/B.Tech.IT)</i>	PC	3	0	0	3
5.	21CS203	Object Oriented Programming <i>(Common to B.E. CSE/B.Tech.IT)</i>	PC	3	0	0	3
6.	21EC213	Analog and Digital Communication	PC	3	0	0	3
PRACTICAL COURSES							
7.	21EC212	Digital Systems Laboratory <i>(Common to B.E.(CSE&ECE)/B.Tech.(IT))</i>	PC	0	0	4	2
8.	21CS204	Data Structures Laboratory <i>(Common to B.E. CSE/B.Tech.IT)</i>	PC	0	0	4	2
9.	21CS205	Object Oriented Programming Laboratory <i>(Common to B.E. CSE/B.Tech.IT)</i>	PC	0	0	4	2
TOTAL CREDITS							25

SEMESTER IV

Sl. No.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS
				L	T	P	
THEORY							
1	21MA205	Stochastic Process and its Applications <i>(Common to B.E. CSE/B.Tech. IT)</i>	BS	3	2	0	4
2	21CS206	Database Management Systems <i>(Common to B.E. CSE/ B.Tech. IT)</i>	PC	3	0	0	3
3	21CS207	Design and Analysis of Algorithm <i>(Common to B.E. CSE/B.Tech. IT)</i>	PC	3	0	0	3
4	21CS208	Operating Systems <i>(Common to B.E. CSE/B.Tech. IT)</i>	PC	3	0	0	3
5	21IT201	Computer Networks	PC	3	0	0	3
6	21IT202	Design Thinking and Product Innovation	EE	2	0	0	1
PRACTICAL COURSES							
7	21CS210	Database Management Systems Laboratory <i>(Common to B.E. CSE/B.Tech. IT)</i>	PC	0	0	4	2
8	21CS211	Operating Systems Laboratory <i>(Common to B.E. CSE/B.Tech. IT)</i>	PC	0	0	4	2
TOTAL CREDITS							21

SEMESTER V

SEMESTER V							
Sl. No.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS
				L	T	P	
THEORY							
1.	21IT301	Foundations of Data Science	PC	3	0	0	3
2.	21IT302	Principles of Cloud Computing	PC	3	0	0	3
3.	21PXXXX	Professional Elective– I	PE	-	-	-	3
4.	21PXXXX	Professional Elective– II	PE	-	-	-	3
5.	21OCITXX	One Credit Course	EE	1	0	0	1
6.	21MCC01	Constitution of India	MC	1	0	0	0
THEORY WITH PRACTICAL COURSE							
7.	21IT303	Software Engineering	PC	3	0	2	4
PRACTICAL COURSES							
8.	21IT304	FOSS and Cloud Laboratory	PC	0	0	4	2
9.		Internship**	EE	0	0	0	1
TOTAL CREDITS							20

SEMESTER VI

Sl. No.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS
				L	T	P	
THEORY							
1.	21IT305	Mobile Computing	PC	3	0	0	3
2.	21IT306	Fundamentals of Artificial Intelligence	PC	3	0	0	3
3.	21PXXXX	Professional Elective– III	PE	-	-	-	3
4.	21PXXXX	Professional Elective– IV	PE	-	-	-	3
5.	21OXXXX	Open Elective–I	OE	3	0	0	3
6.	21OXXXX	Open Elective–II	OE	3	0	0	3
7.	21MCC02	Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge	MC	1	0	0	0
THEORY WITH PRACTICAL COURSE							
8.	21IT307	Internet of Things	PC	3	0	2	4
PRACTICAL COURSE							
9.	21EN301	Professional Communication Laboratory	HS	0	0	2	1
TOTAL CREDITS							23

SEMESTER VII

Sl. No.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS
				L	T	P	
THEORY							
1.	21IT401	Big Data Engineering	PC	3	0	0	3
2.	21IT402	Software Project Management	PC	3	0	0	3
4.	21OXXXX	Open Elective III	OE	3	0	0	3
5.	21OXXXX	Open Elective IV	OE	3	0	0	3
PRACTICAL COURSES							
6.	21IT403	Project Work-I	EE	0	0	4	2
TOTAL CREDITS							14

SEMESTER VIII

Sl. No.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS
				L	T	P	
THEORY							
1.	21PXXXX	Professional Elective–V	PE	-	-	-	3
2.	21PXXXX	Professional Elective–VI	PE	-	-	-	3
PRACTICAL COURSE							
3.	21IT404	Project Work-II	EE	0	0	20	10
TOTAL CREDITS							16

Total Credits: 167

SEMESTERWISE CREDIT DISTRIBUTION

Sem./Cat.	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VI II	Total Credits
HS	5	4				1			10
BS	12	9	4	4					29
ES	5	8							13
PC		5	21	16	12	10	6		70
PE					6	6		6	18
OE						6	6		12
EE				1	2		2	10	15
MC					✓	✓			-
Total	22	26	25	21	20	23	14	16	167

Sl. No.	Category	Type of Course
1.	HS	Humanities and Social Sciences including Management
2.	BS	Basic Sciences
3.	ES	Engineering Sciences including workshop, drawing, basics of electrical/mechanical/computer etc.
4.	PC	Professional Core Courses
5.	PE	Professional Elective : Courses relevant to chosen specialization/ branch
6.	OE	Open Electives : Courses from other technical and/or emerging courses
7.	EE	Employability Enhancement Courses: Project Work, Seminar and Internship in Industry
8.	MC	Mandatory Courses

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES: VERTICALS

VERTICAL 1: DATA SCIENCE

S.No.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	Category	L	T	P	C
1.	21PCS01	Data Science and Big Data Analytics	PE	2	0	2	3
2.	21PCS02	Exploratory Data Analysis	PE	2	0	2	3
3.	21PCS03	Neural Networks and Deep Learning	PE	2	0	2	3
4.	21PCS04	Information Recommender Systems	PE	2	0	2	3
5.	21PCS05	Computer Vision Algorithms and Applications	PE	2	0	2	3
6.	21PCS06	Image and Video Analytics	PE	2	0	2	3
7.	21PCS07	Text and Speech Analysis	PE	2	0	2	3
8.	21PCS08	Essentials of Business Analytics	PE	2	0	2	3

VERTICAL 2: FULL STACK DEVELOPEMENT

S.No.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	Category	L	T	P	C
1.	21PCS09	Principles of Programming Languages	PE	2	0	2	3
2.	21PCS10	Web Technology and Design	PE	2	0	2	3
3.	21PCS11	Cloud Services Management	PE	2	0	2	3
4.	21PCS12	Android App Development	PE	2	0	2	3
5.	21PCS13	Web Application Security	PE	2	0	2	3
6.	21PCS14	Software Testing and Automation	PE	2	0	2	3
7.	21PCS15	Introduction to Dev-Ops	PE	2	0	2	3
8.	21PCS16	Python Application Programming Interface Development	PE	2	0	2	3

VERTICAL 3: DATA CENTRE TECHNOLOGIES

S.No.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	Category	L	T	P	C
1.	21PCS17	Data Ware housing Concepts and Implementation	PE	2	0	2	3
2.	21PCS18	Data Storage Technologies	PE	2	0	2	3
3.	21PCS19	Software Defined Networks	PE	2	0	2	3
4.	21PCS20	Cloud Computing and Virtualization	PE	2	0	2	3
5.	21PCS21	Information Storage and Management	PE	3	0	0	3
6.	21PCS22	Stream Processing Framework	PE	2	0	2	3
7.	21PCS23	Fog and Edge Computing	PE	3	0	0	3
8.	21PCS24	Cloud Data Centre Network Architectures	PE	2	0	2	3

VERTICAL 4: CYBER SECURITY AND DATA PRIVACY

S.No.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	Category	L	T	P	C
1.	21PIT01	Cryptographic Techniques	PE	3	0	0	3
2.	21PIT02	Paradigms of Network Security	PE	2	0	2	3
3.	21PIT03	Engineering Secure Software Systems	PE	3	0	0	3
4.	21PIT04	Digital and Mobile Forensics	PE	3	0	0	3
5.	21PIT05	Ethical Hacking Exploit Development	PE	2	0	2	3
6.	21PIT06	Social Network Security	PE	3	0	0	3
7.	21PIT07	Security and Privacy in Cloud	PE	3	0	0	3
8.	21PIT08	Cryptocurrency and Blockchain Technologies	PE	2	0	2	3

VERTICAL 5: CREATIVE MEDIA

S.No.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	Category	L	T	P	C
1.	21PIT09	Multimedia and Animation	PE	2	0	2	3
2.	21PIT10	Multimedia Data Compression and Storage	PE	3	0	0	3
3.	21PIT11	UI and UX Design	PE	2	0	2	3
4.	21PIT12	Video Processing and Analytics	PE	3	0	0	3
5.	21PIT13	Techniques for Visual Effects	PE	3	0	0	3
6.	21PIT14	Game Design and Development	PE	2	0	2	3
7.	21PIT15	Concepts of Augmented Reality and Virtual Reality	PE	3	0	0	3
8.	21PIT16	Strategies of Digital Marketing	PE	3	0	0	3

VERTICAL 6: PROGRESSIVE TECHNOLOGIES

S.No.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	Category	L	T	P	C
1.	21PIT17	Techniques of Robotic Process Automation	PE	3	0	0	3
2.	21PIT18	Cyber security Essentials	PE	3	0	0	3
3.	21PIT19	3D Printing and Design	PE	3	0	0	3
4.	21PIT20	Embedded System Design	PE	2	0	2	3
5.	21PIT21	Principles of Quantum Computing	PE	3	0	0	3
6.	21PIT22	Autonomous Ground Vehicle Systems	PE	3	0	0	3
7.	21PIT23	E-Learning Techniques	PE	3	0	0	3
8.	21PIT24	Next Generation Networks	PE	3	0	0	3

VERTICAL 7: COGNITIVE COMPUTING

S.No.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	Category	L	T	P	C
1.	21PCS25	Ethics and Artificial Intelligence	PE	3	0	0	3
2.	21PCS26	Introduction to Knowledge Engineering	PE	2	0	2	3
3.	21PCS27	Principles of Soft Computing	PE	2	0	2	3
4.	21PCS28	Optimization Techniques and Applications	PE	2	0	2	3
5.	21OMA01	Graph Theory and its Applications	PE	3	0	0	3
6.	21PCS29	Introduction to Game Theory	PE	2	0	2	3
7.	21PCS30	Cognitive Science Theory and Applications	PE	2	0	2	3
8.	21PCS31	Statistical Natural Language Processing	PE	2	0	2	3

**VERTICAL 8: EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES
(OPEN ELECTIVES I & II FOR EEE, CIVIL AND MECH PROGRAMMES)**

S.No.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	Category	L	T	P	C
1.	21OIT01	Fundamentals of Augmented Reality and Virtual Reality	OE	3	0	0	3
2.	21OIT02	Fundamentals of Robotic Process Automation	OE	3	0	0	3
3.	21OIT03	Deep Learning Techniques	OE	3	0	0	3
4.	21PIT18	Cyber security Essentials	OE	3	0	0	3
5.	21OIT04	Fundamentals of Block chain	OE	3	0	0	3
6.	21OIT05	Game Development for Novice	OE	3	0	0	3
7.	21OIT06	Introduction to 3D Printing and Design	OE	3	0	0	3
8.	21OIT07	Fundamentals of Machine Learning	OE	3	0	0	3
9.	21OIT08	Internet of Things concepts and Applications	OE	3	0	0	3
10.	21IT301	Foundations of Data Science	PC	3	0	0	3

ONE CREDIT COURSES

S.No.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	Category	L	T	P	C
1.	21OCIT01	Automation Tool	EE	0	0	2	1
2.	21OCIT02	Azure Cloud Essentials	EE	0	0	2	1
3.	21OCIT03	Mongo DB Basics	EE	0	0	2	1



(Autonomous)
REGULATIONS-2021
B.TECH. – INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM
SYLLABUS FOR SEMESTERS I to VIII

SEMESTER – I

21IP101	INDUCTION PROGRAMME (Common to all B.E./ B.Tech. programmes)	L	T	P	C
		0	0	0	0
PRE-REQUISITE: Ability to understand the high frequency every day or job-related language and write simple connected text on topics which are familiar or of personal interest.					
OBJECTIVES: This course aims at making students comfortable to the new environment and create a holistic outlook, and to create a desire to work for national needs and beyond.					
		12			
This is a mandatory 2 week programme to be conducted as soon as the students enter the institution. Normal classes start only after the induction program is over.					
The induction programme has been introduced by AICTE with the following objective: “Engineering colleges were established to train graduates well in the branch/department of admission, have a holistic outlook, and have a desire to work for national needs and beyond. The graduating student must have knowledge and skills in the area of his/her study. However, he/she must also have broad understanding of society and relationships. Character needs to be nurtured as an essential quality by which he/she would understand and fulfill his/her responsibility as an engineer, as a citizen and as a human being. Besides the above, several meta-skills and underlying values are needed.” “One will have to work closely with the newly joined students in making them feel comfortable, allow them to explore their academic interests and activities, reduce competition and make them work for excellence, promote bonding within them, build relations between teachers and students, give a broader view of life, and build character. “ The following are the activities under the induction program in which the student would be fully engaged throughout the day for the entire duration of the program.					

(i) Physical Activity

This would involve a daily routine of physical activity with games and sports, yoga, gardening, etc.

(ii) Creative Arts

Every student would choose one skill related to the arts whether visual arts or performing arts. Examples are painting, sculpture, pottery, music, dance etc. The student would pursue it every day for the duration of the program. These would allow for creative expression. It would develop a sense of aesthetics and also enhance creativity which would, hopefully, grow into engineering design later.

(iii) Universal Human Values

This is the anchoring activity of the Induction Programme. It gets the student to explore oneself and allows one to experience the joy of learning, stand up to peer pressure, take decisions with courage, be aware of relationships with colleagues and supporting stay in the hostel and department, be sensitive to others, etc. A module in Universal Human Values provides the base. Methodology of teaching this content is extremely important. It must not be through do's and don'ts, but get students to explore and think by engaging them in a dialogue. It is best taught through group discussions and real life activities rather than lecturing.

Discussions would be conducted in small groups of about 20 students with a faculty mentor each. It would be effective that the faculty mentor assigned is also the faculty advisor for the student for the full duration of the UG programme.

(iv) Literary Activity

Literary activity would encompass reading, writing and possibly, debating, enacting a play etc.

(v) Proficiency Modules

This would address some lacunas that students might have, for example, English, computer familiarity etc.

(vi) Lectures by Eminent People

Motivational lectures by eminent people from all walks of life should be arranged to give the students exposure to people who are socially active or in public life.

(vii) Visits to Local Area

A couple of visits to the landmarks of the city, or a hospital or orphanage could be organized. This would familiarize them with the area as well as expose them to the under privileged.

(viii) Familiarization to Dept./Branch & Innovations

They should be told about what getting into a branch or department means what role it plays in

society, through its technology. They should also be shown the laboratories, workshops & other facilities.

(ix) Department Specific Activities

About a week can be spent in introducing activities (games, quizzes, social interactions, small experiments, design thinking etc.) that are relevant to the particular branch of Engineering/Technology/Architecture that can serve as a motivation and kindle interest in building things (become a maker) in that particular field. This can be conducted in the form of a workshop. For example, CSE and IT students may be introduced to activities that kindle computational thinking, and get them to build simple games. ECE students may be introduced to building simple circuits as an extension of their knowledge in Science, and so on. Students may be asked to build stuff using their knowledge of science.

Induction Programme is totally an activity based programme and therefore there shall be no tests / assessments during this programme.

Hence, the purpose of this programme is to make the students feel comfortable in their new environment, open them up, set a healthy daily routine, create bonding in the batch as well as between faculty and students, develop awareness, sensitivity and understanding of the self, people around them, society at large, and nature.

TOTAL: 12 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

Guide to Induction program from AICTE

21EN101	PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH-1 (Common to all B.E./B.TECH. Programmes)				L	T	P	C
	3	2	0	4				
COURSE OBJECTIVES: • To develop learners skills in listening and responding effectively. • To apply basic grammar for better communication. • To employ reading passages for understanding vocabulary. • To construct logical sentences and participate in pair presentation, extempore. • To organize ideas for various compositions in writing.								
UNIT I	INTRODUCTION TO FUNDAMENTALS OF COMMUNICATION							15
Listening – Listening for general information - Specific details - Conversation: Introduction to classmates - Audio / video (formal & informal); Telephone conversation; Listening to voicemail & messages; Listening and filling a form; Speaking - Self Introduction; Introducing a friend; Conversation - Politeness strategies; Telephone conversation; Leave a voicemail; Leave a message with another person; asking for information to fill details in a form; Reading - Reading brochures (technical context), telephone messages / social media messages relevant to technical contexts and emails; Writing - Writing emails / letters introducing oneself; Grammar - Present Tense (simple, continuous); Question types: Wh/ Yes or No/ and Tags Vocabulary - Synonyms; One word substitution; Abbreviations & Acronyms (as used in technical contexts).								
UNIT II	NARRATION AND SUMMATION							15
Listening - Listening to podcast, anecdotes / stories / event narration; documentaries and interviews with celebrities; Speaking - Narrating personal experiences / events; Interviewing a celebrity; Reporting / and summarizing of documentaries / podcasts/ interviews; Reading - Reading biographies, travelogues, newspaper reports, Excerpts from literature, and travel & technical blogs; Writing - Guided writing - Paragraph writing Short Report on an event (field trip etc.); Grammar - Past tense (Simple, continuous); Subject-Verb Agreement; and Prepositions; Vocabulary - Word forms (prefixes& suffixes); Synonyms and Antonyms. Phrasal verbs.								
UNIT III	DESCRIPTION OF A PROCESS / PRODUCT							15
Listening - Listen to a product and process descriptions; a classroom lecture; and advertisements about a products; Speaking - Picture description; Giving instruction to use the product; Presenting a product; and Summarizing a lecture; Reading - Reading advertisements, gadget reviews; user manuals; Writing - Writing definitions; instructions; and Product /Process description; Grammar - Imperatives; Adjectives; Degrees of comparison; Present & Past Perfect, Present and past perfect continuous tenses; Vocabulary - Compound Nouns, Homonyms; and Homophones, discourse markers (connectives & sequence words)								
UNIT IV	CLASSIFICATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS							15

Listening - Listening to TED Talks; Scientific lectures; and educational videos; Speaking – Small Talk; Mini presentations and making recommendations; Reading - Newspaper articles; Journal reports - Non Verbal Communication (tables, pie charts etc,) Writing - Note-making / Note-taking (*Study skills to be taught, not tested); Writing recommendations; Transferring information from non verbal (chart, graph etc, to verbal mode) Grammar - Articles; Pronouns - Possessive & Relative pronouns; Vocabulary - Collocations; Fixed / Semi fixed expressions		
UNIT V	EXPRESSIONS	15
Listening - Listening to debates/ discussions; different viewpoints on an issue; and panel discussions; Speaking - Group discussions, Debates, and Expressing opinions through Simulations & Role-play; Reading - Reading editorials; and Opinion Blogs; Writing - Essay Writing (Descriptive or narrative); Grammar - Future Tenses, Punctuation; Negation (Statements & Questions); and Simple, Compound & Complex Sentences; Vocabulary - Cause & Effect Expressions - Content vs. Function words.		
		TOTAL: 75 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to: CO1: Listen and comprehend complex academic texts. CO2: Read and infer the denotative and connotative meanings of technical texts. CO3: Write definitions, descriptions, narrations and essays on various topics. CO4: Speak fluently and accurately in formal and informal communicative contexts. CO5: Express their opinions effectively in both oral and written medium of communication.		
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Dr. Veena Selvam, Dr. Sujatha Priyadarshini, Dr. Deepa Mary Francis, Dr. KN. Shoba, and Dr. Lourdes Joevani, Department of English, Anna University. English for Science & Technology. Cambridge University Press, 2021. 2. Board of Editors, Department of English, Anna University. English for Engineers & Technologists. Orient Blackswan Private Ltd, 2020. 3. Board of Editors, Department of English, Anna University. Using English Orient Blackswan Private Ltd, 2017.		
REFERENCES: 1. Meenakshi Raman & Sangeeta Sharma. Technical Communication – Principles And Practices Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2016. 2. Lakshminarayanan K.R. A Course Book On Technical English. SciTech Publications (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2012. 3. Ayesha Viswamohan. English For Technical Communication (With CD). McGraw Hill, Education, ISBN: 0070264244. 2008. 4. Kulbhusan Kumar, RS Salaria, Effective Communication Skill. Khanna Publishing House. First Edition, 2018. 5. Dr. V. Chellammal. Learning to Communicate. Allied Publishing House, New Delhi, 2003.		

21MA101	MATRICES AND CALCULUS (Common to all B.E. / B.Tech. Programmes)				L	T	P	C
					3	2	0	4
COURSE OBJECTIVES:								
- To develop the use of matrix algebra techniques that is needed by engineers for practical applications. - To explain the students about differential calculus. - To demonstrate the functions of several variables technique to solve problems in many engineering branches. - To demonstrate the various techniques of integration. - To prepare the student to use mathematical tools in evaluating multiple integrals and their applications.								
UNIT I		MATRICES					12	
Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a real matrix – Characteristic equation – Properties of Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors – Cayley - Hamilton theorem – Diagonalization of matrices by orthogonal transformation – Reduction of a quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation – Nature of quadratic forms – Applications: Stretching of an elastic membrane.								
UNIT II		DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS					12	
Representation of functions - Limit of a function - Continuity - Derivatives - Differentiation rules (sum, product, quotient, chain rules) - Implicit differentiation - Logarithmic differentiation - Applications : Maxima and Minima of functions of one variable.								
UNIT III		FUNCTIONS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES					12	
Partial differentiation – Homogeneous functions and Euler’s theorem – Total derivative – Change of variables – Jacobians – Partial differentiation of implicit functions – Taylor’s series for functions of two variables – Applications : Maxima and minima of functions of two variables and Lagrange’s method of undetermined multipliers.								
UNIT IV		INTEGRAL CALCULUS					12	
Definite and Indefinite integrals - Substitution rule - Techniques of Integration: Integration by parts, Trigonometric integrals, Trigonometric substitutions, Integration of rational functions by partial fraction, Integration of irrational functions - Improper integrals - Applications: Hydrostatic force and pressure, moments and centres of mass.								
UNIT V		MULTIPLE INTEGRALS					12	
Double integrals – Change of order of integration – Double integrals in polar coordinates – Area enclosed by plane curves – Triple integrals – Volume of solids – Change of variables in double and triple integrals – Applications: Moments and centres of mass, moment of inertia.								
							TOTAL : 60 PERIODS	
COURSE OUTCOMES:								
At the end of the course, learners will be able to								
CO1: Use the matrix algebra methods for solving engineering problems.								

CO2: Apply differential calculus tools in solving various application problems.
CO3: Make use of differential calculus ideas on several variable functions.
CO4: Identify suitable methods of integration in solving practical problems.
CO5: Solve practical problems of areas, volumes using multiple integrals.
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Kreyszig,E, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 10th Edition, John Wiley and Sons, New Delhi, 2016. 2. Grewal.B.S. "Higher Engineering Mathematics", 44th Edition, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2018. 3. James Stewart, "Calculus: Early Transcendentals", 8th Edition, Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 2015.
REFERENCES: 1. Bali. N., Goyal. M. and Watkins. C., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 7th Edition, Firewall Media (An imprint of Lakshmi Publications Pvt., Ltd.), New Delhi, 2009. 2. Jain. R.K. and Iyengar. S.R.K., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 5th Edition, Narosa Publications, New Delhi, 2016. 3. Ramana. B.V., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", 6th Edition, McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2010. 4. Thomas. G. B., Hass. J and Weir. M.D, "Thomas Calculus", 14th Edition, Pearson India, 2018.

21PH101	ENGINEERING PHYSICS (Common to all B.E./B.Tech. Programmes)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To illustrate the students effectively to achieve an understanding of mechanics. - To infer the students to gain knowledge of electromagnetic waves and its applications. - To explain the basics of oscillations, optics and lasers. - To outline the importance of quantum physics. - To relate the students towards the applications of quantum mechanics.					
UNIT I	MECHANICS	9			
Multi-particle dynamics: Center of mass (CM) – CM of continuous bodies – motion of the CM – kinetic energy of system of particles. Rotation of rigid bodies: Rotational kinematics – rotational kinetic energy and moment of inertia - theorems of M.I –moment of inertia of continuous bodies – M.I of a diatomic molecule - torque – rotational dynamics of rigid bodies – conservation of angular momentum – rotational energy state of a rigid diatomic molecule - gyroscope - torsional pendulum–double pendulum –Introduction to nonlinear oscillations.					
UNIT II	ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES	9			
The Maxwell's equations - wave equation; Plane electromagnetic waves in vacuum, Conditions on the wave field - properties of electromagnetic waves: speed, amplitude, phase, orientation and waves in matter - polarization - Producing electromagnetic waves - Energy and momentum in EM waves: Intensity, waves from localized sources, momentum and radiation pressure - Cell-phone reception. Reflection and transmission of electromagnetic waves from a non-conducting medium vacuum interface for normal incidence.					
UNIT III	OSCILLATIONS, OPTICS AND LASERS	9			
Simple harmonic motion - resonance –analogy between electrical and mechanical oscillating systems - waves on a string - standing waves - traveling waves - Energy transfer of a wave – sound waves - Doppler effect. Reflection and refraction of light waves - total internal reflection - interference– Michelson interferometer –Theory of air wedge and experiment. Theory of laser - characteristics - Spontaneous and stimulated emission - Einstein's coefficients - population inversion - Nd-YAG laser, CO2 laser, semiconductor laser –Basic applications of lasers in industry.					
UNIT IV	BASIC QUANTUM MECHANICS	9			
Photons and light waves - Electrons and matter waves –Compton effect - The Schrodinger equation (Time dependent and time independent forms) - meaning of wave function - Normalization –Free particle - particle in an infinite potential well: 1D,2D and 3D Boxes- Normalization, probabilities and the correspondence principle.					
UNIT V	APPLIED QUANTUM MECHANICS	9			
The harmonic oscillator(qualitative)- Barrier penetration and quantum tunneling(qualitative)- Tunneling microscope - Resonant diode - Finite potential wells (qualitative)- Bloch's theorem for					

particles in a periodic potential –Basics of Kronig-Penney model and origin of energy bands.	
	TOTAL: 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to CO1: Explain the importance of mechanics. CO2: Extend their knowledge in electromagnetic waves. CO3: Illustrate a strong foundational knowledge in oscillations, optics and lasers. CO4: Interpret the importance of quantum physics. CO5: Summarize quantum mechanical principles towards the formation of energy bands.	
TEXT BOOKS: 1. D.Kleppner and R.Kolenkow, “An Introduction to Mechanics”, First Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017. 2. E.M.Purcell and D.J.Morin, “Electricity and Magnetism”, Third Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2013. 3. Arthur Beiser, Shobhit Mahajan, S. Rai Choudhury, “Concepts of Modern Physics”, Seventh Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2017.	
REFERENCES 1. R.Wolfson. “Essential University Physics”, Volume 1 & 2. , First Edition (Indian Edition) Pearson Education, 2009. 2. Paul A. Tipler, “Physics”- Volume 1 & 2, First Edition (Indian Edition), CBS Publishers & Distributors, 2004. 3. K.Thyagarajan and A.Ghatak. “Lasers: Fundamentals and Applications”, Second Edition, Laxmi Publications, (Indian Edition), 2019. 4. D.Halliday, R.Resnick and J.Walker, “Principles of Physics”, 10 th Edition (Indian Edition), Wiley, 2015. 5. N.Garcia, A.Damask and S.Schwarz, “Physics for Computer Science Students”, First Edition, Springer Verlag, 2012.	

21CH101	ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY			L	T	P	C
	(Common to all B.E./B.Tech. Programmes)			3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:							
• To inculcate sound understanding of water quality parameters and water treatment techniques. • To impart knowledge on the basic principles and preparatory methods of nanomaterials. • To introduce the basic concepts and applications of phase rule and composites. • To facilitate the understanding of different types of fuels, their preparation, properties and combustion characteristics. • To familiarize the students with the operating principles, working processes and applications of energy conversion and storage devices.							
UNIT I	WATER AND ITS TREATMENT						9
Water: Sources and impurities, Water quality parameters: Definition and significance of-colour, odour, turbidity, pH, hardness, alkalinity, TDS, COD and BOD, fluoride and arsenic. Municipal water treatment: primary treatment and disinfection (UV, Ozonation, break-point chlorination). Desalination of brackish water: Reverse Osmosis. Boiler troubles: Scale and sludge, Boiler corrosion, Caustic embrittlement, Priming &foaming. Treatment of boiler feed water: Internal treatment (phosphate, colloidal, sodium aluminate and calgon conditioning) and External treatment – Ion exchange demineralization and zeolite process.							
UNIT II	NANOCHEMISTRY						9
Basics: Distinction between molecules, nanomaterials and bulk materials; Size-dependent properties (optical, electrical, mechanical and magnetic); Types of nanomaterials: Definition, properties and uses of – nanoparticle, nanocluster, nanorod, nanowire and nanotube. Preparation of nanomaterials: sol-gel, solvothermal, laser ablation, chemical vapour deposition, electrochemical deposition and electro spinning. Applications of nanomaterials in medicine, agriculture, energy, electronics and catalysis.							
UNIT III	PHASE RULE AND COMPOSITES						9
Phase rule: Introduction, definition of terms with examples. One component system - water system; Reduced phase rule; Construction of a simple eutectic phase diagram - Thermal analysis; Two component system: lead-silver system - Pattinson process. Composites: Introduction: Definition & Need for composites; Constitution: Matrix materials (Polymer matrix, metal matrix and ceramic matrix) and Reinforcement (fiber, particulates, flakes and whiskers). Properties and applications of: Metal matrix composites (MMC), Ceramic matrix composites and Polymer matrix composites. Hybrid composites - definition and examples.							
UNIT IV	FUELS AND COMBUSTION						9
Fuels: Introduction: Classification of fuels; Coal and coke: Analysis of coal (proximate and							

ultimate), Carbonization, Manufacture of metallurgical coke (Otto Hoffmann method). Petroleum and Diesel: Manufacture of synthetic petrol (Bergius process), Knocking - octane number, diesel oil - cetane number; Power alcohol and biodiesel. Combustion of fuels: Introduction: Calorific value - higher and lower calorific values, Theoretical calculation of calorific value; Ignition temperature: spontaneous ignition temperature, Explosive range; Flue gas analysis - ORSAT Method. CO₂ emission and carbon foot print.		
UNIT V	ENERGY SOURCES AND STORAGE DEVICES	9
Stability of nucleus: mass defect (problems), binding energy; Nuclear energy: light water nuclear power plant, breeder reactor. Solar energy conversion: Principle, working and applications of solar cells; Recent developments in solar cell materials. Wind energy; Geothermal energy; Batteries: Types of batteries, Primary battery - dry cell, Secondary battery - lead acid battery and lithium-ion-battery; Electric vehicles-working principles; Fuel cells: H ₂ -O ₂ fuel cell, microbial fuel cell; Supercapacitors: Storage principle, types and examples.		
		TOTAL: 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to CO 1: Infer the quality of water from quality parameter data and propose suitable treatment methodologies to treat water. CO 2: Identify and apply basic concepts of nanoscience and nanotechnology in designing the synthesis of nanomaterials for engineering and technology applications. CO 3: Apply the knowledge of phase rule and composites for material selection requirements. CO 4: Recommend suitable fuels for engineering processes and applications. CO 5: Recognize different forms of energy resources and apply them for suitable applications in energy sectors.		
TEXT BOOKS: 1. P. C. Jain and Monica Jain, "Engineering Chemistry", 17 th Edition, Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 2018. 2. Sivasankar B., "Engineering Chemistry", 1 st Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2008. 3. S.S. Dara, "A text book of Engineering Chemistry", 12 th Edition, S. Chand Publishing, , 2018.		
REFERENCES: 1. B. S. Murty, P. Shankar, Baldev Raj, B.B. Rath and James Murday, "Text book of nanoscience and nanotechnology", 1 st Edition, Universities Press-II M Series in Metallurgy and Materials Science, 2018. 2. O.G. Palanna, "Engineering Chemistry" 2 nd Edition, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2017. 3. Friedrich Emich, "Engineering Chemistry", 1 st Edition, Scientific International PVT,		

LTD, New Delhi, 2014.

4. Shikha Agarwal, “Engineering Chemistry-Fundamentals and Applications”, 2nd Edition, Cambridge University Press, Delhi, 2019

5. O.V. Roussak and H.D. Gesser, “Applied Chemistry-A Text Book for Engineers and Technologists”, 2nd Edition, Springer Science Business Media, New York, 2013.

21CS101	PROBLEM SOLVING AND PYTHON PROGRAMMING (Common to all B.E./B.Tech. Programmes)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To describe the basics of algorithmic problem solving. - To solve problems using Python conditionals and loops. - To illustrate Python functions and use function calls to solve problems. - To make use of Python data structures - lists, tuples, and dictionaries to represent complex data. - To explain input/output with files in Python.					
UNIT-I	COMPUTATIONAL THINKING AND PROBLEM SOLVING				9
Fundamentals of Computing – Identification of Computational Problems -Algorithms, building blocks of algorithms (statements, state, control flow, functions), notation (pseudo code, flow chart, programming language), algorithmic problem solving, simple strategies for developing algorithms (iteration, recursion). Illustrative problems: find minimum in a list, insert a card in a list of sorted cards, and guess an integer number in a range, Towers of Hanoi.					
UNIT-II	DATA TYPES, EXPRESSIONS, STATEMENTS				9
Python interpreter and interactive mode, debugging; values and types: int, float, boolean, string, and list; variables, expressions, statements, tuple assignment, precedence of operators, comments; Illustrative programs: exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points.					
UNIT-III	CONTROL FLOW, FUNCTIONS, STRINGS				9
Conditionals: Boolean values and operators, conditional (if), alternative (if-else), chained conditional (if-else-if-else); Iteration: state, while, for, break, continue, pass; Fruitful functions: return values, parameters, local and global scope, function composition, recursion; Strings: string slices, immutability, string functions and methods, string module; Lists as arrays. Illustrative programs: square root, gcd, exponentiation, sum an array of numbers, linear search, binary search.					
UNIT-IV	LISTS, TUPLES, DICTIONARIES				9
Lists: list operations, list slices, list methods, list loop, mutability, aliasing, cloning lists, list parameters; Tuples: tuple assignment, tuple as return value; Dictionaries: operations and methods; advanced list processing - list comprehension; Illustrative programs: simple sorting, histogram, Students marks statement, Retail bill preparation.					
UNIT-V	FILES, MODULES, PACKAGES				9
Files and exceptions: text files, reading and writing files, format operator; command line arguments, errors and exceptions, handling exceptions, modules, packages; Illustrative programs: word count, copy file, Voter's age validation, Marks range validation (0-100).					
					TOTAL :45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to					

CO1: Make use of design approaches to solve computational problems.
CO2: Develop and execute basic Python programs using expressions and input/output statements.
CO3: Utilize strings, functions and control statements to develop real world problems.
CO4: Construct programs using Python data types like lists, tuples and dictionaries.
CO5: Prepare a Python application by incorporating files and exceptions.
TEXT BOOKS:
1. Allen B. Downey, “Think Python: How to Think like a Computer Scientist”, 2nd Edition, O’Reilly Publishers, 2016. 2. Karl Beecher, “Computational Thinking: A Beginner's Guide to Problem Solving and Programming”, 1st Edition, BCS Learning & Development Limited, 2017. 3. Martin C. Brown, “Python: The Complete Reference”, 4th Edition, Mc- Graw Hill, 2018.
REFERENCES:
1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, “Python for Programmers”, 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2021. 2. G Venkatesh and MadhavanMukund, “Computational Thinking: A Primer for Programmers and Data Scientists”, 1st Edition, Notion Press, 2021. 3. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Applications to Computational Modeling and Understanding Data", 3rd Edition, MIT Press, 2021. 4. Eric Matthes, “Python Crash Course, A Hands - on Project Based Introduction to Programming”, 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2019.

21CS102	PROBLEM SOLVING AND PYTHON PROGRAMMING LABORATORY <i>(Common to all B.E./B.Tech Programmes)</i>	L	T	P	C
		0	0	4	2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To describe the basics of algorithmic problem solving.
- To solve problems using Python conditionals and loops.
- To illustrate Python functions and use function calls to solve problems.
- To make use of Python data structures - lists, tuples, and dictionaries to represent complex data.
- To explain input/output with files in Python.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Identification and solving of simple real life or scientific or technical problems, and developing flow charts for the same. (Electricity Billing, Retail shop billing, Sin series, weight of a motorbike, Weight of a steel bar, compute Electrical Current in Three Phase AC Circuit, etc.)
2. Python programming using simple statements and expressions (exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points).
3. Scientific problems using Conditionals and Iterative loops. (Number series, Number Patterns, pyramid pattern)
4. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Lists, Tuples. (Items present in a library/Components of a car/ Materials required for construction of a building –operations of list & tuples)
5. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Sets, Dictionaries. (Language, components of an automobile, Elements of a civil structure, etc.,- operations of Sets & Dictionaries)
6. Implementing programs using Functions. (Factorial, largest number in a list, area of shape)
7. Implementing programs using Strings. (reverse, palindrome, character count, replacing characters)
8. Implementing programs using written modules and Python Standard Libraries (pandas, numpy, Matplotlib, scipy)
9. Implementing real-time/technical applications using File handling. (copy from one file to another, word count, longest word)
10. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Exception handling. (divide by zero error, voter's age validity, student mark range validation)
11. Exploring Pygame tool.
12. Developing a game activity using Pygame like bouncing ball, car race etc.,

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able to

CO1:Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational Problems

CO2: Illustrate and execute basic Python programs using simple statements.

CO3: Build program for scientific problems using strings, functions and control statements.

CO4: Utilize compound data types lists, tuples and dictionaries for real-time applications.

CO5: Experiment the python packages, files and exceptions for developing software applications

21PC101	PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY LABORATORY (Common to all B.E./B.Tech. Programmes)	L	T	P	C
		0	0	4	2
PHYSICS LABORATORY					
COURSE OBJECTIVES: • To explain the proper use of various kinds of physics laboratory equipment. • To extend how data can be collected, presented and interpreted in a clear and concise manner. • To infer problem solving skills related to physics principles and interpretation of experimental data. • To summarize error in experimental measurements and techniques used to minimize such error. • To translate the student as an active participant in each part of all lab exercises.					
LIST OF EXPERIMENTS: (Any 7 Experiments) 1. Torsional pendulum - Determination of rigidity modulus of wire and moment of inertia of regular and irregular objects. 2. Simple harmonic oscillations of cantilever. 3. Non-uniform bending - Determination of Young's modulus 4. Uniform bending – Determination of Young's modulus 5. Laser- Determination of the wave length of the laser using grating 6. Air wedge - Determination of thickness of a thin sheet/wire 7. a) Optical fibre -Determination of Numerical Aperture and acceptance angle b) Compact disc- Determination of width of the groove using laser. 8. Acoustic grating- Determination of velocity of ultrasonic waves in liquids. 9. Ultrasonic interferometer – Determination of the velocity of sound and compressibility of liquids. 10. Post office box - Determination of Band gap of a semiconductor. 11. Photoelectric effect. 12. Michelson Interferometer. 13. Melde's string experiment. 14. Experiment with lattice dynamics kit.					
		TOTAL: 30 PERIODS			
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to CO1: Explain the functioning of various physics laboratory equipment CO2: Relate the graphical models to analyze laboratory data CO3: Interpret mathematical models as a medium for quantitative reasoning and describing physical reality. CO4: Explain Access, process and analyze scientific information. CO5: Translate students to solve problems individually and collaboratively					

REFERENCES: 1. “Physics Laboratory Manual”, Department of Physics, Velammal College of Engineering & Technology, Madurai (2021). 2. P. Mani, “Physics Laboratory”, Dhanam Publications, 2021.
CHEMISTRY LABORATORY
COURSE OBJECTIVES: • To inculcate experimental skills to test basic understanding of water quality parameters such as acidity, alkalinity, hardness, DO, chloride and copper. • To induce the students to familiarize with electro analytical techniques such as pH metry, potentiometry and conductometry in the determination of impurities in aqueous solutions. • To demonstrate the analysis of metals and alloys. • To demonstrate the synthesis of nanoparticles. • To analyze the quality of coal sample using proximate analysis.
LIST OF EXPERIMENTS: (Any 7 Experiments) 1. Preparation of Na_2CO_3 as a primary standard and estimation of acidity of a water sample using the primary standard. 2. Determination of types and amount of alkalinity in water sample. 3. Determination of total, temporary & permanent hardness of water by EDTA method. 4. Determination of DO content of water sample by Winkler’s method. 5. Determination of chloride content of water sample by Argentometric method. 6. Estimation of copper content of the given solution by Iodometry. 7. Estimation of TDS of a water sample by gravimetry. 8. Determination of strength of given hydrochloric acid using pH meter. 9. Determination of strength of acids in a mixture of acids using conductivity meter. 10. Conductometric titration of barium chloride against sodium sulphate. (precipitation titration) 11. Estimation of iron content of the given solution using potentiometer. 12. Estimation of sodium/ potassium present in water using flame photometer. 13. Preparation of nano particles (TiO_2/ ZnO/CuO) by Sol-Gel method. 14. Estimation of Nickel in steel. 15. Proximate analysis of Coal.
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to CO1: To analyse the quality of water samples with respect to their acidity, alkalinity, hardness and DO. CO2: To determine the amount of metal ions through volumetric and spectroscopic techniques. CO3: To analyse and determine the composition of alloys. CO4: To learn simple method of synthesis of nanoparticles. CO5: To quantitatively analyse the impurities in solution by electro analytical techniques.

REFERENCES :

1. J. Mendham, R. C. Denney, J.D. Barnes, M. Thomas and B. Sivasankar, “Vogel’s Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis” 2009.

SEMESTER – II

21EN102	ENGLISH-II (Common to all B.E./B.TECH. Programmes)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
• To develop strategies and skills to enhance their ability to read and comprehend engineering and technology texts. • To prepare and write convincing job applications and effective reports. • To demonstrate their speaking skills to make technical presentations and participate in group discussions. • To apply their Listening skill which will help them comprehend lectures and talks in their areas of specialization • To choose appropriate soft skills to suit the situation.					
UNIT I	INTRODUCTION TO TECHNICAL ENGLISH				9
Listening - Factual and Academic speeches; Speaking - Asking for and giving directions - Reading - Technical texts from - Newspapers /websites; Writing - Statements - Definitions - issue based writing instructions - Checklists - Recommendations; Vocabulary Development - technical vocabulary; Grammar - Error spotting - Compound words; Soft skills - Leadership Skills.					
UNIT II	READING AND STUDY SKILLS				9
Listening - Listening to longer technical talks and completing exercises based on them; Speaking - Describing a general process; Reading - Reading longer technical texts - Identifying the various transitions in a text - Paragraphing; Writing - Interpreting charts, graphs; Vocabulary Development - Vocabulary used in formal letters/emails and reports Grammar - Impersonal passive voice, numerical adjectives - Soft skills - Teamwork					
UNIT III	TECHNICAL WRITING AND GRAMMAR				9
Listening - Listening to classroom lectures, talks on engineering /technology; Speaking - introduction to technical presentations; Reading - longer texts both general and technical, practice in speed reading; Writing - Describing a technical process; Vocabulary Development - Sequence words - Misspelled words; Grammar - Embedded sentences ; Soft skills - Decision making					
UNIT IV	JOB APPLICATIONS				9
Listening - Listening to documentaries and making notes. Speaking - Mechanics of presentations; Reading - Reading for detailed comprehension; Writing - Email etiquette - job application - Cover Letter - Resume preparation(via email and hard copy) - Analytical essay writing - Vocabulary Development - finding suitable synonyms - paraphrasing; Grammar - clauses - If conditionals - Soft skills - Time Management					
UNIT V	GROUP DISCUSSION AND REPORT WRITING				9
Listening - TED talks; Speaking - Participating in a group discussion - Reading - Reading and understanding technical articles; Writing - Writing reports - Survey report, accident report and					

minutes of a meeting - Vocabulary Development - Verbal analogies; Grammar - reported speech; Soft skills - Conflict Resolution.	
	TOTAL: 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES : At the end of the course, learners will be able to: CO1: Interpret by reading information in technical texts. CO2: Choose appropriate language to write convincing job applications, resume and reports. CO3: Formulate the technical ideas effectively in spoken and written forms. CO4: Analyze and understand spoken language in lectures and talks. CO5: Demonstrate basic soft skills in life.	
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Board of Editors, Fluency in English-A Course book for Undergraduate Engineers and Technologist. Orient Blackswan Pvt Ltd, Hyderabad: 2018 2. Jawahar, Jewelcy & Rathna.P. Communicative English Workbook. VRB Publishers Pvt Ltd. Chennai. 2018. 3. Board of Editors, Department of English, Anna University, Chennai. Mindscapes-English for Technologists and Engineers. Orient Black Swan Pvt Ltd, Chennai, 2012.	
REFERENCES: 1. Verma, Shalini. Technical Communication for Engineers. Vikas Publishing House Pvt Ltd. New Delhi. 2015 2. Raman, Meenakshi & Sharma, Sangeeta. Technical Communication English Skills for Engineers. Oxford University Press. 2008. 3. Rizvi, Ashraf.M. Effective Technical Communication. MC Graw Hill Education Pvt Ltd. New Delhi. 2016.	

21MA103	SAMPLING TECHNIQUES AND NUMERICAL METHODS (Common to B.E. CSE,ECE & B.Tech.IT)	L	T	P	C
		3	2	0	4
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To describe the necessary basic concepts in probability - To explain the concept of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples which plays an important role in real life problems. - To use the basic concepts of classification of design of experiments. - To choose the method for solving algebraic and transcendental equations using numerical techniques. - To discuss the numerical techniques of interpolation in various intervals and numerical techniques of differentiation and integration which plays an important role in engineering and technology disciplines.					
UNIT I	PROBABILITY	12			
Introduction-Sample Spaces and Events-Axioms of Probability-Interpretations and Properties of Probabilities-Conditional Probabilities-Bayе's theorem- Independence.					
UNIT II	TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS	12			
Large sample test based on Normal distribution for single mean and difference of means – Tests based on t, χ^2 and F distributions for testing means and variances – Contingency table (Test for Independency) – Goodness of fit.					
UNIT III	DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS	12			
Introduction, aim, basic designs of experiments, one way and two way classifications - Completely randomized design – Randomized block design – Latin square design.					
UNIT IV	SOLUTION OF EQUATIONS AND EIGENVALUE PROBLEMS	12			
Newton Raphson method –Method of False position- pivoting – Gauss Jordan methods – Iterative method: Gauss Seidel – Matrix inversion by Gauss Jordan method – Eigen values of a matrix by power method.					
UNIT V	INTERPOLATION, NUMERICAL DIFFERENTIATION AND NUMERICAL INTEGRATION	12			
Lagrange's and Newton's divided difference interpolations – Newton's forward and backward difference interpolation – Approximation of derivatives using interpolation polynomials – Numerical integration using Trapezoidal and Simpson's 1/3 rules, 3/8 th rule.					
					TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able to

CO1: Apply the concepts of Probability in Engineering problems.

CO2: Explain the test of hypothesis for small and large samples by using various test like t-test, F-test, Z-test and χ^2 test.

CO3: Apply the basic concepts of classifications of design of experiments.

CO4: Solve the system of equations and the eigen value problems using iterative procedure.

CO5: Calculate the value of an unknown function at any interpolated point of the given tabulated values.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. JAY.L. Devore, "Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Science", 9th Edition, Cengage Learning, 2021.
2. Johnson. R.A., and Irwin Miller, John Freund, "Miller and Freund's Probability and Statistics for Engineers", 12th Edition, Pearson Education, Asia, 2011.
3. Gerald. C.F., and Wheatley. P.O. "Applied Numerical Analysis", 7th Edition, Pearson Education, Asia, New Delhi, 2008.

REFERENCES:

1. Walpole. R.E., Myers. R.H., Myers. S.L., and Ye. K., "Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", 8th Edition, Pearson Education, Asia, 2007.
2. Spiegel. M.R., Schiller. J., and Srinivasan. R.A., "Schaum's Outlines on Probability and Statistics", 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2012.
3. Chapra. S.C., and Canale. R.P, "Numerical Methods for Engineers", 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2007.
4. Grewal. B.S., and Grewal. J.S., "Numerical Methods in Engineering and Science", 9th Edition, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2007.

21PH103	PHYSICS FOR INFORMATION SCIENCE (Common to B. E. CSE & B. Tech. IT)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To infer the importance in studying electrical properties of materials. - To extend the students knowledge in semiconductor physics. - To illustrate knowledge on magnetic properties of materials. - To summarize different optical properties of materials, optical displays and applications. - To translate an idea of significance of nano structures, quantum confinement, ensuing nano device applications and quantum computing.					
UNIT I	ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS				9
Classical free electron theory - Expression for electrical conductivity - Thermal conductivity, expression - Wiedemann-Franz law - Success and failures -Electrons in metals - Particle in a three dimensional box -Degenerate states - Fermi- Dirac statistics - Density of energy states - Electron effective mass -Concept of hole.					
UNIT II	SEMICONDUCTOR PHYSICS				9
Intrinsic Semiconductors - Energy band diagram -Direct and indirect band gap semiconductors - Carrier concentration in intrinsic semiconductors - extrinsic semiconductors - Carrier concentration in n-type &p-type semiconductors - Variation of carrier concentration with temperature -Variation of Fermi level with temperature and impurity concentration - Carrier transport in Semiconductor: random motion, drift, mobility and diffusion - Hall effect and devices -Ohmic contacts - Schottky diode.					
UNIT III	MAGNETIC PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS				9
Magnetic dipole moment -Atomic magnetic moments- Magnetic permeability and susceptibility - Magnetic material classification: diamagnetism -Paramagnetism -Ferromagnetism - Antiferromagnetism -Ferrimagnetism - Ferromagnetism: origin and exchange interactionsaturation magnetization and Curie temperature - Domain Theory- M versus H behaviour - Hard and soft magnetic materials -Examples and uses- Magnetic principle in computer data storage -Magnetic hard disc (GMR sensor).					
UNIT IV	OPTICAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS				9
Classification of optical materials - carrier generation and recombination processes - Absorption emission and scattering of light in metals, insulators and semiconductors (concepts only) - photo current in a P-N diode - solar cell - LED - Organic LED - Laser diodes - Optical data storage techniques.					
UNIT V	NANODEVICES AND QUANTUM COMPUTING				9

Introduction - Quantum confinement -Quantum structures: quantum wells, wires and dots -Band gap of nanomaterials. Tunneling - Single electron phenomena: Coulomb blockade - Resonant- tunneling diode - single electron transistor - quantum cellular automata - Quantum system for information processing - quantum states - classical bits - quantum bits or qubits - CNOT gate - multiple qubits - quantum gates - advantage of quantum computing over classical computing (qualitative).	
	TOTAL: 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to: CO1: Demonstrate the classical and quantum electron theories, and energy band structures. CO2: Infer knowledge on basics of semiconductor physics and its applications in various devices. CO3: Summarize magnetic properties of materials and their applications in data storage. CO4: Extend the functioning of optical materials for optoelectronics CO5: Translate the basics of quantum structures towards quantum computing.	
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Jasprit Singh, “Semiconductor Devices Basic Principles”, 1st edition, Wiley (Indian Edition), 2007. 2. S.O. Kasap, “Principles of Electronic Materials and Devices”, 4th edition, McGraw-Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2020. 3. Parag K. Lala, “Quantum Computing: A Beginner’s Introduction”, 1st edition, McGraw-Hill Education (Indian Edition), 2020.	
REFERENCES 1. Charles Kittel, “Introduction to Solid State Physics”, 8th edition, Wiley, 2019. 2. Y.B.Band and Y.Avishai, “Quantum Mechanics with Applications to Nanotechnology and Information Science”, 1st edition, Academic Press, 2013. 3. V.V.Mitin, V.A. Kochelap and M.A.Stroscio, “Introduction to Nanoelectronics”, 1st edition, Cambridge Univ.Press, 2008. 4. G.W. Hanson, Fundamentals of Nanoelectronics, Pearson Education (Indian Edition) 2009. 5. B.Rogers, J.Adams and S.Pennathur,”Nanotechnology: Understanding Small Systems”, 3rd edition, CRC Press, 2014.	

21ME101	ENGINEERING GRAPHICS (Common to all B.E./B.Tech. Programmes)		L	T	P	C
			2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:						
- To sketch the projection of points, lines and planes. - To sketch the projection of simple solids - To sketch the projection of sectioned solids and development of lateral surfaces - To sketch the isometric and perspective views of simple solids. - To sketch the orthographic projection of various objects free handly.						
UNIT I	PROJECTIONS OF POINTS, LINES AND PLANE SURFACE					12
Importance of graphics in engineering applications – Use of drafting instruments - Lettering and dimensioning. Introduction to Orthographic projections - Principles -Principal planes-First angle projection. Projection of points located in all quadrants. Projection of straight lines inclined to both the principal planes - Determination of true lengths and true inclinations by rotating line method. Projection of planes (regular polygonal and circular surfaces) inclined to both the principal planes by rotating object method. (Not for Examination)						
UNIT II	PROJECTION OF SOLIDS					12
Projection of simple solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder, cone and truncated solids when the axis is inclined to one of the principal planes by rotating object method.						
UNIT III	PROJECTION OF SECTIONED SOLIDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES					12
Sectioning of above solids in simple vertical position when the cutting plane is inclined to the one of the principal planes and perpendicular to the other – obtaining true shape of section. Development of lateral surfaces of simple and sectioned solids – Prisms, pyramids cylinders and cones.						
UNIT IV	ISOMETRIC AND PERSPECTIVE PROJECTIONS					12
Principles of isometric projection – isometric scale –Isometric projections of simple solids and truncated solids - Prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones- Perspective projection of simple solids- Prisms, pyramids and cylinders by visual ray method .						
UNIT V	FREEHAND SKETCHING					12
Visualization concepts and Free Hand sketching: Visualization principles –Representation of Three Dimensional objects – Layout of views- Freehand sketching of multiple views from pictorial views of objects. Introduction to drafting packages and demonstration. (Not for examination).						
TOTAL: 60 PERIODS						
COURSE OUTCOMES:						
At the end of the course, learners will be able to CO1: Construct the orthographic projections of points, straight lines and plane surfaces. CO2: Sketch the orthographic projections of simple solids.						

CO3: Sketch the orthographic projections of sectional solids and lateral surfaces of the solids.
CO4: Construct the isometric projections and perspective projections of simple solids.
CO5: Sketch the orthographic projection of objects using freehand.
TEXT BOOKS:
1. Natarajan K.V., “A text book of Engineering Graphics”, 31 st Edition, Dhanalakshmi Publishers, Chennai, 2018.
2. Venugopal K. and Prabhu Raja V., “Engineering Graphics”, 15 th Edition, New Age International (P) Limited, 2018.
3. Bhatt N.D. and Panchal V.M., “Engineering Drawing”, 53 rd Edition, Charotar Publishing House, 2014.
REFERENCES:
1. Basant Agarwal and Agarwal C.M., “Engineering Drawing”, 2 nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2013.
2. Parthasarathy N. S. and Vela Murali, “Engineering Graphics”, 2 nd Edition, Oxford University, Press, New Delhi, 2015.
3. Shah M.B., and Rana B.C., “Engineering Drawing”, 2 nd Edition, Pearson, 2009.

21CS103	PROGRAMMING IN C (Common to B. E. CSE & B. Tech. IT)			L	T	P	C
				3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:							
• To demonstrate the fundamentals of C programming. • To describe the reusable modules (collections of function). • To examine code, document, test, and implement a well-structured program using the C. • To use the C programming concepts in trivial problem solving. • To develop logics which will help them to create programs, applications in C.							
UNIT-I	BASICS OF C PROGRAMMING						9
Introduction to programming paradigms – Applications of C Language - Structure of C program - C programming: Data Types - Constants – Enumeration Constants - Keywords – Operators: Precedence and Associativity - Expressions - Input/Output statements, Assignment statements – Decision making statements - Switch statement - Looping statements – Pre-processor directives - Compilation process							
UNIT-II	ARRAYS AND STRINGS						9
Introduction to Arrays: Declaration, Initialization – One dimensional array – Two dimensional arrays - String operations: length, compare, concatenate, copy – Selection sort, linear and binary search.							
UNIT-III	FUNCTIONS AND POINTERS						9
Modular programming - Function prototype, function definition, function call, Built-in functions (string functions, math functions) – Recursion, Binary Search using recursive functions – Pointers – Pointer operators – Pointer arithmetic – Arrays and pointers – Array of pointers – Parameter passing: Pass by value, Pass by reference							
UNIT-IV	STRUCTURES AND UNION						9
Structure - Nested structures – Pointer and Structures – Array of structures – Self-referential structures – Dynamic memory allocation - Singly linked list – typedef – Union - Storage classes and Visibility							
UNIT-V	FILE PROCESSING						9
Files –Defining and Opening a file, closing a file– input/output operations on files– error handling during I/O operations– random access to files–Command Line Arguments.							
TOTAL:45 PERIODS							
COURSE OUTCOMES							
At end of the course, learners will be able to:							
CO1: Develop simple applications using basic C components.							
CO2: Solve applications adopting array and string concepts.							
CO3: Construct and implement applications in C using functions and pointers.							
CO4: Prepare applications in C by employing structure and union concepts.							
CO5: Build applications using sequential and random access file processing.							

TEXT BOOKS:

1. ReemaThareja, “Programming in C”, Oxford University Press, 2ndEdition, 2016.
2. Kernighan, B.W and Ritchie,D.M, “The C Programming language”, 2ndEdition, Pearson Education, 2015.
3. Anita Goel and Ajay Mittal, “Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C”, 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2013

REFERENCES:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, “C How to Program with an Introduction to C++”, Eighth edition, Pearson Education, 2018.
2. YashwantKanetkar, Let us C, 17th Edition, BPB Publications, 2020.
3. Byron S. Gottfried, “Schaum’s Outline of Theory and Problems of Programming with C”, McGraw-Hill Education, 1996.
4. PradipDey, Manas Ghosh, “Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C”, Second Edition, Oxford University Press, 2013.

21CH103	ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE (Common to all B.E./B.Tech. Programmes)		L	T	P	C
			2	0	0	2
COURSE OBJECTIVES:						
- To describe the structure and function of an ecosystem and biodiversity - To interpret the environmental impacts of natural resources. - To demonstrate causes, effects and control measures of different types of pollution. - To manipulate the importance of disaster management, environmental ethics and values. - To dramatize the important social issues and sustainable practices.						
UNIT-I	ENVIRONMENT, ECOSYSTEM AND BIODIVERSITY					6
Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies - ecosystem- general structure and function of an ecosystem- ecological succession-biodiversity-types-values of biodiversity- endangered and endemic species-red data book- hot spots of biodiversity-criteria- hot spots in India-threats to biodiversity(man-animal conflicts, habitat loss, poaching)-case studies-conservation of biodiversity-in-situ and ex-situ conservation.						
UNIT-II	NATURAL RESOURCES AND ITS ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS					6
Natural resources-forest resource-ecological functions – causes, effects and control measures of deforestation-water resource-sources-conflict over water-dams benefits and problems-food resource-overgrazing- impacts of over grazing- impacts of modern agriculture-energy resource-environmental impacts of wind mills and solar panels- role of an individual in conservation of natural resources.						
UNIT III	ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION AND CONTROL					6
Air pollution-causes, effects and control methods - water pollution- causes, effects-waste water treatment-soil pollution-causes, effects-solid waste management-e-waste- causes, effects and management-Pollution control acts-air(prevention and control of pollution) act,1981- water(prevention and control of pollution) act,1974- wildlife (protection) act,1972 - e-waste management rules,2016-case studies - role of an individual in control of pollution.						
UNIT IV	DISASTER MANAGEMENT AND ENVIRONMENTAL ETHICS					6
Disaster management-causes, effects and management of- flood, landslide, earthquake and tsunami- case studies- environmental ethics- value education-traditional value systems in India-water conservation-rain water harvesting-watershed management.						
UNIT V	SOCIAL ISSUES AND SUSTAINABLE PRACTICES					6
Unsustainable development- social issues-climate change-causes, effects and control measures-global warming-causes, effects and control measures-Acid rain-causes, effects and control measures-ozone layer depletion-causes, effects and control measures-nuclear accident and holocausts-EIA- Sustainable development-goals-target- green buildings- ISO 14000 series.						
					TOTAL: 30 PERIODS	
COURSE OUTCOMES:						
At the end of the course, learners will be able to						

CO 1: Explain the concept, structure and function of an ecosystem and biodiversity.

CO2: Demonstrate the environmental impacts of natural resources.

CO 3: Illustrate the suitable management method for pollution control.

CO 4: Relate the proper way of managing disaster with environmental ethics.

CO 5: Apply social issues and adopt suitable sustainable practices.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kaushik, A & Kaushik. C.P, “Environmental Science and Engineering”, 6th Edition, New Age International, 2018.
2. Garg S.K & Garg, Ecological and Environmental studies, Khanna Publishers, 2015.
3. Wright & Nebel, Environmental science towards a sustainable future, 12th Edition, Prentice Hall of India Ltd, 2015.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. ErachBharucha, “Text book of Environmental studies for Undergraduate courses”, 3rd Edition, UGC, 2021.
2. Ravi P. Agrahari, Environmental ecology, Biodiversity, climatic change & Disaster management, 1st Edition, McGraw Hill, 2020
3. Benney Joseph, “Environmental Science and Engineering”, 1st Edition, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, 2017.

21EE104	BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING FOR INFORMATION SCIENCE (Common to B.E. CSE & B.Tech.IT)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To explain the basics of electric circuits and analysis. - To summarize the basics of working principles and application of AC and DC machines. - To interpret the domestic and industrial wiring. - To demonstrate analog devices and their characteristics. - To illustrate the application of operational amplifier.					
UNIT I	ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS	9			
DC Circuits: Circuit Components: Conductor, Resistor, Inductor, Capacitor – Ohm’s Law - Kirchhoff’s Laws– Simple problems- Nodal Analysis, Mesh analysis. Introduction to AC Circuits and Parameters: Waveforms, Average value, RMS Value, Instantaneous power, real power, reactive power and apparent power, power factor – (Simple problems only)					
UNIT II	ELECTRICAL MACHINES	9			
Construction and Working principle- DC Separately and Self excited Generators, EMF equation, Types and. Construction and Working Principle of DC motors, Back EMF equation, Types, Speed and Torque Equation, Transformer-Construction, Working principle and Three phase Alternator, Synchronous motor and Three Phase Induction Motor-construction, working principle and Applications(Qualitative Analysis)					
UNIT III	DOMESTIC AND INDUSTRIAL WIRING	9			
Lighting, provision of sockets-MCB- Selection of wires and cables-Protection-need for earthing, fuses, relay and circuit breakers. Load calculation, generation cost and Energy Tariff calculation for domestic and industrial loads- HT & LT wiring- Power factor correction.					
UNIT IV	ANALOG ELECTRONICS	9			
Resistor, Inductor and Capacitor in Electronic Circuits- Semiconductor Materials: Silicon &Germanium – PN Junction Diodes, Zener Diode –Characteristics Applications – Bipolar Junction Transistor-Biasing – Types, I-V Characteristics and Applications, Rectifier. (Qualitative Analysis)					
UNIT V	OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS AND ITS APPLICATIONS	9			
Operational amplifiers, Inverting and Non Inverting Amplifier, Summer, Differentiators, Integrator, Voltage to Current (V/I) and Current to Voltage (I/V) Converter, Multi vibrator using 555timer IC.					
					TOTAL: 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to					
CO1: Interpret the electric circuit parameters of simple DC Circuits.					
CO2: Explain the working principle and applications of DC machines.					
CO3: Demonstrate the working principle of AC machines.					
CO4: Describe the characteristics of analog electronic devices.					
CO5: Summarize the basic concepts of operational amplifiers.					

TEXT BOOKS

1. Bhattacharya.S.K “Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering”, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2017.
2. Sedha R.S., “A textbook book of Applied Electronics”, 3rd Edition, S. Chand & Co., 2008.
3. Salivahanan.S, Suresh Kumar. N, “Electronic Devices and Circuits”, 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill 2012.
4. Roy Choudhary.D, Sheil B. Jani, “Linear Integrated Circuits”, 5th Edition , New Ageinternational Pvt Ltd publishers, 2018.

REFERENCES

1. Kothari DP and Nagrath. I.J, “Basic Electrical Engineering”, 4th Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2019.
2. Albert Malvino, David Bates, “Electronic Principles”, 7th Edition, McGraw Hill Education; 2017.
3. Badriram, B.H.Vishwakarma, “Power system protection and switchgear”, 2nd Edition, New age international Pvt Ltd publishers, 2011.

21EM101	ENGINEERING PRACTICES LABORATORY (Common to all B.E / B.Tech. Programmes)	L	T	P	C
		0	0	4	2
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To draw pipe line plan; laying and connecting various pipe fittings used in common household plumbing work; Sawing; planing; making joints in wood materials used in common household wood work. - To demonstrate the basic switch board wiring, fluorescent lamp wiring and stair case wiring using various electrical components. - To choose various joints in steel plates using arc welding work and machining various simple processes like turning, drilling, tapping in parts - To build a tray out of metal sheet using sheet metal work. - To develop electronic circuit and testing for soldering and desoldering using PCB board.					
LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:					
GROUP – A (CIVIL & ELECTRICAL)					
PART – I					
CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICES					
PLUMBING WORK:					
- Connecting various basic pipe fittings like valves, taps, coupling, unions, reducers, elbows and other components which are commonly used in household. - Preparing plumbing line sketches. - Laying pipe connection to the suction side of a pump - Laying pipe connection to the delivery side of a pump. - Connecting pipes of different materials: Metal, plastic and flexible pipes used in household appliances.					
WOOD WORK:					
- Sawing, - Planning and Making joints like T-Joint, Cross lap and Dovetail joint.					
PART – II					
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES					
- Introduction to switches, fuses, indicators and lamps - Basic switch board wiring with lamp, fan and three pin socket - Staircase wiring - Fluorescent Lamp wiring with introduction to CFL and LED types. - Energy meter wiring and related calculations/ calibration - Study of Iron Box wiring and assembly - Study of Fan Regulator (Resistor type and Electronic type using Diac/Triac/quadrac) - Measurement of resistance to earth of an electrical equipment.					

GROUP – B (MECHANICAL & ELECTRONICS)	
PART III	
MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES	
WELDING WORK:	
• Welding of Butt Joints, Lap Joints, and Tee Joints using arc welding. • Practicing gas welding.	
BASIC MACHINING WORK:	
• Usage of Spanners and screw drivers • Facing and Turning. • Taper Turning	
ASSEMBLY WORK:	
• Assembling a centrifugal pump. • Assembling a household mixer. • Assembling an air conditioner.	
SHEET METAL WORK:	
• Making of a square tray	
FOUNDRY WORK:	
• Demonstrating basic foundry operations.	
PART IV	
ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING PRACTICES	
SOLDERING WORK:	
• Soldering simple electronic circuits and checking continuity.	
ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY AND TESTING WORK:	
• Assembling and testing electronic components on a small PCB.	
ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT STUDY:	
• Study elements of smart phone. • Assembly and dismantle of computer / laptop	
TOTAL: 60 PERIODS	
COURSE OUTCOMES:	
At the end of the course, learners will be able to CO1: Build various plumbing joints CO2: Develop various carpentry joints. CO3: Construct various wiring electrical joints in common household electrical wire work. CO4: Construct various welded joints, sheet metal and basic machining operations CO5: Develop the electronic circuit for soldering and testing using PCB board.	

21CS104	PROGRAMMING IN C LABORATORY (Common to B.E CSE&B.Tech IT)	L	T	P	C
		0	0	4	2
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
• To demonstrate the fundamentals of C programming • To describe the reusable modules (collections of function) • To examine code, document, test, and implement a well-structured program using the C • To use the C programming concepts in trivial problem solving. • To develop logics which will help them to create programs, applications in C.					
LIST OF EXPERIMENTS					
1. I/O statements, operators, expressions 2. decision-making constructs: if-else, goto, switch-case, break-continue 3. Loops: for, while, do-while 4. Arrays: 1D and 2D, Multi-dimensional arrays, traversal 5. Strings: operations 6. Functions: call, return, passing parameters by (value, reference), passing arrays to function. 7. Recursion 8. Pointers: Pointers to functions, Arrays, Strings, Pointers to Pointers, Array of Pointers 9. Structures: Nested Structures, Pointers to Structures, Arrays of Structures and Unions. 10. Files: reading and writing, File pointers, file operations, random access, processor directives. 11. Mini project.					
TOTAL :60 PERIODS					
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, the learners will be able to					
CO1: Develop simple applications using basic C components.					
CO2: Solve applications adopting array and string concepts.					
CO3: Construct and implement applications in C using functions and pointers.					
CO4: Prepare applications in C by employing structure and union concepts.					
CO5: Build applications using sequential and random access file processing.					

SEMESTER - III

21MA203	DISCRETE MATHEMATICS (Common to B.E. (CSE) / B.Tech.(IT)	L	T	P	C
		3	2	0	4
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To extend student’s logical and mathematical maturity and ability to deal with abstraction. - To discuss the basic concepts of Combinatorics. - To explain the students about the properties and characteristics of different graphs. - To demonstrate the applications of algebraic structures. - To identify the concepts and significance of lattices and Boolean algebra which are widely used in computer science and engineering.					
UNIT I	LOGIC AND PROOFS				12
Propositional logic – Propositional equivalences - Predicates and quantifiers – Nested quantifiers – Rules of inference - Introduction to proofs – Proof methods and strategy.					
UNIT II	COMBINATORICS				12
Mathematical induction – The pigeonhole principle – Permutations and combinations – Recurrence relations – Solving linear recurrence relations – Generating functions – Inclusion and exclusion principle and its applications					
UNIT III	GRAPHS				12
Graph terminology and special types of graphs – Matrix representation of graphs and graph isomorphism – Connectivity – Euler and Hamilton paths.					
UNIT IV	ALGEBRAIC STRUCTURES				12
Groups – Subgroups – Cyclic groups - Homomorphism – Normal subgroup and Cosets – Lagrange’s theorem – Definitions and examples of Rings and Fields.					
UNIT V	LATTICES AND BOOLEAN ALGEBRA				12
Partial ordering – Posets – Lattices as posets – Properties of lattices - Lattices as algebraic systems – Sub lattices – Some special lattices : Bounded, Modular, Distributive, complemented.					
					TOTAL: 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to					
CO1: Extend student’s logical and mathematical maturity and ability to deal with abstraction.					
CO2: Explain the basic concepts of Combinatorics.					
CO3: Make use of the concept of graph theory in computer science and engineering.					
CO4: Manipulate the applications of algebraic structures.					
CO5: Demonstrate the basic theorems and properties of Lattices and Boolean Algebra.					

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Rosen, K.H., "Discrete Mathematics and its Applications", 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Pub. Co. Ltd., New Delhi, 2011.
2. Tremblay J.P. &Manohar.R, "Discrete Mathematics Structures with Application to Computer Science", 1st Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publication Ltd., New Delhi, 30th reprint 2011.
3. Liu C.L, MohapatraD.P , "Elements of Discrete Mathematics: A computer oriented approach", 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Grimaldi.R.P., "Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics: An Applied Introduction", 4th Edition, Pearson Education Asia, Delhi, 2007.
2. Koshy, "Discrete Mathematics with Applications", 1st Edition, Elsevier Publications, 2006.
3. Bernard Kolman, Robert C Busby, Sharon Cutler Ross , "Discrete Mathematical Structures", 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 2015.

21EC201	DIGITAL PRINCIPLES AND SYSTEM DESIGN (Common to B.E ECE,B.E CSE &B.Tech.IT)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To apply the digital fundamentals, Boolean algebra and its applications in digital systems. - To model combinational digital circuits using logic gates. - To develop synchronous sequential circuits. - To solve asynchronous sequential circuits. - To summarize the various semiconductor memories.					
UNIT I	DIGITAL FUNDAMENTALS				9
Number systems – Decimal, Binary, Octal, Hexadecimal, 1's and 2's complements, Codes – Binary, BCD, Excess 3, Gray, Alphanumeric codes, Boolean theorems, Logic gates, Universal gates, Sum of products and product of sums, Minterms and Maxterms, Karnaugh map minimization, NAND and NOR implementations.					
UNIT II	COMBINATIONAL CIRCUIT DESIGN				9
Design of Half and Full adders, Half and Full subtractors, Binary parallel adder – Carry look ahead adder, BCD adder, Multiplexer, Demultiplexer, Magnitude comparator, Decoder, Encoder and Priority Encoder.					
UNIT III	SYNCHRONOUS SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS				9
Flip flops – SR, JK, T, D, Master / Slave FF – operation and excitation tables, Triggering of FF, Analysis and design of clocked sequential circuits – Design - state minimization, state assignment, circuit implementation – Design of Counters- Ripple counters, Ring counters, Shift registers and Universal shift register.					
UNIT IV	ASYNCHRONOUS SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS				9
Stable and Unstable states, output specifications, cycles and races, state reduction, race free assignments, Hazards, Essential Hazards, Design of Hazard free circuits.					
UNIT V	MEMORY DEVICES AND VERILOG PROGRAMMING				9
Basic memory structure – ROM -PROM – EPROM – EEPROM –EAPROM, RAM – static and dynamic RAM - Programmable Logic Devices – Programmable Logic Array (PLA) - Programmable Array Logic (PAL) – Field Programmable Gate Arrays (FPGA) - Implementation of combinational logic circuits using PLA, PAL. Design of half adder, full adder, flip flops and counters using Verilog.					
TOTAL:45 PERIODS					
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to					
CO1: Make use of minimization techniques to simplify Boolean algebraic equations.					
CO2: Build various combinational circuits using logic gates.					
CO3: Develop synchronous sequential circuits using flip flops.					
CO4: Build asynchronous sequential circuits using flip flops.					
CO5: Explain various semiconductor memories and programmable logic devices.					

TEXT BOOKS:

1. M. Morris R. Mano, Michael D. Ciletti, “Digital Design: With an Introduction to the Verilog HDL, VHDL, and SystemVerilog”, 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2017.
2. S.Salivahanan and S.Arivazhagan, “Digital Electronics”, 1st Edition, Vikas Publishing House pvt Ltd, 2012.
3. Soumitra Kumar Mandal, “Digital Electronics”, 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill Education Private Limited, 2016.

REFERENCES:

1. Charles H.Roth, “Fundamentals of Logic Design”, 6th Edition, Thomson Learning, 2013.
2. Thomas L. Floyd, “Digital Fundamentals”, 10th Edition, Pearson Education Inc, 2011
3. A.Anand Kumar, “Fundamentals of Digital Circuits”, 4th Edition, PHI Learning Private Limited, 2016.

21CS201	COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND ARCHITECTURE (Common to B.E./CSE/B.Tech.IT)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
• To explain the basic organization and operation of computer system. • To discuss the Arithmetic and logical unit. • To describe the building of data path with the basic concept of pipelining. • To illustrate the parallelism and multi-core processors. • To demonstrate hierarchical memory system and I/O technologies.					
UNIT-I	BASIC ORGANIZATION OF COMPUTER SYSTEM				9
Functional Units – Basic Operational Concepts – Performance – Instructions – operations and operands of a computer hardware– representing instructions – Logical operations – Decision making – Addressing and addressing modes.					
UNIT-II	ARITHMETIC FOR COMPUTERS				9
Addition and Subtraction – Multiplication – Division – Floating Point Representation – Floating Point Operations.					
UNIT-III	PROCESSOR AND CONTROL				9
Basic MIPS implementation – Building a Data path – Control Implementation scheme – Pipelining – Pipelined data path and control – Handling Data hazards & Control hazards – Exceptions.					
UNIT-IV	PARALLELISM				9
Parallel processing challenges – Flynn’s classification –SISD,MIMD, SIMD,SPMD - Hardware multithreading – Multi-core processors - Message-Passing Multiprocessors.					
UNIT-V	MEMORY AND I/O ORGANIZATION				9
Memory hierarchy – Memory technologies – Cache basics – Measuring and improving cache performance – Virtual memory – I/O Interface - Mode of Transfer - Programmed I/O, Interrupt – initiated I/O, DMA -Input/Output processors.					
TOTAL:45 PERIODS					
COURSE OUTCOMES					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to:					
CO1: Illustrate the basics structure of computers, operations and instructions.					
CO2: Build arithmetic and logic unit to perform the arithmetic operations.					
CO3: Utilize the data path to develop control unit.					
CO4: Identify multithreading techniques to achieve parallelism.					
CO5: Experiment with the performance of various memory and I/O technologies.					
TEXT BOOKS:					
1. David A. Patterson and John L. Hennessy, Computer Organization and Design: The Hardware/Software Interface, 5 th Edition, Morgan Kaufmann / Elsevier 2014.					
2. Morris Mano, —Computer System Architecture, 3 rd Edition, Prentice Hall of India,2017.					

3. John L. Hennessey and David A. Patterson, Computer Architecture – A Quantitative Approach, Morgan Kaufmann, 5th Edition, Elsevier Publishers, 2012.

REFERENCES:

1. William Stallings, Computer Organization and Architecture – Designing for Performance, 11th Edition, Pearson Education, 2019.
2. John P. Hayes, Computer Architecture and Organization, 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2012.
3. Govinda rajulu B, “Computer Organization and Architecture”2nd Edition , Tata McGraw Hill,2014.

21CS202	DATA STRUCTURES (Common to B.E.CSE/B.Tech.IT)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To explain the concepts of ADTs - To describe linear data structures like lists, stacks and queues - To illustrate nonlinear data structures like trees and graphs - To demonstrate advanced nonlinear data structures and hashing. - To develop skills to apply appropriate data structure concept in problem solving.					
UNIT-I	LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES – LIST	9			
Abstract Data Types (ADTs) – List ADT – Array-based implementation – Linked list implementation —Singly linked lists- Circularly linked lists- Doubly-linked lists – Applications of lists –Polynomial Manipulation – All operations (Insertion, Deletion, Merge, Traversal).					
UNIT-II	LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES – STACKS, QUEUES	9			
Stack ADT – Operations - Applications - Evaluating arithmetic expressions- Conversion of Infix to postfix expression - Queue ADT – Operations - Circular Queue – Priority Queue - deQue – applications of queues.					
UNIT-III	NON LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES – TREES	9			
Tree ADT – tree traversals - Binary Tree ADT – expression trees – applications of trees – binary search tree ADT –Threaded Binary Trees- AVL Trees – B-Tree - B+ Tree.					
UNIT-IV	ADVANCED NON LINEAR DATASTRUCTURES&HASHING	9			
Red-Black trees – Splay trees –Heap-Application of Heap-Binomial Heaps – Fibonacci Heaps. Hashing- Hash Functions – Separate Chaining – Open Addressing – Rehashing – Extendible Hashing.					
UNIT-V	NON LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES – GRAPHS	9			
Definition – Representation of Graph – Types of graph - Breadth-first traversal - Depth-first traversal – Topological Sort – Bi-connectivity – Cut vertex – Euler circuits – Applications of graphs.					
TOTAL:45 PERIODS					
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to CO1: Build abstract data types for linear data structures. CO2:Make use of the different linear data structures for problem solving. CO3: Select nonlinear tree data structures to resolve computing problems. CO4: Utilize advanced nonlinear data structure and hashing for solving problems. CO5: Infer data using graph structure and apply their algorithms for problem solving.					
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Mark Allen Weiss, —Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C, 2ndEdition, Pearson Education, 2010. 2. ReemaThareja, —Data Structures Using C, 2ndEdition , Oxford University Press, 2011					

3. Allen B Drowney “Think Data Structures” 1st Edition, O’Reilly, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, Susan Anderson-Freed, “Fundamentals of Data Structures in C”, 2nd Edition, University Press, 2008.
2. Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest and Clifford Stein, "Introduction to Algorithms", 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill, 2002.
3. Aho, Hopcroft and Ullman, “Data Structures and Algorithms”, Pearson Education, 2003.

21CS203	OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING (Common to B.E.CSE/B.Tech.IT)		L	T	P	C
			3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:						
- To describe basic java programming constructs, classes, methods and inheritance. - To develop application using exception handling concepts and strings - To demonstrate threading and I/O concepts in java applications - To illustrate generics and collections for solving programming problems. - To build interactive applications using java swings and database connectivity.						
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION TO OOPS AND JAVA					12
Basic OOPs concepts –Characteristics of Java- Data types , Variables and Arrays-Classes – constructors, methods – Inheritance- Packages –Abstract classes - Interfaces-InnerClasses						
UNIT-II	EXCEPTION HANDLING AND STRINGS					7
Exceptions - exception hierarchy - throwing and catching exceptions – built-in exceptions, creating own exceptions, Stack Trace Elements ,Object Class- Strings-String Comparison-String Methods-String buffer-String Tokenizer						
UNIT-III	MULTITHREADING AND INPUT/OUTPUT					8
Multi-threading Vs Multitasking-Java Thread model- Creating single and Multiple threads-Thread Methods- Synchronization- Inter thread Communication ,Input / Output Basics – Reading and Writing Console – Reading and Writing Files						
UNIT-IV	EVENT DRIVEN PROGRAMMING AND DATABASE CONNECTIVITY					9
Event handling Mechanisms-Event classes- Event Interfaces- Using Delegation event Model-Adapter classes- -Introduction to Swing –Swing Frames - Swing Components – Text Fields , Text Areas – Buttons- Check Boxes – Radio Buttons – Lists-Menus – layout management- Dialog Boxes-Connectivity to Databases- Drivers- DDL and DML operations						
UNIT-V	GENERIC AND COLLECTIONS					9
Generic Programming – Generic classes – generic methods – Bounded Types -Collections- Collection Interfaces-Collection Classes-Accessing a Collection – Arrays -ArrayList– Map HashMap						
TOTAL:45 PERIODS						
COURSE OUTCOMES:						
At the end of the course, learners will be able to						
CO1: Develop programs using basic java concepts.						
CO2: Prepare java applications employing exception handling and strings						
CO3: Construct java applications adopting thread and I/O concepts.						
CO4: Solve java programming problems by incorporating Generics and collections.						
CO5: Build GUI for java applications with database connectivity.						

TEXT BOOK:

1. Herbert Schildt, —Java The Complete Reference, 11th Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2019.
2. Paul Deitel, Harvey Deitel, —Java SE 8 for programmers!, 3rd Edition, Pearson, 2015.
3. Cay S. Horstmann, Gary Cornell, —Core Java Volume –I Fundamentals, 9th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2013.

REFERENCES:

1. DT Editorial Services, “Java 8 Programming Black book”, Dreamtech press, 2015.
2. Joshua Bloch, ”Effective Java”, 2nd Edition , Pearsons Education, 2016.
3. Allen B. Downey, Chris Mayfield, ”Think Java”, 2nd Edition, O’Reilly, 2017.

21EC213	ANALOG AND DIGITAL COMMUNICATION	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
● To study the analog communication techniques. ● To illustrate pulse and data communication techniques. ● To outline digital modulation techniques. ● To classify source and error control coding techniques. ● To explain multi-user radio communication principles.					
UNIT I	ANALOG COMMUNICATION				9
Introduction to Communication Systems - Modulation – Need for Modulation - Types – AM, DSBSC & VSB – Generation and Demodulation, Frequency and Phase Modulation – Modulation and Demodulation - Comparison of Analog Communication Systems (AM – FM – PM)					
UNIT II	PULSE AND DATA COMMUNICATION				9
Pulse Communication: Pulse Amplitude Modulation (PAM) – Pulse Time Modulation (PTM) – Pulse code Modulation (PCM) - Comparison of various Pulse Communication System (PAM – PTM – PCM).					
Data Communication: History of Data Communication - Standards Organizations for Data Communication- Data Communication Circuits - Data Communication Codes - Data communication Hardware - serial and parallel interfaces.					
UNIT III	DIGITAL COMMUNICATION				9
Amplitude Shift Keying (ASK) – Frequency Shift Keying (FSK)–Phase Shift Keying (PSK) – BPSK – QPSK – Quadrature Amplitude Modulation (QAM) – Comparison of various Digital Communication System (ASK – FSK – PSK – QAM).					
UNIT IV	SOURCE AND ERROR CONTROL CODING				9
Entropy , Source encoding theorem – Shannon, Fano coding, Huffman Coding, LZ Coding, Channel capacity, Error control coding – Linear Block codes, Cyclic codes and Convolution codes					
UNIT V	MULTI-USER RADIO COMMUNICATION				9
Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM) - Code division multiple access (CDMA) – Cellular Concept and Frequency Reuse - Channel Assignment and Handover Techniques - Overview of Multiple Access Schemes - Satellite Communication - Bluetooth.					
TOTAL: 45 PERIODS					
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to					
CO1: Apply analog communication techniques.					

CO2: Demonstrate pulse and data communication techniques
CO3: Explain digital communication techniques
CO4: Analyze Source and Error control coding
CO5: Describe multi user radio communication techniques
TEXT BOOKS:
1. H Taub, D L Schilling, G Saha, “Principles of Communication Systems”, 3rd Edition, TMH, 2007. 2. Simon Haykin, Michael Moher, “Introduction to Analog and Digital Communications”, 2nd Edition, John Wiley 2012. 3. B.P.Lathi, “Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems”, 4th Edition, Oxford University Press, 2011.
REFERENCES:
1. H P Hsu, Schaum Outline Series – “Analog and Digital Communications”, 2nd Edition TMH 2006. 2. B.Sklar, Digital Communications Fundamentals and Applications” 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2007. 3. A. Bruce Carlson & Paul B Crilly, “Communication Systems”, McGraw Hill, 4th Edition, 2009.

21EC212	DIGITAL SYSTEMS LABORATORY (Common to B.E. ECE,B.E. CSE &B.Tech.IT)	L	T	P	C
		0	0	4	2
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To explain the various basic logic gates. - To develop and implement the various combinational circuits. - To model and implement combinational circuits using MSI devices. - To build and implement sequential circuits. - To develop code using HDL programming.					
LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:					
- Verification of Boolean theorems using basic gates. - Design and implementation of combinational circuits using basic gates for arbitrary functions and code converters. - Design and implement Half/Full Adder and Subtractor. - Design and implement combinational circuits using MSI devices: 4 – bit binary adder / subtractor - Parity generator / checker - Magnitude comparator - Design and implement shift-registers. - Design and implement synchronous counters. - Design and implement asynchronous counters. - Coding combinational circuits using HDL. - Coding sequential circuits using HDL.					
TOTAL:60 PERIODS					
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of this course, learners will be able to					
CO1: Outline the basic working principles of logic gates.					
CO2: Build simplified combinational circuits using basic logic gates.					
CO3: Model combinational circuits using MSI devices.					
CO4: Develop sequential circuits like registers and counters.					
CO5: Solve combinational and sequential circuits using HDL.					

21CS204	DATA STRUCTURES LABORATORY (Common to B.E./CSE/B.Tech./IT)	L	T	P	C
		0	0	4	2
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To demonstrate linear and non-linear data structures and their implementations. - To describe the different operations of search trees. - To compare various techniques of hashing. - To illustrate graph traversal algorithms. - To develop applications using different data structures.					
List of Experiments					
- Implementation of Singly Linked List - Implementation of Doubly Linked List - Application of Linked List - Implementation of Stacks - Implementation of Queues - Application of Stack - Implementation of Tree Traversal - Implementation of Binary Search tree - Implementation of Balanced Tree - Create a hash table using open addressing with the following operations: - Implementation of Graph traversal Algorithms - Mini Project					
TOTAL :60 PERIODS					
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to					
CO1: Develop functions for implementing linear data structures.					
CO2: Make use of the different linear data structures for computational problem solving.					
CO3: Build functions for implementing nonlinear tree data structures.					
CO4: Choose appropriate hashing functions for collision free data storage and retrieval.					
CO5: Utilize graph structure for manipulating data and problem solving					

21CS205	OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LABORATORY (Common to B.E./CSE/B.Tech.IT)	L	T	P	C
		0	0	4	2
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To describe basic java programming constructs, classes, methods and inheritance. - To develop application using exception handling concepts and strings - To demonstrate threading and I/O concepts in java applications - To illustrate generics and collections for solving programming problems. - To build interactive applications using java swings and database connectivity					
LIST OF EXPERIMENTS					
- Arrays and Classes - Inheritance and Interfaces - Packages and Strings - Exception handling - Multithreading - Thread Synchronization - File I/O - Generic Programming - Collections - Event driven Programming - Database connectivity - Mini project					
TOTAL :60 PERIODS					
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to:					
CO1: Develop programs using basic java concepts.					
CO2: Prepare java applications employing exception handling and strings					
CO3: Construct java applications adopting thread and I/O concepts.					
CO4: Solve java programming problems by incorporating Generics and collections.					
CO5: Build GUI for java applications with database connectivity.					

SEMESTER – IV

21MA205	STOCHASTIC PROCESS AND ITS APPLICATIONS (Common to B.E. CSE & B.Tech. IT)	L	T	P	C
		3	2	0	4
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To discuss the basics of random variables with emphasis on the standard discrete and continuous distributions. - To explain the basic probability concepts with respect to two dimensional random variables - To make use of the basic concepts of random processes which are widely used in IT fields. - To experiment the significance of advanced queueing models. - To identify the required mathematical support in real life problems and develop probabilistic models which can be used in several areas of science and engineering.					
UNIT I	RANDOM VARIABLES	12			
Discrete and Continuous random variables-Moments-Moment Generating Function-Discrete Probability Distribution (Binomial , Poisson & Geometric) - Continuous Probability Distribution (Uniform, Exponential, Normal, Weibull& Gamma)					
UNIT II	TWO DIMENSIONAL RANDOM VARIABLES	12			
Joint Distributions-Marginal and Conditional Distributions-Covariance-Correlation and Linear Regression.					
UNIT III	RANDOM PROCESSES	12			
Classification – Stationary process – Markov process - Poisson process – Discrete parameter Markov chain – Chapman Kolmogorov equations – Limiting distributions.					
UNIT IV	QUEUEING MODELS	12			
Markovian queues – Birth and Death processes – Single and multiple server queueing models – Little’s formula - Queues with finite waiting rooms - Finite source models - M/G/1 queue – PollaczekKhinchin formula.					
UNIT V	NETWORKS, SERIES AND CYCLIC QUEUES	12			
Series queues - Open Jackson networks - Closed Jackson networks - cyclic queues - extension of Jackson networks – Non Jackson networks.					
					TOTAL: 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to CO1: Apply the basic concepts of Random variables and standard discrete and continuous distributions. CO2: Calculate the correlation and regression of two dimensional random variables. CO3 :Construct the functions of time when the probability measure is associated through random process.					

CO4: Develop the knowledge of various queueing models.

CO5: Solve the given network (open) problem using the suitable techniques.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Ibe. O.C., "Fundamentals of Applied Probability and Random Processes", 2nd Edition, Academic Press, 2014.
2. Gross. D. and Harris. C.M., "Fundamentals of Queueing Theory", 4th Edition, Wiley & Sons , 2004.
3. John.F.Shortle, James M.Thompson, Donald Gross "Fundamentals of Queueing Theory", 5th Edition ,Wiley Series, 2018.
4. Sheldon M.Ross, "Introduction to Probability Models". 11th Edition, Academic Press, 2014.

REFERENCES:

1. Robertazzi, "Computer Networks and Systems: Queueing Theory and performance evaluation", 3rd Edition, Springer, 2006.
2. Taha. H.A., "Operations Research", 8th Edition, Pearson Education, Asia, 2007.
3. Trivedi.K.S., "Probability and Statistics with Reliability, Queueing and Computer Science Applications", 2nd Edition, John Wiley and Sons, 2002.
4. Hwei Hsu, "Schaum's Outline of Theory and Problems of Probability, Random Variables and Random Processes", Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 2004.
5. Yates. R.D. and Goodman. D. J., "Probability and Stochastic Processes", 2nd Edition, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.,Bangalore, 2012.

21CS206	DATA BASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (Common to B.E./CSE/B.Tech.IT)			L	T	P	C
				3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:							
- To explain the fundamentals of data models and to represent a database system. - To describe the internal storage structures using different file and indexing techniques which will help in physical DB design. - To illustrate the fundamental concepts of transaction processing- concurrency control techniques and recovery procedures. - To demonstrate Storage and Query processing Techniques. - To develop a solutions to the real time problems using NoSQL.							
UNIT I	RELATIONAL DATABASES						9
Purpose of Database System – Views of data – Data Models – Database System Architecture – Introduction to relational databases – Relational Model – Keys – Relational Algebra – SQL fundamentals – Advanced SQL features – PL/SQL, Triggers, Embedded SQL– Dynamic SQL.							
UNIT II	DATABASE DESIGN						9
Entity-Relationship model – E-R Diagrams – Enhanced-ER Model – ER-to-Relational Mapping – Functional Dependencies – Non-loss Decomposition – First, Second, Third Normal Forms, Dependency Preservation – Boyce/Codd Normal Form – Multi-valued Dependencies and Fourth Normal Form – Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form							
UNIT III	TRANSACTIONS						9
Transaction Concepts – ACID Properties – Schedules – Serializability – Concurrency Control – Need for Concurrency – Locking Protocols – Two Phase Locking – Deadlock – Transaction Recovery - Save Points – Isolation Levels – SQL Facilities for Concurrency and Recovery.							
UNIT IV	IMPLEMENTATION TECHNIQUES						9
RAID – File Organization – Organization of Records in Files – Indexing and Hashing –Ordered Indices – B+ tree Index Files – B tree Index Files – Static Hashing – Dynamic Hashing – Query Processing Overview – Query optimization using Heuristics and Cost Estimation.							
UNIT V	NOSQL DATABASE						9
Introduction to NoSQL Database system – Classification of NoSQLDatabases : Graph databases – key – value stores – document stores – NoSQLvs SQL – Limitations of NoSQL – Mongo DB document model .							
TOTAL: 45 PERIODS							
COURSE OUTCOMES:							
At the end of the course, learners will be able to:							
CO1: Build and manipulate relational database using Structured Query Language and relational languages							
CO2: Prepare database using ER-Diagram for real time Applications.							
CO3:Make use of Normalization techniques to reduce cost due to redundancy constraints							

CO4: Illustrate different types of scheduling and recovery techniques for concurrent transactions
CO5: Construct data structures like indexes and hash tables for the fast retrieval of data and Validate the query evaluation plan

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, S. Sudharshan, —Database System Concepts, 6th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2011.
2. Ramez Elmasri, Shamkant B. Navathe, —Fundamentals of Database Systems, Pearson Education, 2011.
3. Raghu Ramakrishnan, —Database Management Systems, 4th Edition, McGraw-Hill College Publications, 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. C.J. Date, A. Kannan, S. Swamynathan, —An Introduction to Database Systems, 8th Edition, Pearson Education, 2006.
2. Elvis C Foster, “Database Systems-A pragmatic Approach” 2nd Edition, CRC Press, 2016
3. G.K. Gupta, “Database Management Systems, 1st Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2011.

21CS207	DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHM (Common to B.E./CSE/B.Tech.IT)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To describe about different types of computing problem algorithms and learn how to analyze its efficiency. - To explain how computing problems are solved using brute force and divide and conquer methods. - To demonstrate dynamic programming and greedy techniques for solving the problem. - To construct iterative improvement method for problem solving. - To illustrate backtracking, branch and bound techniques.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION	9			
Introduction to Algorithm – Fundamentals of Algorithmic Problem Solving – Important Problem Types – Fundamentals of the Analysis of Algorithmic Efficiency –Asymptotic Notations and Basic efficiency classes- - Mathematical analysis for Recursive and Non-Recursive algorithms-Example: Fibonacci Numbers					
UNIT-II	BRUTE FORCE AND DIVIDE-AND-CONQUER	9			
Brute Force: Selection sort and Bubble sort-Sequential search and String Matching - Closest-Pair and Convex-Hull Problems-Exhaustive Search: Travelling Salesman Problem-Knapsack Problem-Assignment problem. Divide and Conquer: Binary Search-Merge sort – Quick sort- Multiplication of Large Integers – Strassen’s Matrix Multiplication					
UNIT-III	DYNAMIC PROGRAMMING AND GREEDY TECHNIQUE	9			
Dynamic programming: Coin-row problem, Computing a Binomial Coefficient –The Knapsack problem and Memory functions- Optimal Binary Search Trees – Warshall’s and Floyd’s algorithm. Greedy Technique: -Dijkstra’s Algorithm - Huffman Trees and codes					
UNIT-IV	ITERATIVE IMPROVEMENT	9			
The Simplex Method - The Maximum-Flow Problem – Maximum Matching in Bipartite Graphs, Stable marriage Problem					
UNIT-V	BACKTRACKING AND BRANCH &BOUND	9			
Backtracking: n-Queen problem - Hamiltonian Circuit Problem – Subset Sum Problem. Branch and Bound: Assignment problem – Knapsack Problem – Travelling Salesman Problem – P,NP- Approximation Algorithms for NP-Hard Problems – Travelling Salesman problem – Knapsack problem					
TOTAL :45 PERIODS					
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to:					
CO1:Examine mathematically the notion of algorithm, asymptotic notations, and algorithmic efficiency with properties.					
CO2: Discover the efficiency of algorithms of time and space complexity using brute force and divide and conquer strategies.					

CO3: Inspect the time and space complexity of the algorithms designed using Dynamic Programming and Greedy techniques.
CO4: Identify various iterative improvement techniques for problem solving
CO5: Construct the best solution for the given problem using backtracking and Branch & Bound technique.
TEXT BOOKS: 1. AnanyLevitin, “Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms”, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2012. 2. Thomas H.Cormen, Charles E.Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest and Clifford Stein, “Introduction to Algorithms”, 3rd Edition, PHI Learning Private Limited, 2012. 3. Alfred V. Aho, John E. Hopcroft and Jeffrey D. Ullman, “Data Structures and Algorithms”, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, Reprint 2006.
REFERENCES: 1. S. Sridhar,” Design and Analysis of Algorithms” ,1st Edition, Oxford University Press,2015. 2. Chandra Mohan,” Design and Analysis of Algorithms” ,1st Edition, PHI Learning,2012. 3. R.Pannerselvam, Design and Analysis of Algorithms,2nd Edition, PHI Learning,2016.

21CS208	OPERATING SYSTEMS (Common to B.E.CSE/B.Tech.IT)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To describe the working of Assembler, Macro Processor, Loader and Linker. - To explain Scheduling algorithms and Synchronization. - To illustrate the concept of Deadlocks. - To distinguish various memory management schemes. - To demonstrate I/O management and File systems.					
UNIT-I	OVERVIEW OF SYSTEM SOFTWARE	9			
Assemblers & Macro Processors: Simple Assembly Scheme, Pass Structure of assemblers, Macro Definition and Call, Macro Expansion, Nested Macro Calls, Linkers and Loaders: Introduction, Relocation and linking Concepts and Types of Loaders.					
UNIT-II	OVERVIEW OF OPERATING SYSTEMS	9			
Introduction: Computer System Organization, Computer System Architecture,Operating System Operations. Operating System Structure: OS Services, System calls, Types of System Calls, Operating – System Structure, OS Generation and System Boot.					
UNIT-III	PROCESS MANAGEMENT AND DEADLOCK	9			
Process Management: Process Synchronization. CPU Scheduling: Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling Algorithms. Deadlock: System Model, Characterization, Deadlock Detection, Deadlock Prevention, Deadlock Avoidance, Deadlock Recovery.					
UNIT-IV	STORAGE MANAGEMENT	9			
Memory Management: Main Memory – Swapping, Contiguous Memory Allocation, Paging, Structure of the Page Tables, Segmentation. Virtual Memory: Demand paging, Page Replacement, Allocation, Thrashing; Allocating Kernel Memory, OS Examples.					
UNIT-V	FILE SYSTEMS AND I/O SYSTEMS	9			
Mass Storage System-Overview of Mass Storage Structure, Disk Structure, Disk Scheduling and Management, Swap-Space Management; File-System Interface-File Concept, Access Methods, Directory Structure, Directory Organization, File system mounting, File Sharing and Protection; File System Implementation-File System Structure, Directory Implementation, Allocation Methods, Free Space Management, Efficiency and Performance ,Recovery: I/O Systems –I/O Hardware, Application I/O Interface, Kernel I/O subsystem, Streams and Performance.					
TOTAL :45 PERIODS					
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to CO1: Examine the elements with various data structures used in development of language processors. CO2: Make use of process scheduling, deadlocks and synchronization concepts to develop solutions for multi-programmed environment.					

CO3: Compare and contrast various memory management schemes.

CO4: Discover the functionality of file systems and disk.

CO5: Distinguish various schemes for I/O Management and File Systems.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Leland L.Beck,” System Software - An Introduction to System Programming”, 3rdEdition, Pearson Education, 2011.
2. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin and Greg Gagne, “Operating System Concepts”, 9th Edition, John Wiley and Sons Inc., 2018.
3. William Stallings, “Operating Systems – Internals and Design Principles”, 7th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. D.M.Dhamdhare,” System Programming, Tata McGraw Hill”, 2ndRevised Edition, 2011.
2. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Albert S.WoodHull: Operating Systems, Design and Implementation, 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2012.
3. Remzi H. Arpaci-Dusseau, Andrea C. Arpaci-Dusseau,”Operating Systems-Three easy pieces”,2nd Edition,CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform,2020.

21IT201	COMPUTER NETWORKS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To outline the basic concepts of protocol layer and its function. - To identify the characteristics of data link layer. - To classify the functions of network layer and the various routing protocols. - To explain the protocols of the transport layer. - To infer the various protocols of the application layer.					
Unit-I	INTRODUCTION AND PHYSICAL LAYER				9
Networks – Network Types – Protocol Layering – TCP/IP Protocol suite – OSI Model –Physical Layer: Performance – Transmission media – Switching – Circuit-switched Networks – Packet Switching.					
Unit-II	DATA-LINK LAYER & MEDIA ACCESS				9
Introduction – Link-Layer Addressing – DLC Services – Data-Link Layer Protocols – HDLC– PPP - Media Access Control - Wired LANs: Ethernet - Wireless LANs – Introduction –IEEE 802.11, Bluetooth – Connecting Devices.					
Unit-III	NETWORK LAYER				9
Network Layer Services – Packet switching – Performance – IPV4 Addresses – Forwarding of IP Packets - Network Layer Protocols: IP, ICMP v4 – Unicast Routing Algorithms –Protocols – Multicasting Basics – IPV6 Addressing – IPV6 Protocol.					
Unit-IV	TRANSPORT LAYER				9
Introduction – Transport Layer Protocols – Services – Port Numbers – User Datagram Protocol – Transmission Control Protocol – SCTP.					
Unit-V	APPLICATION LAYER				9
WWW and HTTP – FTP – Email –Telnet –SSH – DNS – SNMP.					
TOTAL :45 PERIODS					
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to: CO1: Summarize the basic concepts of protocol layer and its function. CO2: Identify the characteristics of data link layer. CO3: Outline the functions of network layer. CO4: Interpret the various transport layer protocols in the network. CO5: Explain the various protocols of the application layer.					
Text Books: - Behrouz A. Forouzan, “Data Communications and Networking”, 5th edition TMH, 2017. - Larry L. Peterson, Bruce S. Davie, “Computer Networks: A Systems Approach”, 5th edition, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers Inc., 2012. - William Stallings, “Data and Computer Communications”, 10th edition, Pearson Education,					

2013.

Reference Books:

1. Nader F. Mir, “Computer and Communication Networks”, 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2014.
2. Ying-Dar Lin, Ren-Hung Hwang and Fred Baker, “Computer Networks: An Open Source Approach”, McGraw Hill Publisher, 2011.
3. James F. Kurose, Keith W. Ross, “Computer Networking, A Top-Down Approach Featuring the Internet”, 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2013.

21IT202	DESIGN THINKING AND PRODUCT INNOVATION	L	T	P	C
		2	0	0	1
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To explain the concept of design thinking for product and service development. - To summarize the fundamental concept of innovation and design thinking. - To identify the methods of implementing design thinking in the real world. - To make use of the strategic innovations in design thinking. - To develop and implement design thinking workshop.					
Unit-I	PROCESS OF DESIGN	6			
Understanding Design thinking - Shared model in team-based design – Theory and practice in Design thinking – Explore presentation signers across globe – MVP or Prototyping					
Unit-II	TOOLS FOR DESIGN THINKING	6			
Real-Time design interaction capture and analysis – Enabling efficient collaboration in digital space – Empathy for design – Collaboration in distributed Design.					
Unit-III	DESIGN THINKING IN IT	6			
Design Thinking to Business Process modelling – Agile in Virtual collaboration environment – Scenario based Prototyping					
Unit-IV	DT FOR STRATEGIC INNOVATIONS	6			
Growth – Story telling representation – Strategic Foresight - Change – Sense Making - Maintenance Relevance – Value redefinition - Extreme Competition – experience design - Standardization – Humanization - Creative Culture – Rapid prototyping, Strategy and Organization – Business Model design.					
Unit-V	DESIGN THINKING WORKSHOP	6			
Design Thinking Work shop Empathize, Design, Ideate, Prototype and Test.					
TOTAL : 30 PERIODS					
COURSE OUTCOMES					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to:					
CO1: Explain the various design process procedure.					
CO2: Infer the design ideas through different technique.					
CO3: Identify the significance of reverse Engineering to Understand products.					
CO4: Develop the technical drawing for design ideas.					
CO5: Model the ways to organise design thinking workshop.					
TEXT BOOKS:					
1. John.R.Karsnitz, Stephen O’Brien and John P. Hutchinson, “Engineering Design”, 2 nd edition, Cengage learning (International edition), 2013.					

2. Roger Martin, "The Design of Business: Why Design Thinking is the Next Competitive Advantage", 2nd edition, Harvard Business Press, 2009.
3. Hasso Plattner, Christoph Meinel and Larry Leifer (eds), "Design Thinking: Understand – Improve– Apply", 1st edition, Springer, 2011.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Yousef Haik and Tamer M. Shahin, "Engineering Design Process", 2nd edition, Cengage Learning, 2011.
2. Jeanne Liedtka, Andrew King and Kevin Bennett, "Solving Problems with Design Thinking - Ten Stories of What Works" 2nd edition, Columbia Business School Publisher, 2013.
3. Idris Mootee, "Design Thinking for Strategic Innovation: What They Can't Teach You at Business or Design School", 2nd edition, John Wiley & Sons 2013.

21CS210	DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS LABORATORY (Common to B.E.CSE/B.Tech.IT)	L	T	P	C
		0	0	4	2
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To explain data definitions and data manipulation commands - To illustrate the use of nested and join queries - To describe functions, procedures and procedural extensions of data bases - To make use of a front end tool - To construct the database applications					
LIST OF EXPERIMENTS					
1. Data Definition Language Commands					
2. Data Manipulation Language Commands					
3. Data Control Language Commands, Nested queries					
4.Set Operators and Join Queries					
5. Views, Sequences, Synonyms					
6. Database Programming using PL/SQL					
7. PL/SQL – Triggers					
8. PL/SQL – Functions					
9. PL/SQL – Procedures					
10. PL/SQL – Cursors					
11. Database Connectivity with Front End Tools					
12. Document database creation using Mongo DB					
13.Case Study using real life database applications					
TOTAL :60 PERIODS					
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will able to CO1: Use data definition language commands and declare and enforce integrity constraints on a database. CO2: Populate and query a database using simple SQL queries and complex SQL queries. CO3: Make use of database objects such as views, sequences and synonyms using SQL. CO4: Prepare database Triggers, stored procedures, stored functions and cursors using PL/SQL. CO5: Construct Mongo DBfor database creation.					

21CS211	OPERATING SYSTEMS LAB (Common to B.E./CSE/B.Tech.IT)	L	T	P	C
		0	0	4	2
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To describe the process involved in Assembler, Macro Processor, Loader and Linker. - To illustrate Process Creation and Inter Process Communication. - To demonstrate Deadlock Avoidance and Deadlock Detection Algorithms - To explain Page Replacement Algorithms - To discuss File Organization and File Allocation Strategies					
List of Experiments:					
- Implementation of Single Pass Assembler. - Implementation of Multi Pass Assembler. - Given the list of processes, their CPU burst times, display/print the Gantt chart for FCFS and SJF. For each of the scheduling policies, compute and print the average waiting time and average turnaround time. - Given the list of processes, their CPU burst times display/print the Gantt chart for Priority and Round robin. For each of the scheduling policies, compute and print the average waiting time and average turnaround time. - Implement the Producer – Consumer problem using semaphores. - Developing Application using Inter Process Communication (using shared memory, pipes or message queues. - Implementation of Deadlock Avoidance using Bankers algorithm. - Implementation the following Memory Allocation Methods for fixed partition a) First Fit b) Worst Fit c) Best Fit - Implement the Paging Technique of Memory Management. - Implement the following Page Replacement Algorithms a) FIFO b) LRU c) Optimal - Implement the following File Allocation Strategies a) Sequential b) Indexed c) Linked - Implement Disk Management using Algorithms such as FCFS, SSTF, SCAN and C- SCAN.					
TOTAL: 60 PERIODS					
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to					
CO1: Develop the program on Assembler, Macro Processor, Loader and Linker					
CO2: Make use of Scheduling Algorithms such as FCFS, SJF, Priority and Round Robin to schedule a given set of processes.					

CO3: Utilize Banker's Algorithm for Deadlock avoidance.

CO4: Infer Solutions to Critical Section Problem using Semaphores.

CO5: Compare the performance of the various Memory management techniques.

SEMESTER- V

21IT301	FOUNDATIONS OF DATA SCIENCE	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
• To outline data preparatory and preprocessing steps. • To explain the statistical methods for data science. • To make use of the packages in Python for data science. • To summarize the regression techniques. • To utilize the visualization techniques for interpreting data.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION				9
Need for data science – benefits and uses – facets of data – data science process – setting the research goal – retrieving data – cleansing, integrating and transforming data – exploratory data analysis – build the models – presenting and building applications.					
UNIT-II	DESCRIBING DATA I				9
Frequency distributions – Outliers – relative frequency distributions – cumulative frequency distributions – frequency distributions for nominal data – interpreting distributions – graphs – averages – mode – median – mean – averages for qualitative and ranked data – describing variability – range – variance – standard deviation – degrees of freedom – inter quartile range – variability for qualitative and ranked data.					
UNIT-III	PYTHON FOR DATA HANDLING				9
Basics of Numpy arrays – aggregations – computations on arrays – comparisons, masks, Boolean logic – fancy indexing – structured arrays – data manipulation with Pandas – data indexing and selection – operating on data – missing data – hierarchical indexing – combining datasets – aggregation and grouping – pivot tables.					
UNIT-IV	DESCRIBING DATA II				9
Normal distributions – z scores – normal curve problems – finding proportions – finding scores – more about z scores – correlation – scatter plots – correlation coefficient for quantitative data – computational formula for correlation coefficient – regression – regression line – least squares regression line – standard error of estimate – interpretation of r2 – multiple regression equations – regression toward the mean.					
UNIT-V	PYTHON FOR DATA VISUALIZATION				9
Visualization with matplotlib – line plots – scatter plots – visualizing errors – density and contour plots – histograms, binnings and density – three dimensional plotting – geographic data – data analysis using statsmodels and seaborn – graph plotting using Plotly – interactive data visualization using Bokeh.					

	TOTAL: 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to CO1: Explain the methods for data inspecting and cleansing. CO2: Compare the statistical methods for data science. CO3: Make use of the packages in Python for data science. CO4: Outline the prediction techniques using regression models. CO5: Experiment with different visualization techniques.	
TEXT BOOKS: 1. John S. Witte and Robert S. Witte , “Statistics”, 11th edition, John Wiley and sons inc., 2021. 2. Jake VanderPlas, “Python Data Science Handbook”, 1st edition, O’Reilly, 2016. 3. David Cielen, Arno D. B. Meysman, and Mohamed Ali, “Introducing Data Science”, Manning Publications, 2016.	
REFERENCES: 1. Allen B. Downey, “Think Stats: Exploratory Data Analysis in Python”, 2nd edition, O’Reilly, 2015. 2. Allen B. Downey, “Think Stats: Probability and Statistics for Programmers”, 1st edition, Green Tea Press, 2011. 3. Avirm Blum, John Hopcroft and Ravindran kanan, “Foundations of Data Science”, Cambridge University press, 1st edition, 2020.	

21IT302	PRINCIPLES OF CLOUD COMPUTING	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To explain the fundamentals of cloud computing. - To summarize about various virtualization tools. - To infer about cloud data storage. - To outline the quality of services for cloud computing. - To build applications using various cloud computing frameworks.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION				9
Roots of cloud computing, Cloud characteristics, Deployment models - private, public, hybrid and community, Service models - SaaS, PaaS, IaaS, paaS, Challenges of cloud computing - security risks and threats, Microservices.					
UNIT-II	VIRTUALIZATION				9
Basics of Virtualization, Types of virtualization, Benefits, Provisioning and manageability, Migration, Emulation, Virtualization environment, Study on virtualization tool, Linux Container - Docker, Kubernetes, Serverless computing.					
UNIT-III	CLOUD DATA STORAGE				9
Storage system architecture, Storage as a Service, Cloud storage landscape, Hybrid storage networking technologies: NAS and SAN - Configuration, File System: GFS, HDFS, Programming Model: Map reduce paradigm and its applications, Bigtable+GFS, Hbase+HDFS+HIVE, Amazon Simple Storage Service (S3).					
UNIT-IV	QUALITY OF SERVICE				9
Interoperability, Scalability, SLA management: Types - Lifecycle - Automated policy management in cloud, Identity management, billing and accounting, Fault tolerance, API's to interact with cloud, secure access to cloud software services.					
UNIT-V	CLOUD COMPUTING FRAMEWORK				9
Amazon AWS, Microsoft Windows Azure, Google App Engine, OpenStack, Jelastic, iCloud, Live Mesh.					
					TOTAL : 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to:					
CO1: Explain the fundamentals of cloud computing.					
CO2: Outline about various virtualization tools.					
CO3: Experiment with various cloud storage techniques.					
CO4: Identify the different qualities of services.					
CO5: Make use of various cloud computing frameworks for implementing software applications.					
TEXT BOOKS:					
1. Ian Foster and Dennis B Gannon, "Cloud Computing for Science and Engineering", 1 st edition					

PHI Learning , 2019.

2. Rajkumar Buyya, James Broberg and Andrzej Goscinski, "Cloud Computing: Principles and Paradigms", 1st edition, A John Wiley and sons publications, 2011.
3. Mathew Portnoy, "Virtualization Essentials", 2nd edition, Sybex publications, 2016.

REFERENCES :

1. Thomas Erl, ZaighamMahmood and Ricardo Puttini, "Cloud Computing: Concepts, Technology and Architecture", Pearson Education, 2017.
2. Anthony T Velte, Toby J Velte and Robert Elsenpeter, "Cloud Computing – A Practical Approach", McGraw Hill education, 2017.
3. Kris Jamsa, "Cloud Computing: SaaS, PaaS, IaaS, Virtualization, Business Models, Mobile, Security, and More", 1st edition, Jones and Bartlett publishers, 2013.

21IT303	SOFTWARE ENGINEERING	L	T	P	C
		3	0	2	4
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To explain about various Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC) models. - To interpret how to elicit and formulate requirements. - To identify various tools for designing a software. - To plan test strategies for validating and verifying the developed software. - To make use of various software estimation techniques for forecasting the cost of development.					
UNIT-I	PRODUCT AND PROCESS	15			
The Nature of Software – The changing nature of Software – The Software Process – Process models – Prescriptive Process Models – Specialized Process Models – Agile Development – Extreme Programming (XP) – Other Agile Process Models. Suggested Activities : Study of various process models.					
UNIT-II	REQUIREMENTS ANALYSIS AND SPECIFICATION	15			
Requirements Analysis – Software Requirements – Requirements Engineering – Eliciting Requirements – Developing Use Cases – Building the Requirements Model – Negotiating and Validating Requirements. Suggested Activities : Preparation of Software Requirement Specification Document.					
UNIT-III	ANALYSIS AND DESIGN	15			
Requirements Modeling: Scenarios, Information, Analysis Classes – Scenario Based Modeling – Data Modeling – Class-Based Modeling – Flow Oriented Models – Behavioral Models. Design Process and Concepts – Design Model: Data Design Elements – Architectural Design – Component Level Design – Deployment Level Design – User Interface Design – Pattern-Based Design. Suggested Activities : Design and development using various CASE tools.					
UNIT-IV	SOFTWARE TESTING	15			
Software Testing Strategies – System Testing – Debugging – White Box Testing – Black Box Testing – Model Based Testing – Testing for Specialized Environments, Architectures and Applications – Testing Object-Oriented and Web Based Applications – User Interface Testing – Configuration Testing – Security Testing – Performance Testing. Suggested Activities : Generation of test cases for various white box and black box testing techniques.					
UNIT-V	SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT	15			
Software Project Management Concepts – Process and Project Metrics – Estimation for Software Projects – Project Scheduling – Risk Management – Software Configuration Management – Software					

Process Improvements (SPI) – The SPI Process – Capability Machine Model Integration (CMMI) – Other SPI Frameworks.	
Suggested Activities : Activity Planning in Software Project Management.	
	TOTAL : 75 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to: CO1: Summarize software engineering process models. CO2: Translate end-user requirements in to software requirements CO3: Make use of systematic approaches and diagnostic tools for developing end to end solutions. CO4: Experiment with different Software testing methods. CO5: Plan the cost of developing software and studying the risk associated with it.	
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Roger S. Pressman, “Software Engineering: A Practitioner’s Approach”, 8th edition, McGraw Hill International Edition, 2019. 2. Gopalaswamy Ramesh, "Managing Global Software Projects", 1st edition, Tata McGraw Hill Education , 2017. 3. Sagar Naik and Piyu Tripathy, “Software Testing and Quality Assurance Theory and Practice”, 2nd edition, Wiley publication, 2010.	
REFERENCES : 1. Erich Gamma, Richard Helm, Ralph Johnson and John Vlissides, “Design patterns: Elements of Reusable Object-Oriented Software”, 1st edition, Pearson education, 2015. 2. Martin Fowler, “UML Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Standard Object Modeling Language”, 3rd edition, Addison Wesley, 2003. 3. Royce walker , “Software Project Management”, 1st edition, Pearson India, 2004.	

21IT304	FOSS AND CLOUD LABORATORY	L	T	P	C
		0	0	4	2
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To develop applications using GNU Compiler Collection(GCC) - To make use of version control systems - To build web applications in cloud - To demonstrate parallel programming using Hadoop. - To apply new schedulers to simulate a cloud environment.					
LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:					
- Use gcc to compile c-programs. Split the programs to different modules and create an application using make command. - Use version control systems command to clone, commit, push, fetch, pull, checkout, reset, and delete repositories. - Install Virtualbox/VMware Workstation with different flavours of linux or windows OS on top of windows 7 or 8. - Install a C compiler in the virtual machine created using virtual box and execute Simple Programs - Install Google App Engine. Create hello world app and other simple web applications using python/java. - Use GAE launcher to launch the web applications. - Simulate a cloud scenario using CloudSim and run a scheduling algorithm that is not present in CloudSim. - Find a procedure to transfer the files from one virtual machine to another virtual machine. - Find a procedure to launch virtual machine using trystack (Online Openstack Demo Version) - Install Hadoop single node cluster and run simple applications like wordcount.					
HARDWARE/SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS					
- Dream Weaver or Equivalent, MySQL or Equivalent, Apache Server, WAMP/XAMPP. - Netbeans IDE or equivalent.					
					TOTAL: 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to					
CO1: Make use of virtualization tools such as Virtual Box, VMware work station.					
CO2: Build web application in a PaaS environment.					
CO3: Model a cloud environment to implement new schedulers.					
CO4: Utilize a generic cloud environment that can be used as a private cloud.					
CO5: Develop web applications and deploy them in a cloud based environment.					

SEMESTER- VI

21IT305	MOBILE COMPUTING	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: • To explain the basic concepts of mobile computing. • To outline the basics of mobile telecommunication systems. • To demonstrate the network layer protocols and Ad-Hoc networks. • To summarize the basis of transport and application layer protocols. • To make use of different mobile platforms and application development.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION	9			
Introduction to Mobile Computing – Generations of Mobile Communication Technologies- Multiplexing – Spread spectrum -MAC Protocols – Cellular Systems - GSM – Services & Architecture – Protocols Security – Handover – Security.					
UNIT-II	WIRELESS NETWORKS	9			
Wireless LANs–IEEE 802.11 Standard –Architecture –Services – GPRS, UMTS – LTE & 5G Network Basics - Wireless PANs – Blue Tooth-Wi-Fi –WiMAX.					
UNIT-III	MOBILE NETWORK LAYER	9			
Mobile IP –DHCP –Ad-Hoc–Proactive and Reactive Routing Protocols –Multicast Routing- Vehicular Ad Hoc networks (VANET) –MANET Vs VANET –Security.					
UNIT-IV	MOBILE TRANSPORT AND APPLICATION LAYER	9			
Mobile TCP– WAP – Architecture – WDP – WTLS – WTP –WSP – WAE – WTA Architecture – WML.					
UNIT-V	MOBILE PLATFORMS AND APPLICATIONS	9			
Mobile Device Operating Systems – Special Constraints & Requirements – Commercial Mobile Operating Systems – Software Development Kit: iOS, Android, BlackBerry, Windows Phone – MCommerce – Structure – Pros & Cons – Mobile Payment System – Security Issues.					
		TOTAL : 45 PERIODS			
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to: CO1: Explain the basics of mobile telecommunication systems. CO2: Illustrate the generations of telecommunication systems in wireless networks. CO3: Summarize the functionality of MAC, network layer and Identify a routing protocol for a given Ad hoc network. CO4: Explain the functionality of transport and application layers. CO5: Develop a mobile application using android/blackberry/ios/Windows SDK.					
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Jochen Schiller, “Mobile Communications”, 2nd edition, PHI Learning, 2003.					

2. Prasant Kumar Pattnaik and Rajib Mall, “Fundamentals of Mobile Computing”, 2nd edition, PHI Learning, New Delhi, 2015.
3. Alexander Kukushkin, “Introduction to Mobile Network Engineering”, John Wiley & Sons Ltd, 2018.

REFERENCES :

1. Dharma Prakash Agarwal, Qing and An Zeng, "Introduction to Wireless and Mobile systems", 3rd edition, Cengage Learning Publishing, 2010.
2. Uwe Hansmann, Lothar Merk, Martin S. Nicklons and Thomas Stober, “Principles of Mobile Computing”, 2nd edition, Springer, 2006.
3. William.C.Y. Lee, “Mobile Cellular Telecommunications-Analog and Digital Systems”, 2nd edition, Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 2006.

21IT306	FUNDAMENTALS OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To demonstrate the awareness of intelligent agents and problem solving using different search algorithms. - To interpret the use of different knowledge representation methods. - To make use of uncertain knowledge for planning and reasoning in AI applications. - To explain the basics of decision making. - To apply the knowledge of machine learning methods in AI applications.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION AND PROBLEM SOLVING	9			
Intelligent Agents. forward and backward, state-space, blind, heuristic, problem-reduction, A, A*, AO*, minimax, constraint propagation, neural, stochastic, and evolutionary search algorithms.					
UNIT-II	KNOWLEDGE REPRESENTATION AND REASONING	9			
Ontologies, foundations of knowledge representation and reasoning, representing and reasoning about objects, relations, events, actions, time, and space; predicate logic, situation calculus, description logics, reasoning with defaults, reasoning about knowledge.					
UNIT-III	PLANNING AND REASONING WITH UNCERTAIN KNOWLEDGE	9			
Planning as search, partial order planning, construction and use of planning graphs, probability, connection to logic, independence, Bayes rule, Bayesian networks, probabilistic inference.					
UNIT-IV	DECISION-MAKING	9			
Basics of utility theory, decision theory, sequential decision problems, elementary game theory.					
UNIT-V	MACHINE LEARNING AND KNOWLEDGE ACQUISITION	9			
Learning from memorization, examples, explanation, and exploration. learning nearest neighbour, naive Bayes, and decision tree classifiers, Q-learning for learning action policies, applications.					
					TOTAL : 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to:					
CO1: Explain the awareness of intelligent agents and problem solving using different search Algorithms.					
CO2: Outline the use of different knowledge representation methods					
CO3: Identify uncertain knowledge for planning and reasoning in AI applications					
CO4: Infer the basics of decision making.					
CO5: Build the knowledge of machine learning methods in AI applications.					
TEXT BOOKS:					
1. Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig, “Artificial Intelligence – A Modern Approach”, 4 th edition, Pearson Education, 2021.					
2. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight and Shivashankar B.Nair, “Artificial Intelligence”, 3 rd edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2009.					

3. George F. Luger, “Artificial Intelligence-Structures and Strategies for Complex Problem Solving”, 6th edition, Pearson Education, 2008.

REFERENCES :

1. Nils J. Nilsson, “Artificial Intelligence: A new Synthesis”, 1st edition, Harcourt Asia Pvt. Ltd., 2000.
2. David L. Poole and Alan K. Mackworth, “Artificial Intelligence: Foundations of Computational Agents”, 1st edition, Cambridge University Press, 2010.
3. Judith S. Hurwitz, Marcia Kaufman and Adrian Bowles, “Cognitive Computing and Big Data Analytics”, 1st edition, Wiley Publication, April 2015.

21IT307	INTERNET OF THINGS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	2	4
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To explain the fundamentals of Internet of Things (IoT). - To summarize the basics of IoT protocols. - To understand about IoT design and development. - To experiment with the knowledge about data analytics for IoT. - To apply the concept of Internet of Things in the real world scenario.					
UNIT I	FUNDAMENTALS OF IoT	15			
Internet of Things - Physical Design - Logical Design - IoT Enabling Technologies - IoT and M2M – M2M high-level ETSI architecture - IETF architecture for IoT - OGC architecture - IoT Reference Architecture.					
Suggested Activities:					
Familiarization with the concept of IOT, Arduino / Raspberry Pi and perform necessary software installation.					
UNIT II	IoT PROTOCOLS	15			
Protocol Standardization for IoT – Efforts – M2M and WSN Protocols – SCADA and RFID Protocols – Unified Data Standards – Protocols – IEEE 802.15.4 – BACNet Protocol – Modbus– Zigbee Architecture – Network layer – 6LowPAN – CoAP.					
Suggested Activities:					
Study of different operating systems for Raspberry Pi / Beagle board. Understanding the process of Os installation on Raspberry – Pi.					
UNIT III	IoT DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT	15			
Design Methodology – Embedded Computing Basics – Microcontrollers – Systems on Chips - IoT system Building Blocks - Arduino – Board Details, IDE Programming – Raspberry Pi Interfaces - Raspberry Pi with Python Programming.					
Suggested Activities:					
Study of Connectivity and Configuration of Raspberry-Pi circuit with basic peripherals, LEDs, Understanding GPIO and its use in program.					
UNIT IV	DATA ANALYTICS FOR IoT	15			
Data Analytics Overview and Challenges - Structured vs Unstructured Data - Data in Motion vs Data at Rest – Role of Machine Learning: Supervised Learning – Unsupervised Learning – Data Analytics Tools and Technology: NoSQL Databases – Hadoop - Apache Kafka, Apache Spark - Edge Streaming Analytics - Network Analytics – Chef - NETCONF-YANG.					
Suggested Activities:					
MySQL Database Installation in Raspberry Pi.					
UNIT V	CASE STUDIES / INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS	15			

Home Automation: Smart Lighting – Home Intrusion Detection – Smart Cities: Smart Parking - Smart Traffic Control – Environment: Weather Monitoring System – Air Pollution Monitoring – Forest Fire Detection – Agriculture: Smart Irrigation.	
Suggested Activities:	
• Mini projects for Industrial Applications.	
	TOTAL: 75 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:	
At the end of the course, learners will be able to	
CO1: Explain about the fundamentals of Internet of Things (IoT).	
CO2: Interpret the knowledge about the basics of IoT protocols.	
CO3: Summarize about IoT Design and Development.	
CO4: Experiment with the information using data analytics for IoT.	
CO5: Apply IoT in Real World Design Constraints.	
TEXT BOOK:	
1. David Hanes and Ganzalo Salgueiro, “IoT Fundamentals: Networking Technologies, Protocols and Use cases for Internet of Things”, 1st edition, Pearson education, 2017. 2. Adrain McEwen and Hakim Cassimally, “Designing the Internet of Things” , 1st edition, Wiley , 2014. 3. Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madiseti, “Internet of Things – A hands on approach”, 1st edition, University press , 2015.	
REFERENCES:	
1. Dieter Uckelmann, Mark Harrison and Michahelles, Florian (Eds), “Architecting the Internet of Things”, 1st edition, Springer, 2011. 2. Honbo Zhou, “The Internet of Things in the Cloud: A Middleware Perspective”, CRC Press, 1st edition, 2012. 3. Jan Holler, Vlasios Tsiatsis, Catherine Mulligan, Stamatis , Karnouskos, Stefan Avesand and David Boyle, "From Machine-to-Machine to the Internet of Things - Introduction to a New Age of Intelligence", 1st edition, Academic Press, Elsevier, 2014. 4. Olivier Hersent, David Boswarthick and Omar Elloumi, “The Internet of Things – Key applications and Protocols”, Wiley, 2nd edition, 2012.	

21EN301	PROFESSIONAL COMMUNICATION LABORATORY (Common to all B.E./B.Tech. Programmes)	L	T	P	C
		0	0	2	1
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To demonstrate communication skills that can lead to improved interpersonal relationships. - To plan to set and achieve goals with focus. - To organize themselves in work life to face the professional set up with confidence. - To interpret ideas and participate in group discussion with positive attitude. - To develop their confidence and help learners to attend interviews successfully.					
UNIT I	COMMUNICATION AND PROFESSIONAL ETIQUETTES				6
Importance and Types of Communication Verbal communication -Presentation skills- Non-Verbal communication - Personal Appearance, Posture, Gestures, Facial Expressions, Eye Contact and Space Distancing - Professional Etiquette					
UNIT II	GOAL SETTING AND MOTIVATION				6
Short term and Long term Goals- Strategies to set and achieve goals- Motivation					
UNIT III	TIME AND STRESS MANAGEMENT				6
Importance of Time - Time Management Skills - Sources of Stress - Managing Stress - Analysis of the Case Studies on time and stress management					
UNIT IV	GROUP DISCUSSIONS AND POSITIVE ATTITUDE				6
Group Discussions - Leadership Qualities - Decision Making - Problem Solving - Negotiation Skills - Positive Attitude					
UNIT V	RESUME MAKING AND INTERVIEW SKILLS				6
Preparing Resume - E - Resume - Covering Letter – Job Application through email - Career Portfolio - Types of Interviews - Mock Interviews					
					TOTAL: 30 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to:					
CO1: Demonstrate effective communication skills through presentations.					
CO2: Utilize their knowledge of motivation in setting and achieving goals.					
CO3: Examine time and stress management.					
CO4: Formulate their ideas into an effective communication in formal contexts.					
CO5: Develop a well-composed resume and face interviews confidently.					
TEXTBOOKS:					
1. Dhanavel S P, “English and Soft Skills”, First Edition , Orient BlackSwan Ltd, Hyderabad : 2012.					
2. Dr. Tobin Porterfield & Bob Graham ,“The 55 Soft Skills That Guide Employee and Organizational Success,” Mason – West Publishing House , (January 4, 2018)					
3. Prashant Sharma, “Soft Skills Personality Development for Life Success, “ BPB Publications, New Delhi, January 2018.					
REFERENCES:					
1. M. Ashraf Rizvi, “Effective Technical Communication,” Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd.					

New Delhi, 2016.

2. Mohan Krishna & Meera Banerji, “Developing Communication Skills,” First Edition, Trinity Press, 2017.
3. N. Krishnaswami& T. Sriraman, “Creative English for Communication,”Third edition, Laxmi Publications Private Limited, 2017.

SEMESTER - VII

21IT401	BIG DATA ENGINEERING (Common to B.E./CSE/B.Tech.IT)		L	T	P	C
			3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: • To explain the fundamentals of big data. • To develop simple Map Reduce applications. • To outline the concepts of data analytics. • To experiment with data models. • To demonstrate MongoDB architecture and its operations.						
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION					9
Big Data Overview, Evolution of Big Data, Definition of Big Data, Challenges with Big Data - State of practice in Analytics, Key roles for New Big Data Ecosystem, Data Analytics Lifecycle Overview, Examples for Big Data Analytics.						
UNIT-II	MAP REDUCE					9
HDFS Overview, Hadoop and Spark, Map Reduce Programming Basics, Analyzing the data with Hadoop: Java MapReduce - Developing Map Reduce Application.						
UNIT-III	DATA ANALYTICS					9
Map reduce solution: Market Basket Analysis, K-means Clustering, Naïve Bayes, Implementation in Spark - KNN Classification, Logistic Regression, streaming data analytics.						
UNIT-IV	TECHNOLOGY AND TOOLS					9
Hadoop Ecosystem: PIG - Data Storage: Value of Relational Databases – The emergence of NoSQL, Aggregate Data Models: Key value - Document Data Models - Column Family Stores - Hbase.						
UNIT-V	MONGODB					9
Introduction to MongoDB – Architecture – Schema Design and Modelling – CRUD operations - Integration of MongoDB with Hadoop and Data Migration MongoDB with Hadoop (MongoDB to Hive)						
			TOTAL :45 PERIODS			
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to: CO1: Outline the big data technologies used for storage, analysis and manipulation of data. CO2: Develop simple applications using Hadoop MapReduce framework. CO3: Outline the concepts of data analytics. CO4: Make use of technology and tools for data modeling. CO5: Explain the MongoDB architecture and its operations.						
TEXT BOOKS: 1. EMC Education services, "Data Science and Big Data Analytics: Discovering, Analyzing, Visualizing and Presenting Data", 2nd edition, John Wiley and Sons, 2015.						

2. Mahmoud Parsian, "Data Algorithms: Recipes for Scaling Up with Hadoop and Spark" , 1st edition, O`Reilly media Inc., 2015.
3. Kyle Banker, Peter Bakkum, et al., "MongoDB in Action, 2nd edition, Manning Publications, 2016.

REFERENCES :

1. Bart Baesens, "Analytics in a Big Data World: The Essential Guide to Data Science and its Applications", 1st edition, Wiley publications, 2014.
2. Pramod J. Sadalage and Martin Fowler, "NoSQL Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Emerging World of Polyglot Persistence", 1st edition, Addison Wesley, 2013.
3. Tom White, "Hadoop: The Definitive Guide", 4th edition, O`Reilly, USA, 2015.
4. Wes McKinney, "Python for Data Analysis: Data Wrangling with Pandas, NumPy, and IPython", O`Reilly Media, 2017.

21IT402	SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: • To identify project planning and evaluation techniques for managing software projects. • To illustrate how to manage projects at each stage of the Software Development Life Cycle. • To experiment with activity planning and risk management principles for managing software projects. • To plan the development of software projects and control software deliverables. • To explain the staffing pattern in software projects.					
UNIT-I	PROJECT EVALUATION AND PROJECT PLANNING				9
Importance of Software Project Management – Activities Methodologies – Categorization of Software Projects– Setting objectives – Management Principles – Management Control – Project portfolio Management – Cost benefit evaluation technology – Risk evaluation – Strategic program Management – Stepwise Project Planning.					
UNIT-II	PROJECT LIFE CYCLE AND EFFORT ESTIMATION				9
Software process and Process Models – Choice of Process models – mental delivery– Rapid Application development – Agile methods – Extreme Programming – SCRUM – Managing interactive processes – Basics of Software estimation – Effort and Cost estimation techniques – COSMIC Full function points – COCOMO II A Parametric Productivity Model – Staffing Pattern.					
UNIT-III	ACTIVITY PLANNING AND RISK MANAGEMENT				9
Objectives of Activity planning – Project schedules – Activities – Sequencing and scheduling – Network Planning models – Forward Pass & Backward Pass techniques – Critical path (CRM) method – Risk identification – Assessment – Monitoring – PERT technique – Monte Carlo simulation – Resource Allocation – Creation of critical patterns – Cost schedules.					
UNIT-IV	PROJECT MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL				9
Framework for Management and control – Collection of data Project termination – Visualizing progress – Cost monitoring – Earned Value Analysis- Project tracking – Change control- Software Configuration Management – Managing contracts – Contract Management.					
UNIT-V	STAFFING IN SOFTWARE PROJECTS				9
Managing people – Organizational behavior – Best methods of staff selection – Motivation – The Oldham- Hackman job characteristic model – Ethical and Programmed concerns – Working in teams – Decision making – Team structures – Virtual teams – Communications genres – Communication plans.					
					TOTAL : 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to: CO1: Plan for project evaluation using basic principles.					

CO2: Summarize about project life cycle and effort estimation.

CO3: Build activity diagram to determine project duration.

CO4: Construct various reporting structure for monitoring the progress of project.

CO5: Explain the staffing pattern in software projects.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Bob Hughes, Mike Cotterell and Rajib Mall, "Software Project Management", 6th edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2005.
2. Gopalaswamy Ramesh, "Managing Global Software Projects", 1st edition, Tata McGraw Hill Education, 2017.
3. Dimitre Dimitrov, "Software Project Estimation", 1st edition, Apress publications, 2020.

REFERENCES :

1. Walker Royce, "Software Project Management- A unified framework", 6th edition, Addison- Wesley, 2000.
2. Pankaj Jalote, "Software Project Management in Practice", 1st edition, Addison- Wesley, 2002.
3. Ashfaq Ahmed, "Software Project Management: A Process-Driven Approach", 1st edition, CRC press, 2012.

VERTICAL 1- DATA SCIENCE

21PCS01	DATA SCIENCE AND BIG DATA ANALYTICS	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To illustrate the data science process and mathematics required for data science. - To demonstrate Python programming for data analytics. - To develop knowledge on analytic tools. - To experiment NoSQL database. - To choose the techniques for big data analytics.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION TO DATA SCIENCE				6 +6
Data Science - Related Terminologies - Types of Analytics - Applications of Data Science - Data Science Process Model – Data Exploration - Mathematical preliminaries for Data Science: Probability – Statistics - Linear Algebra.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: - Case study-1: Outlier analysis on real-time data using probability and statistics. - Case study-2: Application of linear algebra in dimensionality reduction, correlation analysis and regression analysis of real-world data.					
UNIT-II	DATA ANALYTICS USING PYTHON				6 +6
Introduction to Python- Data types and basic operators – Environment setup and essentials – Python libraries: NUMPY for mathematical essentials –Data manipulation using PANDAS – Data visualization by MATPLOTLIB.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: - Data pre-processing using PYTHON. - Visualizing statistical analysis using PYTHON.					
UNIT-III	DATA ANALYTICS – TECHNOLOGY AND TOOL				6 +6
Map Reduce and Hadoop - Hadoop Framework, Understanding Map Reduce functions Analytics of Unstructured Data, Hadoop Eco System: PIG, HIVE, HBASE.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: - K-means clustering using Map Reduce. - Setting up single node cluster in Hadoop to run word count application.					
UNIT-IV	NOSQL DATA MANAGEMENT FOR BIG DATA				6+6
Introduction to NoSQL –RDBMS vsMongoDB - MongoDB: Introduction - Data types - MongoDB Query Language: Creating - Updating and deleting documents – Querying.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Creating and manipulating NOSQL database using MongoDB.					
UNIT-V	TECHNIQUES FOR ANALYTICS				6+6
Defining big data analytics -Visual data analysis - Analytics techniques for decision making: Descriptive - Diagnostics - Predictive - Prescriptive–Case studies: Sentiment analysis - Health					

Care – Finance.	
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:	
• Prescriptive analysis on health care data using PYTHON. • Predictive analysis on finance using PYTHON.	
	TOTAL : 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES	
At end of the course, learners will be able to:	
CO1: Utilize probability, statistics and linear algebra for data science process and data exploration.	
CO2: Make use of PYTHON for statistical data analytics on real world data applications.	
CO3: Utilize Hadoop and Map Reduce technologies for huge data storage and management.	
CO4: Experiment the NoSQL database using MongoDB.	
CO5: Examine the variants of data analytic techniques to analyze the data of various domains.	
TEXT BOOKS:	
1. B. Uma Maheswari, R. Sujatha, “Introduction to Data Science: Practical Approach with R and Python”, 1 st Edition, Wiley, 2021.	
2. Wes McKinney, “Python for Data Analysis Data Wrangling with Pandas, NumPy, and IPython”, 2 nd Edition, O’Reilly Media, Inc, 2017.	
3. Rafael A. Irizarry, “Introduction to Data Science Data Analysis and Prediction Algorithms with R”, 1 st Edition, Chapman & Hall, 2020.	
REFERENCES:	
1. Raj Kamal and Preeti Saxena, “Big Data Analytics, Introduction to Hadoop, Spark, and Machine-Learning”, 1 st Edition, TMH, 2019.	
2. Steven S. Skiena, “The Data Science Design Manual”, Springer, 2017.	
3. EMC Education Services, “Data Science and Big Data Analytics: Discovering, Analyzing, Visualizing and Presenting Data”, 1 st Edition, Wiley Publishers, 2015.	

21PCS02	EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
• To describe the methods and characteristics of data. • To identify the relationship and groups among data. • To demonstrate the characteristics of the data through statistical analysis. • To summarize the concepts of building models from data. • To examine and analyze the real time data.					
UNIT-I	EXPLORING AND UNDERSTANDING DATA				6+6
Introduction: Sources of data – Process for making sense of data - Describing data: Variable types – Distribution of data – Hypothesis test – Preparing data tables: Cleaning the data – data type conversion – Combining variables – Unstructured data.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Hypothesis test, Cleaning the data					
UNIT-II	RELATIONSHIPS AND GROUPS AMONG DATA				6+6
Understanding relationship: Exploring relationships between variables – Visualizing relationships – Understanding groups: Clustering - Association Rules - Learning Decision Trees from Data.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Association Rules, Decision Trees					
UNIT-III	EXPLORING THE DATA VISUALY				6+6
Principles of Analytic Graphics: Show comparisons - Show multivariate data - Exploratory Graphs: Characteristics of exploratory graphs – Boxplot – Histogram – Barplot – Scatterplots - Plotting Systems: The Base Plotting System - The ggplot2 System.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Boxplot, Scatterplots					
UNIT-IV	BUILDING MODELS FROM DATA				6+6
Overview - Linear Regression - Logistic Regression - k-Nearest Neighbors - Classification and Regression Trees.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Linear Regression, Logistic Regression					
UNIT-V	CASE STUDIES				6+6
Data Analysis Case Study: Changes in Fine Particle Air Pollution – Credit card fraud detection – Trend analysis in stock market data.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Stock market data.					
					TOTAL : 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES					
At end of the course, learners will be able to:					
CO1: Make use of modern tools to explore the data and its characteristics.					
CO2. Illustrate the relationship and groups among the data for decision Making.					
CO3. Experiment with the statistics and group the nature of the data.					
CO4. Develop the data models using regression and classification techniques for real world data.					
CO6: CO5. Complete appropriate analysis technique for solving the data.					
TEXT BOOKS:					
1. Glenn J. Myatt, Wayne P. Johnson, “Making Sense of Data I: A Practical Guide to Exploratory					

Data Analysis and Data Mining”, 2nd Edition, Wiley, 2014.

2. Roger D. Peng, “Exploratory Data Analysis with R”, 1st Edition, Leanpub, 2020.

3. Ronald K. Pearson, ”Exploratory Data Analysis Using R”, 1st Edition, CRC Press, 2018.

REFERENCES:

1. Brett Lantz, “Machine Learning with R”, 2nd Edition, Packt Publishing, 2013.

2. Moro, P. Cortez and P. Rita. "A Data-Driven Approach to Predict the Success of Bank Telemarketing." Decision Support Systems, Elsevier, June 2014.

3. Steven S. Skiena, “The Data Science Design Manual”, Springer, 2017.

21PCS03	NEURAL NETWORKS AND DEEP LEARNING	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To summarize the theoretical foundations, algorithms and methodologies of neural network - To experiment with different activation functions working in neural network. - To design building blocks of deep learning models. - To construct architectures and to train deep neural network. - To utilize the practical knowledge in handling and analyzing real world applications					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION TO NEURAL NETWORKS				6 +6
Neural Networks: The Biological Neuron- The Perceptron - Multilayer Feed-Forward Networks. Training Neural Networks: Back propagation Learning.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Implement XOR problem using Multilayer perceptron.					
UNIT-II	ACTIVATION FUNCTIONS AND PARAMETERS				6 +6
Activation functions, Loss Functions: Notation - Loss function for Reconstruction - Parameters Vs Hyper parameters					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Estimate depth and width of Neural Networks					
UNIT-III	INTRODUCTION TO DEEP NETWORKS				6 +6
Defining Deep Learning - Common Architectural Principles of Deep Networks - Building Blocks of Deep Networks					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Build CNN model for Handwritten Digit Recognition					
UNIT-IV	ARCHITECTURES OF DEEP NETWORKS				6 +6
Introduction to Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs) - Recurrent Neural Networks - Recursive Neural Networks.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Develop a code to design object detection and classification using CNN					
UNIT-V	APPLICATIONS				6 +6
Large-Scale Deep Learning. Computer Vision- Speech Recognition- Natural Language Processing-Other Applications					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Predict Sentiment for Movie Reviews Using Deep Learning					
					TOTAL : 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES At end of the course, learners will be able to:					

- | |
|---|
| CO1.Utilize different methodologies to create application using neural network
CO2. Make use of activation function and parameters to train the neural network
CO3. Experiment with working knowledge of deep learning models for solving problem
CO4. Identify appropriate deep learning models for analyzing the data for a variety of problems.
CO5. Build deep learning models for solving real world problems. |
|---|

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Josh Patterson, Adam Gibson "Deep Learning: A Practitioner's Approach", 1st Edition O'Reilly Media, 2017
2. Ian Good fellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville. Deep Learning, 1st Edition, The MIT press, 2017
3. Bengio, Yoshua. "Learning deep architectures for AI. Foundations and trends in Machine Learning2.1", 1st Edition, Now Publishers, 2009

REFERENCES:

1. Nikhil Buduma and Nicholas Lacascio, "Fundamentals of Deep Learning", 1st Edition, O.Reilly, 2017.
2. Pradeep Pujari, Md. And Rezaul Karim, Mohit Sewak, "Practical Convolutional Neural Networks", 1st Edition, Packt Publishing, 2018.
3. Ragav Venkatesan and Baoxin Li, "Convolutional Neural Networks in Visual Computing (Data Enabled Engineering)", 1st Edition, CRC Press, 2017.

21PCS04	INFORMATION RECOMMENDER SYSTEMS	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: • To identify the basic concepts of recommender systems. • To describe different techniques of recommendation techniques. • To discuss the performance evaluation of recommender systems based on various metrics. • To indicate the advanced topics and current applications of recommender systems. • To infer a simple recommender system using R.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION TO RECOMMENDER SYSTEMS				6 +6
Introduction to Recommender system -Recommender System Function-Recommendation Techniques-Applications and Evaluation of recommendation systems-Issues with recommender system-Data Mining methods for Recommender System					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: • Construct the Similarity matrix for given application using R.					
UNIT-II	COLLABORATIVEFILTERING				6 +6
User-based nearest neighbor Recommendation-Item-based nearest neighbor recommendation-Model based and pre-processing based approaches-Advances in Collaborative Filtering: Matrix Factorization model.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: • Develop the model applicable for given application using R.					
UNIT-III	CONTENT-BASEDRECOMMENDATION				6 +6
High level architecture of content-based systems-Advantages and drawbacks of content based filtering-State of art content based system: Item Representation, Methods for user profiles-The role of user generated content in the recommendation.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: • Identify the data ratings based on the customer feedback.					
UNIT-IV	KNOWLEDGE BASED RECOMMENDATION				6+6
Introduction-Knowledge representation and reasoning-Interacting with constraint-based recommenders- Interacting with case-based recommenders-Developing constraint based recommenders.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: • Choose the appropriate data set based on the similarity to evolve recommender models.					
UNIT-V	HYBRID APPROACHES AND EVALUATION				6+6
Opportunities for hybridization-Monolithic hybridization design-Parallelized hybridization design –Pipelined hybridization design-Evaluation of Recommender System: Experimental Settings,					

Recommendation System Properties-Recent Developments: Attacks on Collaborative recommender System	
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:	
Develop the recommender system using ITEM based collaborating filtering.	
	TOTAL : 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES	
At end of the course, learners will be able to:	
CO1: Relate the basic knowledge of recommender systems for real world problems.	
CO2: Prepare the concepts of collaborative filtering for measuring the similarity.	
CO3: Make use of content based and knowledge based techniques for solving real world applications.	
CO4: Choose hybrid approaches for current applications to generate precise recommendations.	
CO5: Develop a simple recommender system using R programming.	
TEXT BOOKS:	
- Francesco Ricci · Lior Rokach · Bracha Shapira · Paul B. Kantor, "Recommender Systems Handbook", 3rd Edition, Springer, 2022 - Jannach D., Zanker M. and Felfering A., "Recommender Systems: An Introduction", 1st Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2011. - C.C. Aggarwal, Recommender Systems: The Textbook", Springer Edition, 2016.	
REFERENCES:	
- Suresh K. Gorakala, Michele Usuelli, "Building a Recommendation System with R", 1st Edition, Packt Publishing, 2015. J. Leskovec, A. Rajaraman and J. Ullman, "Mining of massive datasets", 2nd Edition. Cambridge, 2012. - Manouselis N., Drachler H., Verbert K., Duval E., "Recommender Systems for Learning", 1st Edition, Springer, 2013.	

21PCS05	COMPUTER VISION ALGORITHMS AND APPLICATIONS	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To learn the image processing foundations for computer vision. - To acquire knowledge of edge detection techniques. - To gain knowledge in digital morphology. - To demonstrate three-dimensional motion and object recognition techniques. - To detect and recognize the face and human gait analysis.					
UNIT-I	IMAGEPROCESSING FOUNDATIONS				6+6
Introduction- Elements of visual perception- Histogram Processing-Spatial Filters-Image Restoration and Reconstruction					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Develop application to display grayscale image using read and write operation.					
UNIT-II	EDGE-DETECTION TECHNIQUES				6+6
Edge Detection - Models of Edges- Noise- Template-Based Edge Detection- The Canny Edge Detector- The Shen-Castan (ISEF) Edge Detector- Color Edges.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Create application for Non Linear Filtering technique using edge detection.					
UNIT-III	DIGITAL MORPHOLOGY				6+6
Morph Grey-Level Morphology-Elements of Digital Morphology: Binary Operations, Binary Dilation, Binary Erosion, MAX, Color Morphology.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Create avision program to implement the binary operations.					
UNIT-IV	3D VISION AND MOTION				6+6
Methodsfor3Dvision–projectionschemes–shapefromshading–photometricstereo–shapefromtexture – shape from focus-3D object recognition					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Develop a program to determine the 3D shape from texture and 3D object detection.					
UNIT-V	APPLICATIONS				6+6
Application: Photoalbum–Facedetection–Facerecognition–Eigenfaces–Activeappearanceand3D shape-human gait analysis.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Create an application to face detection and human gait actions.					
					TOTAL : 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES At end of the course, learners will be able to: CO1: Demonstrate the image processing foundations for computer vision.					

CO2: Make use of edge detection techniques for image segmentation and data extraction.
CO3: Classify the elements of digital morphology techniques.
CO4: Make use of 3D vision, motion for object recognition techniques.
CO5: Develop applications to recognize the face and human gait analysis.
TEXT BOOKS:
1. Rafael C.Gonzalez, Richard E.Woods,” Digital Image Processing”, 3 rd Edition, Pearson, 2018.
2. J.R.Parker,"Algorithms for Image Processing and Computer Vision", 2 nd Edition,Wiley, 2019.
3. Richard Szeliski,“ComputerVision: Algorithmsand Applications”, 2 nd Edition, Springer 2022.
REFERENCES:
1. Jan Erik Solem,”Programming Computer Vision with Python: Tools and algorithms for analyzing images”, 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2019.
2. Mark Nixon and Alberto S. Aquado,”Feature Extraction & Image Processing for Computer Vision”, 3 rd Edition, Academic Press, 2018.
3. Simon J. D. Prince, “Computer Vision: Models, Learning, and Inference”, 2nd Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2018.

21PCS06	IMAGE AND VIDEO ANALYTICS	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: • To describe the basic steps image processing system. • To demonstrate the feature extraction techniques. • To impart knowledge on image retrieval and object recognition. • To get exposed to video enhancement and noise reduction. • To explore and demonstrate video analysis action recognition.					
UNIT-I	IMAGE PROCESSING				6+6
Basic steps of Image processing system–Pixel relationship-Image Transforms-Image Enhancement- Image Segmentation.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: • Create a program for implement the Contrast-limited adaptive histogram equalization on medical images.					
UNIT-II	FEATURE EXTRACTION				6+6
Feature Extraction- Binary object feature, Histogram-based (Statistical) Features, Intensity features, Shape feature extraction.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: • Create application for geometric and radiometric distortions of binary images.					
UNIT-III	OBJECT RECOGNITION AND IMAGERETRIEVAL				6+6
Object Recognition-Patterns and pattern class, Bayes’ Parametric classification, Feature Selection and image retrieval.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: • Create a vision program to determine the edge detection of an image using different operators.					
UNIT-IV	DIGITAL VIDEO PROCESSING				6+6
Digital Video, Sampling of video signal, Video Enhancement and Noise Reduction- Change Detection.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: • Develop an application for video enhancement and noise reduction.					
UNIT-V	VIDEO ANALYSISACTION RECOGNITION				6+6
Video Analysis Action Recognition, Video based rendering, Context and scene understanding. Case Study: Surveillance.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: • Create a program for video action recognition in surveillance systems.					
					TOTAL : 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES					

At end of the course, learners will be able to:

CO1: Demonstrate the steps involved image processing system.

CO2: Classify the feature extraction for real time applications.

CO3: Make use of the image retrieval and object recognition.

CO4: Demonstrate the video enhancement and noise reduction.

CO5: Develop applications in video analysis action recognition.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. RafaelC.GonzalezandRichard E. Woods, “Digital Image Processing”, 4thEdition., Prentice-Hall,2018.
2. Murat Tekalp, “Digital Video Processing”, 2ndEdition, Prentice Hall, 2015.
3. Debjyoti Paul, Charan Puvvala,”Video Analytics Using Deep Learning”,1st Edition, APress, 2020.

REFERENCES:

1. OgeMarques,”PracticalImageandVideoProcessingUsingMATLAB”,2nd EditionWiley-IEEE Press,2019
2. Francesco Camastra and Alessandro Vinciarelli,“Machine Learning for Audio, Image and Video Analysis”,1st Edition, Springer, 2018.
3. Mark Nixon and Alberto S.Aquado, “Feature Extraction & Image Processing for Computer Vision”, 3rd Edition, Academic Press, 2019.

21PCS07	TEXT AND SPEECH ANALYSIS	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To describe the basic need of Online Data Analysis. - To indicate the text processing models involved in Text Mining. - To build Text classification using supervised learning algorithms. - To explain filters and transform methods in Speech Processing. - To summarize various classification methods in Speech recognition.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION	6+6			
Introduction –Approaches to Text Analysis – Analysis of Text as Social Information – Online Data sources –N-Gram viewer- Challenges and limitations of Online data Digital sources.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: - Implement Ngram viewer using Python. - Text Preprocessing Using Python.					
UNIT-II	TEXT PREPROCESSING	6+6			
Lexical Resources – WordNet, Roget Thesaurus, Wikipedia –Basic Text Processing – Tokenization , Stop word Removal , Stemming and Lemmatization –Language Models –Text statistics – Advanced Text processing – Part of speech Tagging, Collocation identification.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Perform Text analysis using Voyant tool.					
UNIT-III	TEXT CLASSIFICATION	6+6			
Supervised Learning Algorithms – Regression , Decision Trees, Support vector Machines – Text Analysis Methods – Approaches, Plan and Qualitative Narrative Analysis – Sentimental Analysis					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Sentiment analysis using Stanford’s sentiment analysis.					
UNIT-IV	SPEECH PROCESSING	6+6			
Introduction – dimensions of Automatic Speech recognition – Digital signal processing –Digital filters - Discrete Fourier Transforms – Fast Fourier Transforms methods – relation between DFT and Digital filters					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Speech processing using MatLab.					
UNIT-V	SPEECH ANALYSIS	6+6			
Feature Extraction – Pattern classification Methods – Minimum Distance Classifiers, Discriminant Functions, Generalized discriminators – Minimum Error classification –Bayes Classifier – Iterative Training : The EM Algorithm					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Explore the Tool PRRAT for speech analysis.					
					TOTAL : 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:					

At the end of the course, learners will be able to

CO1: Make use of Ngram viewer as a tool for text analysis.

CO2: Choose the available tools for text preprocessing.

CO3: Utilize Supervised classification algorithms to perform text classification.

CO4: Experiment with filter and Transformation methods for speech processing.

CO5: Select the appropriate Classification methods for pattern analysis.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Gabe Ignatow and Radamihalcea, “An Introduction to Text mining, Research Design, Data Collection and Analysis”, 1st Edition, SAGE Publications, 2018.
2. Brandon walsh, Sarah Horowitz, A course book on “Introduction to Text Analysis”, License under Creative Commons Attribution-Non Commercial-ShareAlike 4.0, 1st Edition, International License. 2018.
3. Ben Gold, Nelson Morgan, Dan Ellis, “Speech and Audio Signal Processing”, 2nd Edition, Willey Publications, 2011.

REFERENCES:

1. Cheng Xiang Zhai, Sean Massung, “Text Data Management and Analysis: A Practical Introduction to Information Retrieval and Text Mining”, 1st Edition, Morgan & Claypool Publishers, 2016.
2. Emil Hvitfeldt, Julia Silge, “Supervised Machine Learning for Text Analysis in R”, 1st Edition, Chapman and Hall/CRC, 2021
3. Himanshu Mohan, Megha Yadav, “Speech Recognition System and its Application”, 3rd Edition, LAP LAMBERT Academic Publishing, 2019.

21PCS08	ESSENTIALS OF BUSINESS ANALYTICS	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To discuss the concepts and methods of business analytics. - To summarize the knowledge of organizational structures of business analytics. - To infer the knowledge of descriptive analytics in business analytics. - To identify the concept of predictive and prescriptive analytics in real world problems. - To demonstrate the business analytics concepts in recent trends.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION TO BUSINESS ANALYTICS	6 +6			
Business analytics-Terminology-Business Analytics Process-Relationship of Business Analytics Process and organization Decision making Process-Business Analytics Data-Business Analytics Technology					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Make use of analytics tool for health care analytics.(Case Study).					
UNIT-II	ORGANIZATION STRUCTURES OF BUSINESS ANALYTICS	6 +6			
Organization Structures of Business analytics-Team management-Management Issues: Designing Information Policy, Outsourcing, Ensuring Data Quality, Measuring contribution of Business analytics, Managing Changes.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Select the measures to determine the data set for health care analytics.					
UNIT-III	DESCRIPTIVE ANALYTICS	6 +6			
Introduction, Visualizing and Exploring Data, Descriptive Statics, Sampling and Estimation, Introduction to probability Distributions.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Develop the model using descriptive analytics for healthcare analytics.					
UNIT-IV	PREDICTIVE ANALYTICS	6+6			
Introduction to Predictive Modelling, Logic Driven Models, Data Driven Models, Data Mining: Simple illustration of Data Mining, Data Mining methodologies					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Develop and test predictive model for health care analytics.					
UNIT-V	PRESCRIPTIVE ANALYTICS	6+6			
Introduction to prescriptive modeling, Linear Optimization, Integer and Non Linear Optimizations, Optimization Analytics					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Develop the prescriptive model for health care applications.					
					TOTAL : 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to					

CO1: Discover the knowledge of business analytics to solve the business problems.
 CO2: Choose the organizational structures for small business.
 CO3: Make use of technical skills in descriptive analytics for real world problems.
 CO4: Demonstrate the concept of predictive analytics and prescriptive analytics to establish best decision for the small business.
 CO5: Develop data-driven solutions to support decision-making in real-world business situations.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Marc J. Schniederjans, Dara G. Schniederjans, Christopher M., “Starkey Business Analytics Principles, Concepts, and Applications with SAS: What, Why, and How”, 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2014.
2. James Evans,” Analytics, Global Edition”, 1st Edition, Pearsons Education, 2020.
3. Jay Liebowitz , “Business Analytics, An introduction”, 1st Edition, Auerbach Publications, 2013.

REFERENCES:

1. Randy Bartlett,”A Practitioner's Guide to Business Analytics: Using Data Analysis Tools to Improve Your Organization’s Decision Making and Strategy”, 1st Edition, McGraw Hill Professional, 2013.
2. Larissa T. Moss and Shaku Atr,”Business Intelligence Roadmap: The Complete Project Lifecycle for Decision-Support Applications”, 1st Edition, Addition Wesley Technology Series, 2013.
3. S. Albright, Wayne Winston,” Business Analytics: Data Analysis & Decision Making”, 6th edition, Cengage Learning, 2014.

VERTICAL 2-FULL STACK DEVELOPMENT

21PCS09	PRINCIPLES OF PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: • To understand the various ways to describe syntax and semantics of programming languages • To interpret data, data types, and basic statements of programming languages • To demonstrate the parameter passing and function call mechanisms • To illustrate the object-orientation, concurrency, and event handling in programming languages • To summarize knowledge about functional and logic programming paradigms					
UNIT-I	SYNTAX, SEMANTICS AND BASIC STATEMENTS				6 +6
Describing syntax & semantics: Introduction – The General Problem of Describing Syntax – Formal Methods of Describing Syntax – lexical analysis – The Parsing Problem – Recursive-decent parsing – Bottom-up parsing – Data Types: User-Defined Ordinal Types – Array Types – Record Types - Statement-level Control structures.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Determine type compatibility rules of a C compiler, Determine the scope of variables having the same name and different names declared within a while / for loop.					
UNIT-II	SUBPROGRAMS				6 +6
Subprograms – Design Issues – Local referencing – Overloaded subprograms – Generic Subprograms – Design Issues for function.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Devise a subprogram and calling code in which pass-by-reference and pass-by-value-result of one or more parameters produces different results.					
UNIT-III	IMPLEMENTING SUBPROGRAMS				6 +6
The general semantics of calls and returns – Implementing subprograms with Stack-Dynamic Local Variables – Nested Subprograms – Blocks – Implementing Dynamic Scoping.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Chess / checkers game using object oriented programming – C++/Smalltalk / Python / Java, Design a Tic-tac-toe game that uses even driven programming concepts.					
UNIT-IV	FUNCTIONAL PROGRAMMING				6+6
Introduction – Mathematical Functions - Fundamentals of Functional programming languages – Introduction to LISP – An Introduction to Scheme – Common LISP – F# - Error handling.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Lisp recursive function to return ‘nth’ item from a list, diagonal of a matrix, sum of the diagonal of matrix & a sub-string from a string.					
UNIT-V	LOGIC PROGRAMMING				6+6

Introduction – Logic Programming concept – Prolog – Theoretical Foundation: Clausal Form, Limitations, Skolemization - Logic Programming in Perspective.	
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Prolog program to find the factorial of a number, simplification of arithmetic expression involving additive, multiplicative identity & solve Sudoku puzzle.	
	TOTAL : 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to CO1: Illustrate data types, functions, syntax and semantics of all programming languages CO2: Classify the design of subprograms CO3: Develop a dynamic subprograms CO4: Examine the concepts of Functional Programming LISP and F# CO5: Inspect Prolog Programming to solve logical problems	
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Robert W. Sebesta, “Concepts of Programming Languages”, 10th Edition, Addison Wesley, 2012. 2. Michael L. Scott, “Programming Language Pragmatics”, 3rd Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2009. 3. Allen B Tucker, and Robert E Noonan, “Programming Languages – Principles and Paradigms”, 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.	
REFERENCES: 1. Richard A. O’Keefe, “The Craft of Prolog”, 1st Edition, MIT Press, 2009. 2. R. Kent Dybvig, “The Scheme Programming Language”, 4th Edition, MIT Press, 2009. 3. W. F. Clocksin, C. S. Mellish, “Programming in Prolog: Using the ISO Standard”, 5th Edition, Springer, 2003.	

21PCS10	WEB TECHNOLOGY AND DESIGN	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: • To applyHTML5 elements to create webpages. • To build interactive webpages at client side using CSS3. • To utilize java script for event handling and form validation. • To construct dynamic web applications using PHP. • To develop web application using AJAX and XML.					
UNIT-I	HTML5	6 +6			
HTML5: Heading, Linking, Images, Lists, Tables, internal linking- Form					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: • Create Websites using HTML 5 tags • Use Image maps in webpages					
UNIT-II	CSS3	6 +6			
Inline Style sheet- Embedded Style Sheet- External Style Sheet- Positioning Elements: Absolute Positioning, z-index, Relative Positioning, span, Backgrounds, Box Model, Text Flow- Text Shadows, Box Shadows, Animations, Transitions and Transformations.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: • Design Websites using stylesheets • Create an attractive webpage for any product using Animations, transition and transformation					
UNIT-III	JAVA SCRIPT	6 +6			
Prompt Dialogs – Control Statements – Functions- Arrays – Objects- DOM – Event Handling					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: • Form validation using JavaScript • Use Event handling and DOM to change content of any tags					
UNIT-IV	PHP	6+6			
PHP: Converting between data types, Arithmetic Operators, Arrays, Strings, Regular Expressions, Form Processing, Reading From Databases, Cookies					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: • Validate the form using PHP regular expression. • Create a web application that uses PHP and MySQL					
UNIT-V	XML and AJAX	6+6			
XML Basics – Structuring Data – XML Namespaces – DTD – XSLT transformation – Creating AJAX Applications using XML Http Request Object and JSON					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: • Creating AJAX application using PHP a					

Transforming XML using XSL and XSLT	
	TOTAL : 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES At end of the course, learners will be able to: CO1: Construct Web pages using HTML5. CO2: Make use of CSS3 to create interactive webpages. CO3: Build dynamic web pages with validation using Java Script objects. CO4: Make use of PHP programming to develop web applications. CO5: Construct web applications using XML and AJAX.	
TEXT BOOKS: - Deitel and Deitel and Nieto, “Internet and World Wide Web - How to Program”, 5th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2011. - Jeffrey C and Jackson, “Web Technologies A Computer Science Perspective”, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2011. - Gopalan N.P. and Akilandeswari J., “Web Technology, Prentice Hall of India”, 2nd Edition, 2011.	
REFERENCES: - Stephen Wynkoop and John Burke,” Running a Perfect Website”, 2nd Edition, QUE, 1999. - Chris Bates, “Web Programming – Building Intranet Applications”, 3rd Edition, Wiley Publications, 2009. - UttamK.Roy, “Web Technologies,”2nd Edition, Oxford University Press, 2011.	

21PCS11	CLOUD SERVICES MANAGEMENT	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To enumerate the basic concepts of Cloud services. - To demonstrate the IaaS with Amazon VPC. - To illustrate the knowledge of PaaS and SaaS with Google App Engine. - To summarize the concepts of Cloud security. - To develop web services with AWS.					
UNIT-I	CLOUD SERVICES - INTRODUCTION	6+6			
Understanding Cloud computing – Developing Cloud services – Pros & cons of Cloud service Development, Types of Cloud services development – Cloud services development services and Tools – Cloud services for Everyone.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Explore online Calendar Applications using cloud services.					
UNIT-II	CLOUD SERVICE MODELS	6+6			
Cloud Ecosystem – Cloud Design Objectives, Cost Model – Importance of Cloud Services- Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS) - Amazon VPC					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES Use GAE launcher to launch the web applications.					
UNIT-III	PLATFORM & SOFTWARE SERVICE MODELS	6+6			
Platform as a Service (PaaS) – Types of PaaS – PaaS Products (Google Cloud, Microsoft Azure, AWS) – Software as a Service (SaaS) – SaaS Applications – Characteristics of SaaS- benefits of SaaS and its Applications – Salesforce , Zoom.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES Build a Serverless Web Application using Amazon Web services.					
UNIT-IV	CLOUD SECURITY	6+6			
Cloud security Risks – Privacy Impact Assessment – Operating system security – security of virtualization –Security risk posed by Shared images , Management OS					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES Use Xoar to achieve cloud security.					
UNIT-V	CLOUD APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT	6+6			
Amazon Web services: EC2 instances –Connecting clients – security rules – launching EC2, S3 and SQL services - Cloud-Based Simulation of a Distributed Trust Algorithm - A Trust Management Service					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES Use the AWS Management Console to launch an EC2 instance and connect to an AWS Account.					

	TOTAL : 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to CO1: Build Web Applications using cloud. CO2: Make use of IaaS Model in Cloud Ecosystem along with Amazon VPC. CO3: Construct Paas, SaaS Models to meet the real-world challenges. CO4: Utilize security Tools to avoid the security risk on the web services. CO5: Develop applications using Amazon Web Services.	
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Micheal Miller, "Cloud Computing, web based applications, That change the way you Work and Collaborate online", Que Publishers, 1st Edition, Aug 2008 2. Kai Hwang, Geoffrey C. Fox, Jack G. Dongarra, "Distributed and Cloud Computing, From Parallel Processing to the Internet of Things", 1st Edition, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2012 3. Dan C. Marinescu, "Cloud computing, Theory and Practice", 1st Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2103.	
REFERENCES: 1. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vacchiola and S Thamarai Selvi, "Mastering Cloud Computing", 1st Edition, McGrawHill, 2013. 2. Michael Miller, "Cloud Computing: Web based Applications that change the way you work and collaborate online", 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2008. 3. John W Rittinghouse and James F Ransome, "Cloud Computing: Implementation, Management, and Security", CRC Press, Hard cover Edition, 2020.	

21PCS12	ANDROID APP DEVELOPMENT	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To summarize system requirements for android applications - To model suitable design using android mobile development frameworks - To utilize SQLite for mobile applications. - To make use of Audio, Video, Bluetooth for mobile development. - To choose Sensors and GPS for location-based services					
UNIT-I	ANDROID BASICS				6 +6
Creating Applications and Activities: Android Application manifest file, Externalizing resources ,Android application life cycle, Android Application class , Activity Life cycle, Activity class					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: - Construct an application that draws basic graphical primitives on the screen - Develop an application that uses Font and Colours					
UNIT-II	ANDROID USER INTERFACE DESIGN				6 +6
Building User Interfaces: Android user interface fundamentals, Layouts , Fragments , Android widgets – Views, Adapters -Intents and Broadcast Receivers					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: - Develop an application that uses Layout Managers - Develop an application that uses event listeners					
UNIT-III	ANDROID DATA STORAGE				6 +6
Databases and Content Providers – Introduction to SQLite, Content values and cursors, Working with SQLite Databases, Creating and using content providers, Adding search to the application. Expanding the User Experience: Action bars ,Menus , Dialogs , Toast , Notification					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: - Develop an application that uses GUI components - Develop an application that makes use of databases.					
UNIT-IV	ANDROID NATIVE CAPABILITIES				6+6
Audio, Video and Using the Camera: Playing Audio and Video, Using camera for taking pictures, Recording Video- Bluetooth, NFC, Networks and WIFI : Using Bluetooth, Managing Network and Internet Connectivity, Managing WiFi, Near Field Communication- Telephony and SMS.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: - Develop an application that plays Audio and Video - Develop an application that sends SMS to a user					
UNIT-V	SENSORS AND GPS				6+6
Hardware Sensors – Maps, Geo Coding and Location based Services: Using Emulator for Location based services, selecting a location Provider, Finding Your Current Location, Using the Geocoder,					

creating Map based activities.	
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:	
• Develop a native application that uses GPS location information • Develop an application that uses Google Maps	
	TOTAL : 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:	
At the end of the course, learners will be able to	
CO1: Sketch the basics of Android applications.	
CO2: Build user interface for mobile applications.	
CO3: Make use of database to store mobile data of android applications.	
CO4: Examine native capabilities of android applications.	
CO5: Utilize Sensors and GPS for Android applications	
TEXT BOOKS:	
1. Reto Meier, “Professional Android 4 Development”, 1st Edition, John Wiley and Sons, 2012. 2. Jeff McWherter and Scott Gowell, "Professional Mobile Application Development", 2nd Edition, Wrox, 2012. 3. Valentino Lee, Heather Schneider, and Robbie Schell, “Mobile Applications: Architecture, Design, and Development”, 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2004.	
REFERENCES:	
1. Brian Fling,”Mobile Design and Development”,2nd Edition, O’Reilly Media,2009 2. Maximiliano Firtman , “Programming the Mobile Web “, 2nd Edition, O’Reilly Media, 2010. 3. Rajiv Ramnath, Roger Crawfis, and Paolo Sivilotti, “Android SDK3 for Dummies”, 2nd Edition, Wiley 2011.	

21PCS13	WEB APPLICATION SECURITY	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
• To summarize the common Web application Security vulnerabilities. • To outline the capabilities of various browser proxies. • To demonstrate the SQL Injection Vulnerabilities. • To explain the principles of file security. • To illustrate the security of a large scale web application.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION				6+6
Introduction - The OWASP Top Ten List - Security Fundamentals: Input Validation, Attack Surface Reduction, Classifying and Prioritizing Threats – Authentication.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Installation of rootkits and examine the variety of options available, IP Address and Port Scanning, Service Identity Determination: Nmap - IP scanning in Windows					
UNIT-II	BROWSER SECURITY PRINCIPLES				6+6
Defining the Same-Origin Policy - Exceptions to the Same-Origin Policy - Cross-Site Scripting - Cross-Site Request Forgery – CSRF.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Perform reconnaissance to find all the relevant information on selected website, Exploit MS web server, attacking vulnerabilities.					
UNIT-III	DATABASE SECURITY PRINCIPLES				6+6
Database Security Principles - Structured Query Language (SQL) Injection - Setting Database Permission - Stored Procedure Security					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Install and configure the virtual machines to perform SQL Injection attack					
UNIT-IV	FILE SECURITY PRINCIPLES				6+6
File Security Principles: Keeping Your Source Code Secret - Security Through Obscurity - Forceful Browsing - Directory Traversal.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Experimenting with password-cracking utilities, attempting dictionary, hybrid, and brute-force attacks; Use any tool to find all the vulnerabilities with its level and generate a report for an organization					
UNIT-V	SECURE DEVELOPMENT AND DEPLOYMENT				6+6
Secure Development Methodologies - Baking Security In - The Holistic Approach to Application Security - Industry Standard Secure Development Methodologies and Maturity Models: SDL - CLASP - SAMM - BSIMM					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Exploit windows to gain access of victim’s machine using a penetration testing framework, Perform a study on CLASP Application Security Process.					

	TOTAL : 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At end of the course, learners will be able to: CO1: Make use of OWASP to understand the need of web application security. CO2: Discover and prevent web security vulnerabilities. CO3: Examine the various SQL Injections and the possible Vulnerabilities. CO4: Develop the practices of applying the File Security Principles. CO5: Identify and aid in fixing any security vulnerabilities during the web development process.	
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Bryan and Vincent, “Web Application Security, A Beginners Guide”, 1 st Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2011. 2. Alfred Basta, Melissa Zgola, “Database Security”, 1 st Edition, Course Technology, 2012. 3. Michael Gertz and Sushil Jajodia, “Handbook of Database Security — Applications and Trends”, Springer, 2008.	
REFERENCES: 1. Bhavani Thuraisingham, “Database and Applications Security”, 1 st Edition, Auerbach Publications, 2005. 2. Dafydd Stuttard, and Marcus Pinto, “The Web Application Hacker's Handbook: Finding and Exploiting Security Flaws”, 2 nd Edition, John Wiley & Sons; 2011. 3. W. F. Clocksin, C. S. Mellish, “Programming in Prolog: Using the ISO Standard”, 5 th Edition, Springer, 2003.	

21PCS14	SOFTWARE TESTING AND AUTOMATION	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To explain the basics of testing process. - To interpret the test cases criteria in simple applications. - To illustrate the design of test cases. - To summarize the test management and test automation techniques. - To outline the needs for test metrics and measurements.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION				6+6
Testing axioms, Basic definitions, Software Testing Principles, The Tester’s Role in a Software Development Organization, Origins of Defects, Cost of defects, Defect Classes, The Defect Repository and Test Design					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Examine the open source testing tool “Selenium”					
UNIT-II	TEST CASE DESIGN STRATEGIES				6+3
Test case Design Strategies, Using Black Box Approach to Test Case Design, Boundary Value Analysis, Equivalence Class Partitioning, Graph based testing-Cause-effect graphing, Using White Box Approach to Test design, Test Adequacy Criteria, Code Coverage Testing					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Develop C program for the programming constructs such as if, for, switch, while, do while, if-else, and build the possible test cases.					
UNIT-III	LEVELS OF TESTING				6+12
The need for Levels of Testing, Unit Testing, Integration Testing, API testing, System Testing, Acceptance Testing, Regression Testing, Alpha Testing, Beta Testing, Adhoc Testing					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: - Select any two functionalities in GMAIL and develop the test cases with sample and expected output. - Plan the test cases for simple calculator in windows application. - Build a simple website for a user registration and login. Perform all possible levels of testing in the website and validate the results.					
UNIT-IV	TEST MANAGEMENT				6+3
People and organizational issues in testing, Organization structures for testing teams, Test Planning, Test Plan Components, Test Plan Attachments, Introducing the test specialist, Skills needed by a test specialist					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Develop a test plan document for Library Management System.					
UNIT-V	TEST AUTOMATION				6+6

Need for Software test automation, Manual to Automated Testing, Tools needed for automation, Design and architecture for automation, Coverage in Test Automation, Types of Test Automation	
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:	
Examine any one free test automation tool e.g. Katalon Studio.	
	TOTAL : 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:	
At the end of the course, learners will be able to	
CO1: Infer the basic concepts and terminologies of testing to test simple applications.	
CO2: Develop test cases using design strategies by employing suitable techniques.	
CO3: Utilize the various levels of testing to validate the systems.	
CO4: Choose suitable organizational structures for managing the issues in testing.	
CO5: Develop the skills needed for various automation testing techniques.	
TEXT BOOKS:	
- Srinivasan Desikan and Gopalaswamy Ramesh, “Software Testing – Principles and Practices”, 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2017. - Dr. D. Chitra, A. Kaliappan, “Software Testing”, 1st Edition, Technical Publications, 2019. - Arnon Axelrod, “Complete Guide to Test Automation: Techniques, Practices, and Patterns for Building and Maintaining Effective Software Projects”, 1st Edition, Apress Publisher, 2018.	
REFERENCES:	
- Paul C. Jorgensen, Byron DeVries, “Software Testing A Craftsman’s Approach”, 5th Edition, Auerbach Publications, 2021. - Ilene Burnstein, “Practical Software Testing”, Springer International Edition, 2003. - Aditya P. Mathur, “Foundations of Software Testing - Fundamental Algorithms and Techniques”, 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2008.	

21PCS15	INTRODUCTION TO DEV-OPS	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: • To summarize the basic concepts of DevOps. • To construct the Pipeline for development of life cycle. • To demonstrate and develop DevOps code. • To make use of continuous integration and continuous deployment Pipeline. • To build the applications using Docker and Kubernetes.					
UNIT-I	DEVOPS: AN OVERVIEW				6 + 6
DevOps: Origins, Roots: Addressing Dev versus Ops Practices: Continuous Integration, Continuous Delivery, Supporting Practices, Culture, Containerization Tools.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: • To study and install Version Control System / Source Code Management, install git and create a GitHub account. • To implement various GIT operations on local and Remote repositories using GIT Cheat-Sheet					
UNIT-II	ESTABLISHING DEVOPS				6 + 6
Embracing the New Development Life Cycle: Inviting Everyone to the Table, Changing Processes, Shifting Ops “Left”: Thinking about Infrastructure. Planning Ahead: Moving beyond the Agile Model, Forecasting Challenges, Gathering Requirements, Designing an MVP.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: • To build the pipeline of jobs using Maven / Gradle / Ant in Jenkins, create a pipeline script to Test and deploy an application over the tomcat server.					
UNIT-III	DESIGNING AND DEVELOPING DEVOPS CODE				6 + 6
Designing: Constructing Your Design, Designing for DevOps, Architecting Code for the Six Capabilities of DevOps, Documenting Design Decisions, Avoiding Architecture Pitfalls. Developing Code					
Engineering for Error, Writing Maintainable Code, Programming Patterns, Choosing a Language Avoiding Anti-Patterns, Dev Opsing Development, Establishing Good Practices.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: • To implement Docker Architecture and Container Life Cycle, install Docker and execute docker commands to manage images and interact with containers.					
UNIT-IV	DEVOPS CI/CD PIPELINE				6 + 6
Overviewing Git and its command lines, Understanding the Git process and Git Flow pattern. The CI/CD principles, Using a package manager Using Jenkins, Using Azure Pipelines.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: • To develop Software Configuration Management and provisioning using Puppet					

Blocks(Manifest, Modules, Classes, Function)		
UNIT-V	CONTAINERIZED APPLICATIONS WITH DOCKER AND KUBERNETES	6 + 6
Installing Docker, Creating a Docker file, Building and running a container on a local machine, Pushing an image to Docker Hub, Deploying a container to ACI with a CI/CD pipeline. Installing Kubernetes, First example of Kubernetes application deployment, Using HELM as a package manager, Using AKS, Creating an AKS service.		
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:		
To implement a LAMP/MEAN Stack using Puppet Manifest.		
		TOTAL : 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES		
At end of the course, learners will be able to:		
CO1: Utilize the basic concepts of DevOps.		
CO2: Make use of the development life cycle using pipelining.		
CO3: Develop the DevOps code by applying the basic concepts.		
CO4: Model the continuous integration and continuous deployment Pipeline in GIT.		
CO5: Construct the real time applications for given scenario using Docker and Kubernetes.		
TEXT BOOKS:		
- Sanjeev Sharma," The DevOps Adoption Playbook", 1st Edition, Wiley Publication, 2017. - Emily Freeman,"DevOps for Dummies", 1st Edition, 2020. - Mikael Krief,"Learning DevOps" 1st Edition, Packt Publishing, 2019.		
REFERENCES:		
- James Turnbull, Sid Orlando, "The Art of Monitoring", 1st Edition, 2016. - Jeff Geerling, "Ansible for DevOps: Server and configuration management for humans", 1st Edition, 2015. - David Johnson, "Ansible for DevOps: Everything You Need to Know to Use Ansible for DevOps", 2nd Edition, 2016.		

21PCS16	PYTHON APPLICATION PROGRAMMING INTERFACE DEVELOPMENT	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To show the prospects of application programming interface in web development. - To build a Restful API service using the Flask-Restful package. - To utilize Python APIs to build and access database. - To construct an authentication and security services with JWT. - To develop a function to send out mails using Mailgun API and upload image using Flask-Uploads.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION TO API	6 +6			
Understanding API - Open API -The Flask Web Framework - Building a Simple Recipe Management Application - Using curl or httpie to Test All the Endpoints – Postman.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Build a Simple Recipe Management Application using FLASK					
UNIT-II	FLASK-RESTFUL	6 +6			
Flask-RESTful - Virtual Environment - Creating a Recipe Model - Configuring Endpoints - Making HTTP Requests to the Flask API using curl and httpie,					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Build a basic web application using Flask Web Framework					
UNIT-III	DATABASE MANIPULATION WITH SQLALCHEMY	6 +6			
Databases – SQL – ORM - Defining Models - Password Hashing.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Build a Database using Flask-Migrate					
UNIT-IV	AUTHENTICATION SERVICES AND SECURITY WITH JWT	6+6			
JWT - Flask-JWT-Extended - Designing the Methods in the Recipe Model - Refresh Tokens - The User Logout Mechanism.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Develop a user login function using Flask-JWT Extended package.					
UNIT-V	MAILGUN API	6+6			
Mailgun API- Mailgun API to Send Out Emails - User Account Activation Workflow - HTML Format Email – Working with images.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: - Develop an Email activation function using Mailgun API. - Develop an image uploading API using Flask-Uploads .					
					TOTAL : 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES At end of the course, learners will be able to:					

CO1: Demonstrate the concept of APIs to interface the web services with the backend.
CO2: Build a Restful API service using the Flask-Restful package.
CO3: Make use of Python APIs for database management.
CO4: Develop a user login/logout function using JWT.
CO5: Utilize Python APIs for sending mails and working with image.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Jack Chan, Ray Chung, Jack Huang, “Python API Development Fundamentals”, 1st Edition, Packt Publishing, 2019.
2. Kunal Relan, “Building REST APIs with Flask”, 1st Edition, APress, 2019.
3. Gaston C. Hillar, “Hands-On RESTful Python Web Services”, 2nd Edition, Packt Publishing, 2018.

REFERENCES:

1. Python Development Team, Guido Van Rossum, “Python 3.5 C API”, 1st Edition, Samurai Media Limited, 2015.
2. Jose Haro Peralta, “Micro service APIs Using Python, Flask, FastAPI, OpenAPI and More”, 1st Edition, Manning, 2022.
3. William S. Vincent, “Django for APIs: Build web APIs with Python and Django”, 1st Edition, Welcome to Code publisher, 2022.

VERTICAL 3-DATA CENTRE TECHNOLOGIES

21PCS17	DATA WAREHOUSING CONCEPTS AND IMPLEMENTATION	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To identify the scope and components of Data Warehousing. - To explain the issues in Data Warehousing. - To solve the real time problems using Source integration tools.. - To develop various algorithms based for Multidimensional Data Models. - To choose various Query Processing and Optimization techniques for Reporting.					
UNIT-I	DATA WAREHOUSE - AN OVERVIEW				6 +6
Data Warehouse Components- Designing the Data Warehouse- Building a Data warehouse - Getting Heterogeneous Data into the Warehouse -Getting Multidimensional Data out of the Warehouse-Physical Structure of Data Warehouses-Metadata Management-Data Warehouse Project Management.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Build a Data Warehouse/Data Mart (using open-source tools like Pentaho Data Integration tool)					
UNIT-II	DATA WAREHOUSE - ISSUES AND PROJECTS				6 +6
Data Extraction and Reconciliation-Data Aggregation and Customization-Query Optimization-Update Propagation- Modeling and Measuring Data Warehouse Quality- Interestingness of Patterns -Three Perspectives of Data Warehouse Metadata.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Explore visualization features of the tool for analysis like identifying trends etc.					
UNIT-III	SOURCE INTEGRATION				6 +6
Schema Integration - Data Integration - Virtual - Materialized - Architecture for Source Integration - data integration workflows -Methodology for Source Integration.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Design multi-dimensional data models namely Star, snowflake and Fact constellation schemas for any one enterprise (ex. Banking, Insurance, Finance, Healthcare, Manufacturing, Automobile, etc.).					
UNIT-IV	MULTIDIMENSIONAL DATA MODELS AND AGGREGATION				6+6
Multidimensional View of Information- ROLAP Data Model - MOLAP Data Model- Logical Models for Multidimensional Information-Conceptual Models for Multidimensional Information-Inference Problems for Multidimensional Conceptual Modeling, Multidimensional versus Multirelational OLAP.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Perform various OLAP operations such slice, dice, roll up, drill down and pivot.					

UNIT-V	QUERY PROCESSING AND OPTIMIZATION	6+6
Queries at the Back End-Queries at the Front End- Queries in the Core-Transactional Versus Data Warehouse Queries -Canned Queries Versus Ad-hoc Queries-Multidimensional Queries - Reporting and Query tools and Applications -Extensions of SQL SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Perform various Query Operations (Canned Queries, Ad-hoc Queries).		
		TOTAL : 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES At end of the course, learners will be able to: CO1:Identify the warehousing components and tools for organizing large database CO2: Outline the issues for Modeling and measuring data warehousing Quality. CO3: Classify various Source integration tools to solve the real time problems. CO4: Determine the Multidimensional Data Models and Aggregation to analyze Multidimensional Information. CO5: Develop Multidimensional Queries for process and Optimization.		
TEXT BOOKS: - Matthias Jarke, Maurizio Lenzerini, Yannis Vassiliou and Panos Vassiliadis, "Fundamentals of Data Warehouse", 2ndEdition, Springer 2022. - Alex Petrov, "Database Internals: A Deep-Dive Into How Distributed Data Systems Work", 1stEdition, O'Reilly Media 2019. - Alex Berson and Stephen J. Smith "Data Warehousing, Data Mining & OLAP", 10th Edition, Tata McGraw – Hill, 2016.		
REFERENCES: - Ralph Kimball, Margy Ross," The Data Warehouse Toolkit: The Definitive Guide to Dimensional Modeling", 3rd Edition, Wiley 2015. - Alan Beaulieu, "Learning SQL: Generate, Manipulate, and Retrieve Data", 1st Edition, O'Reilly Media 2020. - Dan Linstedt , Michael Olschimke, "Building a Scalable Data Warehouse with Data Vault 2.0", Elsevier Science & Technology ,2015.		

21PCS18	DATA STORAGE TECHNOLOGIES	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To enumerate the information and data storage concepts. - To demonstrate the different approaches of data storage. - To show the concepts of Data Storage Devices. - To summarize the architecture of storage system. - To choose the concept of Networked Attached Storage and Storage Area Networks.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION TO INFORMATION AND DATA STORAGE				6 +6
Information and Data, Data in business Environments, Data life cycle Management, Data Storage Models, Creating Structured Data, Data Base management systems, Challenges in Data Storage Management, Data Centre Environment.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Review and understand the components and Systems in a Data Centre Environment					
UNIT-II	DATA STORAGE APPROACHES				6 +6
Types of Data Storage, File Based Storage, Block Level Data Storage, Object Based Data Storage, Working on stored data, Storage Performance Tuning.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Block Level Data Storage, Object Based Data Storage					
UNIT-III	DATA STORAGE DEVICES				6 +6
Data Storage Units, Primary And Secondary Storages, Hard Disk Drives, Magnetic Tapes, Optical Storage Discs, Solid State Drives, Storage Arrays, Selecting Storage Devices, Improving Data Storage Efficiency.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Storage Devices					
UNIT-IV	STORAGE SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE				6+6
Storage Architecture basics, storage logical components, Direct attached storage, Intelligent Storage systems, Storage consolidation, Tiered storage.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Explore the management interface and general task to be performed within an Intelligent Storage system					
UNIT-V	NETWORKED STORAGE SYSTEMS				6+6
Review of Enterprise Networking Options, Towards Networked Storage, Networked Attached storage, Storage Area Networks, Choosing NAS or SAN, Multi-protocol Arrays, Implementing Storage Solutions.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:					

- Explore the management interface and general task to be performed within the fibre channel SAN - Configure the interface and provision storage within an IP SAN	
	TOTAL : 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES At end of the course, learners will be able to: CO1: Discuss the challenges in data Storage Management for business Environment. CO2: Select suitable data storage for an application. CO3: Identify the efficiency for improving the data storage. CO4: Develop the Storage system architecture for data storage. CO5: Build the different network storage area systems for real time scenario.	
TEXT BOOKS: K. L.J ames, “Data Storage Technologies”, 1st Edition, independently Published, 2019. G. Somasundaram and Alok Shrivastava, “Information Storage and Management”, EMC Education Series, 2nd Edition, Wiley, Publishing Inc., 2012. - R.Marc Farley, —”Building Storage Networks”, 1st Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, Osborne, 2001.	
REFERENCES: - Jon Tate, Pall Beck, Hector Hugo Ibarra, Shanmuganathan Kumaravel and Libor Miklas, “Introduction to Storage Area Networks”, 9th Edition, IBM Corp, 2017. - Robert Spalding, ”Storage Networks: The Complete Reference”, 1st Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Osborne, 2003. - Meeta Gupta, “Storage Area Network Fundamentals”, 1st Edition, Pearson Education Limited, 2002.	

21PCS19	SOFTWARE DEFINED NETWORKS	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To illustrate the separation of data plane and control plane in software defined networks. - To demonstrate the functions and components of the SDN architecture. - To examine the role of SDN in data center networks. - To develop programs to interface different applications with SDN. - To utilize SDN controllers for improved network management and application performance.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION TO SDN				6+6
History of Software Defined Networking (SDN) – Modern Data Center – Traditional Switch Architecture – Need for SDN: Evolution of switches and control planes, data center innovation and needs –SDN Working – Centralized and Distributed Control and Data Planes.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:					
Installation of Mininet and Open Day Light controller					
UNIT-II	OPEN FLOW & SDN CONTROLLERS				6+6
Open Flow Specification: Openflow 1.0 and Open Flow Basics - Drawbacks of Open SDN - SDN via APIs, SDN via Hypervisor Based Overlays – SDN via Opening up the Device – SDN Controllers: General Concepts.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:					
Configuring Open Flow switches and capture the data flow					
UNIT-III	DATA CENTERS				6+6
Multitenant and Virtualized Multitenant Data Center – SDN Solutions for the Data Center Network – VLANs – EVPN – VxLAN – NVGRE.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:					
Build and emulate network protocols using Mininet					
UNIT-IV	SDN PROGRAMMING				6+6
Programming SDNs: Northbound Application Programming Interface, Current Languages and Tools, Composition of SDNs – Network Functions Virtualization (NFV).					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:					
ONOS deployment and Northbound – Southbound Interfacing					
UNIT-V	SDN APPLICATION AND USECASES				6+6
Juniper SDN Framework – IETF SDN Framework – Open Daylight Controller – Floodlight Controller – Bandwidth Calendaring – Data Center Orchestration					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:					
Setting up the Environment and Implementation of Open day light Controllers in Mininet					

	TOTAL : 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES At end of the course, learners will be able to: CO1: Distinguish between the features of Software Defined Network with traditional network CO2: Outline the various components and functionalities of SDN CO3: Examine the role of SDN in data centers CO4: Make use of SDN Northbound APIs to communicate between the SDN Controller and the services CO5: Experiment with the applications and use cases of SDN	
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Paul Goransson and Chuck Black, “Software Defined Networks: A Comprehensive Approach”, 2nd Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2017. 2. Thomas D. Nadeau, Ken Gray, “SDN: Software Defined Networks”, 1st Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2013. 3. Vivek Tiwari, “SDN and Open Flow for Beginners, Amazon Digital Services”, 1st Edition, M.M.D.D. Multimedia LLC., 2013.	
REFERENCES: 1. Siamak Azodolmolky, “Software Defined Networking with Open Flow”, 1st Edition, Packet Publishing, 2013. 2. Fei Hu (Editor), “Network Innovation through Open Flow and SDN: Principles and Design”, 1st Edition, CRC Press, 2014. 3. William Stallings, “Foundations of Modern Networking: SDN, NFV, QoE, IoT, and Cloud”, 1st Edition, Addison-Wesley Professional, 2015.	

21PCS20	CLOUD COMPUTING AND VIRTUALIZATION	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To understand the concept of cloud computing. - To summarize the various issues in cloud computing. - To express the emergence of cloud as next generation computing paradigm - To describe the novel concepts of virtualization - To understand Server, desktop and storage virtualization					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION TO CLOUD COMPUTING				6+6
Introduction to Cloud Computing – Definition of Cloud – Evolution of Cloud Computing - Underlying Principles of Parallel and Distributed Computing – Cloud Characteristics					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: - Install virtual box/VM ware workstation - Implementation of virtual machine using Ubuntu OS					
UNIT-II	CLOUD ARCHITECTURE, SERVICES AND STORAGE				6+6
NIST- Service Oriented Architecture – REST -Cloud Storage – Storage-as-a-Service – Advantages of Cloud Storage – Cloud Storage Providers – S3					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Case study:-Azure Cloud, Open stack					
UNIT-III	CLOUD ENABLING TECHNOLOGIES				6+6
Web Services – Publish-Subscribe Model – Hadoop – MapReduce – Google App Engine- Federation of cloud					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: - Install Google App Engine - Install Hadoop					
UNIT-IV	INTRODUCTION TO VIRTUALIZATION				6+6
Basics of Virtualization: Characteristics – Taxonomy of Virtualization Techniques – Hardware Level Virtualization – Operating System Level Virtualization					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Case study: Types of virtualization					
UNIT-V	SERVER ,DESKTOP AND STORAGE VIRTUALIZATION				6+6
Microsoft virtual server -Server virtualization platforms -Desktop Virtualization: Installing (PC, Windows, Linux)-Deploying and managing VMs-Storage Virtualization-overview-Appliances-services					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Microsoft virtual PC					

	TOTAL : 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to CO1: Complete in-depth and comprehensive knowledge of the Cloud Computing fundamentals. CO2: Discover the architecture of cloud computing and storage in cloud. CO3:Relate the cloud knowledge and enabling technologies that help in the development of cloud. CO4: Illustrate the various types of virtualizations and its importance. CO5: Demonstrate the server, desktop and storage virtualization concepts.	
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola and Thamari Selvi S, “Mastering in Cloud Computing”, 1 st Edition , Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited, 2017. 2. David Marshall and Wade A. Reynolds, “Advanced Server Virtualization: VM ware and Microsoft Platform in the Virtual Data Center”, 1 st Edition , Auerbach Publications , 2006. 3. Chris Wolf and Erick M. Halter, “Virtualization: From the Desktop to the Enterprise”,1 st Edition , A Press 2005.	
REFERENCES: 1. Tom Clark, “Storage Virtualization: Technologies for Simplifying Data Storage and Management”, 1 st Edition, Pearson Education, 2018. 2. Jon Tate, Pall Beck, Hector Hugo Ibarra, Shanmuganathan Kumaravel and Libor Miklas, “Introduction to Vivek Tiwari, “SDN and Open Flow for Beginners”, 1 st Edition, Amazon Digital Services, Inc., 2017. 3. James E. Smith and Ravi Nair, “Virtual Machines: Versatile Platforms for Systems and Processes”, Elsevier/Morgan Kaufmann, 1 st Edition 2005.	

21PCS21	INFORMATION STORAGE AND MANAGEMENT	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To explain the components and functions of information storage systems. - To demonstrate the functionalities of storage networking. - To develop the storage for the given specification. - To demonstrate the process of backup and replication. - To identify the storage components and security mechanism for the storage networking models.					
UNIT-I	STORAGE SYSTEM	9			
Introduction - Evolution of storage architecture - Key Data center elements – Host, connectivity, storage, and application in both classic and virtual environments – RAID implementations – techniques - RAID levels - impact of RAID on application performance -Components of Intelligent Storage Systems - Provisioning and Intelligent Storage System					
UNIT-II	STORAGE NETWORKING TECHNOLOGIES	9			
Fibre Channel SAN - components - Connectivity options - topologies - Access protection mechanism – zoning - FC protocol stack – Addressing – SAN based virtualization – VSAN - IP SAN - iSCSI and FCIP protocols for Storage access over IP network - FCoE and its components - Network Attached Storage (NAS)– NAS Hardware devices– NAS Software Components – NAS Connectivity options - NAS operations – Applying the NAS Solution – File level virtualization in NAS – Integration of NAS and SAN - CAS –Object based storage - Unified Storage platform.					
UNIT-III	BUSINESS CONTINUITY	9			
Information availability and Business Continuity - Business Continuity terminologies - Business Continuity Planning Life cycle– Failure Analysis: Single Points of Failure, solution, - Clustering and Multi pathing software –Business Impact Analysis –Practice : EMC power path –Features, Dynamic Load balancing – Automatic power path Failover.					
UNIT-IV	BACKUP AND RECOVERY	9			
Backup purpose, Methods, targets and topologies - Data Deduplication: Method, implementation- backup in virtualized environment – Fixed Content and Data Archive and solution – Replication - Local Replication - Remote Replication (local host, storage array & Network based replication)- Three-Site Remote Replication - Continuous Data Protection					
UNIT-V	SECURING AND MANAGING STORAGE	9			
Information security framework – Storage Security Domains – Implementation in storage networks: FC-SAN, NAS, IP-SAN – securing Cloud Service Environments - Monitoring the storage infrastructure - Parameters, components – Storage infrastructure management activities - Information lifecycle management (ILM) and Storage Tiering.					
					TOTAL : 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to					

CO1: Categorize the components and functions of information storage systems

CO2: Illustrate the functionalities of storage networking.

CO3: Demonstrate the process of business continuity for storage networking system

CO4: Show the process of backup and replication

CO5: Choose the storage components and security mechanism for the storage networking models

TEXT BOOKS:

1. John Wiley and Sons, "Information Storage and Management: Storing, Managing, and Protecting Digital Information in Classic, Virtualized, and Cloud Environments", EMC Education Services, 2nd Edition, 2012.
2. Robert Spalding, "Storage Networks: The Complete Reference", McGraw Hill Education, 1st Edition, 2017.
3. Shanmuganathan Kumaravel, Libor Miklas Tata, Jon Tate, Pall Beck and Hector Hugo Ibarra, "Introduction to Storage Area Networks", IBM Redbooks, 9th Edition, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Gerardus Blokdyk, "Storage Virtualization A Complete Guide", 5 STAR Cooks, 2019.
2. Thejendra B S, "Disaster Recovery and Business Continuity", IT Governance Publishing, 3rd Edition, 2016.
3. James O'Reilly, "Network Storage: Tools and Technologies for Storing Your Company's Data", Morgan Kaufmann, 2016.

21PCS22	STREAM PROCESSING FRAMEWORK	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To describe concepts and challenges of distributed stateful stream processing. - To demonstrate Flink’s system architecture, event-time processing mode and fault-tolerance model. - To explain the fundamentals and building blocks of the DataStream API. - To identify data from and write data to external systems with exactly-once consistency. - To indicate the continuous running streaming applications.					
UNIT-I	FUNDAMENTALS OF STATEFUL STREAM PROCESSING				6 + 6
Traditional Data Infrastructures-Stateful Stream Processing-The Evolution of Open Source Stream Processing-Introduction to Dataflow Programming-Processing Streams in Parallel-Time Semantics-State and Consistency Models					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:					
- Install Oracle Virtual box and create two VMs on your laptop. - Develop a Hello World application using Google App Engine.					
UNIT-II	THE ARCHITECTURE OF APACHE FLINK				6 + 6
Introduction to Dataflow Programming-Processing Streams in Parallel-Time Semantics-The Architecture of Apache Flink-Event-Time Processing-State Management-Checkpoints-Save points, and State Recovery.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:					
Use Azure Cloud Shell within the Azure portal to run the file creation simulator located on GitHub.					
UNIT-III	THE DATASTREAM API (V1.7)				6 + 6
Set Up the Execution Environment-Transformations-Setting the Parallelism-Supported Data Types- Defining Keys and Referencing Fields-Implementing Functions-Including External and Flink Dependencies					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:					
Implementation of Para-Virtualization using VM Ware’s Workstation/ Oracle’s Virtual Box.					
UNIT-IV	TIME-BASED AND WINDOW OPERATORS				6 + 6
Configuring Time Characteristics-Process Functions-Window Operators-Joining Streams on Time-Handling Late Data.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:					
Create an application (Ex: Word Count) using Hadoop Map/Reduce.					
UNIT-V	STATEFUL OPERATORS AND APPLICATIONS				6 + 6
Implementing Stateful Functions-Enabling Failure Recovery for Stateful Applications-Ensuring the Maintainability of Stateful Applications-Performance and Robustness of Stateful Applications-Evolving Stateful Applications-Queryable State.					

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:	
• Clone the Starter Project from GitHub and Perform a Test Run. • Implementation of Single-Sing-On.	
	TOTAL : 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:	
At the end of the course, learners will be able to	
CO1: Illustrate the concepts of distributed stateful stream processing.	
CO2: Demonstrate the architecture of Apache Flink for event-time processing mode and fault-tolerance model.	
CO3: Build the fundamentals of DataStream API.	
CO4: Experiment with time-based and window operators.	
CO5: Evaluate and implement the Stateful Operators and Applications.	
TEXTBOOKS:	
1. Fabian Hueske and Vasiliki Kalavri, "Stream Processing with Apache Flink," 1st Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2019. 2. Idan Gabrieli, "Cloud Computing for Beginners-Database Technologies and Infrastructure as a Service" Packt Publishing, 2021. 3. Michael Miller, "Cloud Computing: Web-based Applications that change the way you work and collaborate" 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2008.	
REFERENCES:	
1. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vacchiola and S Thamarai Selvi, "Mastering Cloud Computing", 1st Edition, McGraw Hill, 2013. 2. IBM, "Introduction to Storage Area Networks and System Networking", 5th Edition, November 2012. 3. Robert Spalding, "Storage Networks: The Complete Reference", Tata McGraw Hill, Osborne, 6th reprint 2003.	

21PCS23	FOG AND EDGE COMPUTING	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To infer the concept of fog and edge computing. - To paraphrase the Edge computing Architecture. - To relate the fog and edge computing in Internet of things. - To summarize the improved performance of network slicing in enabling technologies. - To describe the concept of optimization in fog and edge computation.					
UNIT-I	INTERNET OF THINGS (IOT) AND NEW COMPUTING PARADIGMS				9
Introduction- Relevant Technologies- Fog and Edge Computing Completing the Cloud- Hierarchy of Fog and Edge Computing - Business Models- Opportunities and Challenges- Networking Challenge-Management Challenge.					
UNIT-II	INTEGRATING IOT , FOG , CLOUD INFRASTRUCTURES				9
Introduction-Methodology-Integrated C2F2T Literature by Modeling Technique-Integrated C2F2T Literature by Use-Case Scenarios-Integrated C2F2T Literature by Metrics-Future Research Directions.					
UNIT-III	MANAGEMENT AND ORCHESTRATION OF NETWORK SLICES				9
Introduction-Background-Network Slicing-Network Slicing in Software-Defined Clouds-Network Slicing Management in Edge and Fog- Internet of Vehicles : Architecture, Protocol and Security-Seven layered model architecture for Internet of Vehicles- IoV: Network Models, Challenges and future aspects.					
UNIT-IV	OPTIMIZATION PROBLEMS IN FOG AND EDGE COMPUTING				9
Preliminaries-The Case for Optimization in Fog Computing-Formal Modeling Framework for Fog Computing-Metrics-Further Quality Attributes-Optimization Opportunities along the Fog Architecture-Optimization Opportunities along the Service Life Cycle-Toward a Taxonomy of Optimization Problems in Fog Computing.					
UNIT-V	APPLICATIONS AND ISSUES				9
Exploiting Fog Computing in Health Monitoring-Smart Surveillance Video Stream Processing at the Edge for Real-Time Human Objects Tracking-Fog Computing Model for Evolving Smart Transportation Applications-Testing Perspectives of Fog-Based IoT Applications-Legal Aspects of Operating IoT Applications in the Fog- Case Study: Technologies in Fog Computing.					
					TOTAL : 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES					
At end of the course, learners will be able to:					
CO1: Illustrate the concept of fog and edge computing for relevant business models.					
CO2: Use the integration modelling techniques for IOT and FOG infrastructure.					
CO3: Relate the orchestration of slicing concept in different network models.					

CO4: Solve the issues of formal modeling framework using optimization.

CO5: Demonstrate the technologies of fog and edge computing for a given real time scenarios.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Rajkumar Buyya, Satish Narayana Srirama, “ Fog and Edge Computing: Principles and Paradigms” ,1st Edition, Wiley Publication, 2019.
2. John Mutumba Bilay , Peter Gutsche, Mandy Krimmel and Volker Stiehl ,”SAP Cloud Platform Integration: The Comprehensive Guide”, 2nd Edition, Rheinwerk Publishing, 2019.
3. Perry Lea ,”IoT and Edge Computing for Architects”, 2nd Edition, Packt Publishing, 2020.

REFERENCES: :

1. Bahga, Arshdeep, and Vijay Madisetti, “ Cloud computing: A hands-on approach”, 1st Edition, Create Space Independent Publishing Platform, 2013.
2. Ovidiu Vermesan and Peter Friess, “Internet of Things –From Research and Innovation to Market Deployment”, 1st Edition, River Publishers, 2014.
3. Michael Missbach, Thorsten Staerk, Cameron Gardiner, Joshua McCloud, Robert Madl, Mark Tempes and George Anderson, “ SAP on Cloud”, 1st Edition, Springer, 2016.

21PCS24	CLOUD DATA CENTRE NETWORK ARCHITECTURES	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To outline the basics of Cloud DCNs. - To interpret the Architecture and Technology Evolution of DCNs. - To relate the Interaction Technologies between Cloud DCN components. - To summarize the concept of Cloud DCN Security. - To express the Cutting -Edge Technologies for cloud Application.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION TO CLOUD DCNs	6+6			
Cloud computing -Virtualization Technologies in cloud computing-SDN for cloud computing-DCN Prospects-DCN Challenges.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: - Implementation of Para-Virtualization using VM Ware’s Workstation/ Oracle’s Virtual Box and Guest O.S. - Place the application and its datasets into a VM cloud environment connecting to existing enterprise applications and datasets on-premises as required.					
UNIT-II	ARCHITECTURE AND TECHNOLOGY EVOLUTION OF DCNs	6+6			
Physical Architecture of DCNs-Technology Evolution of DCNs-Service models of cloud DCNs-Interaction between components in the Cloud DCN solution.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: - Create a Cloud Plat form using Python for Cloud DNS API. - Set up a Development Environment using Python libraries.					
UNIT-III	INTERACTION TECHNOLOGIES BETWEEN CLOUD DCN COMPONENTS	6+6			
Components of Cloud DCN solutions-Physical cloud engine switches-Cloud Engine Virtual Switches; Interaction Technologies – Open Flow- NETCONF-OVSDB-YANG.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: - Develop a Case study application and store the application data in cloud data store. - Store Image and video files in cloud storage using python.					
UNIT-IV	CLOUD DCN SECURITY	6+4			
Cloud DCN Security Challenges-Cloud DCN Security Architectures-Benefits of Cloud DCN Security Solution.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Find a procedure to transfer the files from one virtual machine to another virtual machine.					
UNIT-V	CUTTING -EDGE TECHNOLOGIES AND APPLICATION	6+8			
Container-Hybrid Cloud-AI Fabric; Application Scenarios-Advanced Content Security Defense.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:					

- Find a procedure to launch virtual machine using try stack. - Create a Cloud Storage bucket using Amazon Simple Storage Service.	
Tools Used: Python	
	TOTAL : 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to CO1: Summarize the basis of Cloud DCNs. CO2: Make use of Architecture and Technology Evolution of DCNs. CO3: Utilize the Interaction Technologies between Cloud DCN components. CO4: Develop the knowledge on Cloud DCN Security. CO5: Build the cloud applications using Cutting -Edge Technologies.	
TEXT BOOKS: - Lei Zhang and Le Chen , “Cloud Data Center Network Architectures and Technologies” 1st Edition, CRC Press, 2021. - Dinesh G.Dutt, “Cloud Native Data Center Networking Architecture,Protocols, and Tools”, 1st Edition , O'Reilly Media, 2020. - Yang Liu , Jogesh K.Muppala, Malathi Veeraraghavan,Dong Lin and Mounir Hamdi , “Data Center Networks Topologies ,Architectures and Fault -Tolerance Characteristics”, 1st Edition ,Springer,2013.	
REFERENCES: - Thomas Erl, Ricardo Puttini and Zaigham Mahmood, “Cloud Computing Concepts, Technology & Architecture”, 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2013. - James Bond, “The Enterprise Cloud Best Practices for Transforming Legacy IT”, 1st Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2015. - Gary Lee, “Cloud Networking Understanding Cloud-based Data Center Networks”, 1st Edition, Elsevier Science, 2014.	

VERTICAL 4: CYBER SECURITY AND DATA PRIVACY

21PIT01	CRYPTOGRAPHIC TECHNIQUES	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To illustrate various encryption techniques. - To experiment with various symmetric key models. - To utilize the principles of public key cryptosystems for privacy. - To build systems using the principles of hash functions and digital signature. - To summarize the various aspects of Modern cryptography techniques.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION				9
Basics of Number theory – Integers and Operations on Integers – Modular arithmetic – Prime Numbers – Primality related properties and Algorithms – Pseudo Random Number Generation. Classical Cryptography: Basic conventions and Terminology – Substitution Ciphers -Transposition ciphers – Rotor machines – Cryptanalysis.					
UNIT-II	SYMMETRIC KEY CRYPTOGRAPHY				9
Mathematics Of Symmetric Key Cryptography: Algebraic structures – Modular arithmetic-Euclid’s algorithm- Congruence and matrices – Groups, Rings, Fields- Finite fields- Symmetric Key Ciphers: SDES – Block cipher Principles of DES – Strength of DES – Differential and linear cryptanalysis – Evaluation criteria for AES – Advanced Encryption Standard – RC4 -Key distribution.					
UNIT-III	PUBLIC KEY CRYPTOGRAPHY				9
Mathematics Of Asymmetric Key Cryptography: Primes – Primality Testing -Factorization – Eulers totient function, Fermats and Eulers Theorem – Chinese Remainder Theorem – Exponentiation and logarithm – Asymmetric Key Ciphers: RSA cryptosystem – Key distribution – Key management – Diffie Hellman key exchange -ElGamal cryptosystem – Elliptic curve arithmetic-Elliptic curve cryptography.					
UNIT-IV	MESSAGE AUTHENTICATION AND INTEGRITY				9
Authentication requirement – Authentication function – MAC – Hash function – Security of hash function and MAC – SHA –Digital signature and authentication protocols – DSS- Entity Authentication: Biometrics, Passwords, Challenge Response protocols- Authentication applications - Kerberos, X.509					
UNIT-V	MODERN ASPECTS OF CRYPTOGRAPHY				9
Modern Cryptography - Principles - Perfectly Secret Encryption - Shannon’s Theorem - Constructing CPA-Secure Encryption Schemes - CPA-Secure Encryption from Pseudorandom Functions					
					TOTAL :45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:					

At the end of the course, learners will be able to

CO1: Explain the fundamentals of classical encryption techniques.

CO2: Apply the different operations of symmetric cryptographic algorithms.

CO3: Make use of different cryptographic operations of public key cryptography.

CO4: Build the various authentication schemes to simulate different applications.

CO5: Summarize the various aspects of Modern Cryptography principles.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. William Stallings, "Cryptography and Network Security principles-and-practice", 7th edition, Pearson publication, 2017.
2. Jonathan Katz and Yehuda Lindell, "Introduction to Modern Cryptography", 2nd edition, CRC press, 2015.
3. Padmanabhan T R, Shyamala C K and Harini N, "Cryptography and Security", 1st Edition, Wiley Publications, 2011.

REFERENCES :

1. William Stallings, "Cryptography and Network Security", 4th edition, Pearson Education Asia, Prentice Hall, 2000.
2. Forouzan B. A., "Cryptography and Network Security", 7th edition, Pearson Education, 2017.
3. Wen Bo Mao, "Modern Cryptography-Theory and Practice", 1st edition, Prentice Hall, USA, 2003.

21PIT02	PARADIGMS OF NETWORK SECURITY				L	T	P	C
					2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: • To explain various security attacks, services and mechanisms. • To identify various encryption techniques for authentication. • To develop sniffing solutions using public key cryptography. • To apply the fundamentals of IP security for Email authentication. • To construct model for dealing security issues.								
UNIT I	SECURITY ATTACKS ,SERVICES AND MECHANISMS							12
Security Attacks (Interruption, Interception, Modification and Fabrication), Security Services (Confidentiality, Authentication, Integrity, Non-repudiation, access Control and Availability) and Mechanisms, A model for Internetwork security, Understanding Session Hijacking, TCP session hijacking, ARP attacks, route table modification, UDP hijacking.								
Suggested Activities : • Prevention from XSS Attack and ARP Poisoning.								
UNIT II	CONVENTIONAL ENCRYPTION AND HARDWARE HACKING							12
Symmetric Encryption Principles, Symmetric encryption algorithms, cipher block modes of operation, Understanding Brute Force, Understanding Amateur Cryptography Attempts, Understanding Hardware Hacking, Housing and Mechanical Attacks, External Interfaces , Protocol Analysis.								
Suggested Activities : • Implementation of DES Algorithm, substitution techniques and Transposition Techniques.								
UNIT III	PUBLIC KEY CRYPTOGRAPHY AND SNIFFING							12
Public key cryptography principles, public key cryptography algorithms, digital signatures, digital Certificates, Certificate Authority and key management Kerberos, X.509 Directory Authentication Service, Popular Sniffing Software, Advanced Sniffing Techniques.								
Suggested Activities : • Implementation of RSA algorithm. • Configuration of a mail agent to support Digital Certificates.								
UNIT IV	EMAIL PRIVACY AND IP SECURITY							12
Internet Mail Architecture, E-mail Formats, E-mail Threats and Comprehensive, E-mail Security, Pretty Good Privacy (PGP) and S/MIME. IP Security Overview, IP Security Policy, Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations.								
Suggested Activities : • Authentication of Email.								
UNIT V	VIRUSES AND THREATS							12
Introduction, Types of Malicious Software, Dealing with Cross-platform Issues, How to Secure								

against Malicious Software, Intrusion Detection Systems, Password Management, Firewall Design principles.

Suggested Activities :

- Detection Method of IDS.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able to

CO1: Outline the security attacks, services and mechanisms.

CO2: Make use of encryption techniques for authentication.

CO3: Apply public key cryptography algorithm for authentication.

CO4: Experiment with Email privacy and security.

CO5: Build a model of Firewall and test the security issues.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. William Stallings, "Network Security Essentials (Applications and Standards)" 6th edition, Pearson Education, 2018.
2. Ryan Russell, Dan Kaminsky, Rain Forest Puppy, Joe Grand, David Ahmad, Hal Flynn Ido Dubrawsky, Steve W. Manzuik and Ryan Permech and Wiley Dreamtech, "Hack Proofing your network", 2nd edition, Syngress publications, March 1, 2002.
3. Matt Bishop, "Computer Security: Art and Science," Addison Wesley, 2nd edition, 2019.

REFERENCES:

1. Charlien Kaufman, Radia Perlman and Mike Speciner "Network Security – Private Communication in a Public World", 1st edition, Pearson education, 2011.
2. Michael Whitman and Herbert Mattord, "Principles of Information Security" , 6th edition, Cengage Learning, 2017.
3. William Stallings, "Cryptography and network Security", 6th edition, Pearson education, 2015.

21PIT03	ENGINEERING SECURE SOFTWARE SYSTEMS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To compare various critical and non-critical systems. - To illustrate software requirements document and formal specification for a software system. - To outline distributed system design and architectures. - To identify the system security failures. - To build a framework for highly secure software.					
UNIT I	SECURITY A SOFTWARE ISSUE				9
Introduction, the problem, Software Assurance and Software Security, Threats to software security, Sources of software insecurity, Benefits of Detecting Software Security, What Makes Software Secure: Properties of Secure Software, Influencing the security properties of software, Asserting and specifying the desired security properties.					
UNIT II	REQUIREMENTS ENGINEERING FOR SECURE SOFTWARE				9
Introduction, Misuse and Abuse Cases, The SQUARE process Model, SQUARE sample outputs, Requirements elicitation and prioritization.					
UNIT III	SECURE SOFTWARE ARCHITECTURE AND DESIGN				9
Introduction, software security practices for architecture and design: architectural risk analysis, software security knowledge for architecture and design: security principles, security guidelines and attack patterns Secure coding and Testing: Code analysis, Software Security testing, Security testing considerations throughout the SDLC.					
UNIT IV	SECURITY AND COMPLEXITY				9
System Assembly Challenges: introduction, security failures, functional and attacker perspectives for security analysis, system complexity drivers and security.					
UNIT V	GOVERNANCE AND MANAGING FOR MORE SECURE SOFTWARE				9
Governance and security, Adopting an enterprise software security framework, Risk Management Framework for software security, Security and project management, Maturity of Practice.					
					TOTAL: 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to					
CO1: Compare and contrast the critical and non-critical systems.					
CO2: Explain the software requirements document and formal specification for a software system.					
CO3: Summarize the distributed system architectures and design.					
CO4: Identify the system security failures.					
CO5: Build a framework for highly secure software.					

TEXT BOOK:

1. Julia H. Allen, "Software Security Engineering: A Guide for Project Managers", Addison-Wesley Professional, Pearson Education, 1st edition, May 2008.
2. Asoke K. Talukder and Manish Chaitanya, "Architecting Secure Software Systems", CRC Press, 1st edition, Auerbach Publications, 2019.
3. Mark S. Merkow and Lakshmikanth Raghavan, "Secure and Resilient Software", CRC Press, 1st edition, 2019.

REFERENCES:

1. Gary McGraw, "Software Security Building Security in", 1st edition, Addison Wesley, 2006.
2. Jason Grembi, "Secure Software Development A Security Programmer's Guide", 1st edition, Cengage Learning, 2009.
3. Nancy R. Mead, Julia H. Allen, et.al., "Software Security Engineering A Guide for Project Managers", 1st edition, Pearson Education, 2004.

21PIT04	DIGITAL AND MOBILE FORENSICS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: • To explain the basic digital forensics techniques. • To interpret well-trained computer crime investigators. • To apply the knowledge for processing evidence using forensic tools. • To identify the various tools involved in forensic investigation. • To outline the various phases of mobile forensics extraction.					
UNIT-I	FUNDAMENTALS OF DIGITAL FORENSICS	9			
Computer forensics fundamentals, Benefits of forensics, computer crimes, computer forensics evidence and courts, legal concerns and private issues- Introduction to computer crime Investigations& its types– Assess the situation – Acquire the data – Analyze the data – Report the investigation.					
UNIT-II	DATA ACQUISITION AND TOOLS	9			
Digital evidence, First responder tool kit, techniques of digital forensics, recovery of deleted files, stochastic forensics, steganography, Acquisition methods, The Booting Process, web attack forensics, web application forensic tool.					
UNIT-III	PROCESSING EVIDENCE	9			
Types of digital evidence, Evidence gathering consideration, data security requirement, Preservation strategies, seizure, acquisition and examination analysis, Rules of evidence, Good forensic practices.					
UNIT-IV	FORENSICS INVESTIGATION TOOLS	9			
Current computer forensics tools- software, hardware tools, validating and testing forensic software, E-Mail investigations- investigating email crime and violations, understanding E-Mail servers, specialized E-Mail forensics tool.					
UNIT-V	MOBILE FORENSICS	9			
Mobile forensics- Mobile forensic & its challenges- Mobile phone evidence extraction process: The evidence intake phase- The identification phase, The preparation phase, The isolation phase, The processing phase, The verification phase, The document and reporting phase , The presentation phase- Mobile forensic tool leveling system.					
					TOTAL : 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to: CO1: Summarize forensic analysis tools to recover important evidence for identifying Computer crime. CO2: Demonstrate as well-trained computer crime investigators.					

CO3: Apply the knowledge for processing evidence using forensic tools.
CO4: Make use of the various tools involved in forensic investigation.
CO5: Explain the various phases of mobile forensics extraction.
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Dr. Jeetendra Pande and Dr. Ajay Prasad, “Digital forensics”, 1st edition, Uttarakhand Open University, 2016. 2. Jason sachouski, “Computer Forensics and Investigations”, 2nd edition, CRC press, 2018. 3. Satish Bommisetty, Rohit Tamma and Heather Mahalik, “Practical Mobile Forensics”, 2nd edition, Packt Publishing Ltd., 2014.
REFERENCES : 1. Vacca, J, “Computer Forensics, Computer Crime Scene Investigation”, 2nd edition, Charles River Media, 2005. 2. Iosifl.Androulidakis, “Mobile phone security and forensics: A practical approach”, 1st edition, Springer publications, 2012. 3. Warren G. Kruse II and Jay G. Heiser, “Computer Forensics: Incident Response Essentials”, 1st edition, Addison Wesley, 2002.

21PIT05	ETHICAL HACKING EXPLOIT DEVELOPMENT	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To infer various security tools to assess the computing system. - To identify publicly available tools used to gather information on potential targets. - To apply scanning techniques used to identify network system open ports. - To classify network system vulnerabilities and confirm their exploitability. - To construct flawless wireless network and apply security patches.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION TO HACKING	12			
Introduction to Hacking – Important Terminologies – Penetration Test – Vulnerability Assessments versus Penetration Test – Pre-Engagement – Rules of Engagement –Penetration Testing Methodologies – OSSTMM – NIST – OWASP – Categories of Penetration Test – Types of Penetration Tests – Vulnerability Assessment Summary –Reports.					
Suggested Activities: Setup a honey pot and monitor the honey pot on network.					
UNIT-II	INFORMATION GATHERING AND SCANNING	12			
Information Gathering Techniques –Active Information Gathering –Passive Information Gathering– Sources of Information Gathering-Tracing the Location-Traceroute-ICMP Trace route –TCP Trace route and its Usage – UDP Trace route –Enumerating and Fingerprinting the Webservers –Google Hacking – DNS Enumeration –Enumerating SNMP –SMTP Enumeration – Target Enumeration and Port Scanning Techniques–Advanced Firewall/IDS Evading Techniques.					
Suggested Activities: Create a social networking website login page using phishing techniques.					
UNIT-III	NETWORK ATTACKS	12			
Vulnerability Data Resources – Exploit Databases – Network Sniffing – Types of Sniffing – Promiscuous and Non promiscuous versus Mode – MITM, ARP, Denial of Service and Hijacking Session with MITM Attacks – SSL Strip: Stripping HTTPS Traffic –DNS,ARP Spoofing Attack Manipulating the DNS Records – DHCP Spoofing –Remote Exploitation – Attacking Network Remote Services – Overview of Brute Force and Traditional Brute Force – Attacking SMTP, SQL Servers – Testing for Weak Authentication.					
Suggested Activities: - Demonstration of DoS attacks. - Install jcrypt tool (or any other equivalent) and demonstrate Asymmetric, Symmetric Crypto algorithm, Hash and Digital/PKI signatures studied in theory Network Security and					

Management.		
UNIT-IV	EXPLOITATION	12
Introduction to Metasploit–Reconnaissance with Metasploit –Port Scanning with Metasploit, Compromising a windows Host with Metasploit –Client Side Exploitation Methods –Creating a Custom Executable and a Backdoor with SET – PDF Hacking– Social Engineering Toolkit– Browser and Post Exploitation– Acquiring Situation Awareness– Hashing and Windows Hashing Methods – Cracking the Hashes– Brute force Dictionary attacks – Password Salts– Rainbow Tables– John the Ripper– Gathering OS Information– Harvesting Stored credentials. Suggested Activities: • Install rootkits and study variety of options. • Study of Techniques uses for Web Based Password Capturing		
UNIT-V	WIRELESS AND WEB HACKING	12
Wireless Hacking – Introducing Air crack – Cracking a WEP – Cracking a WPA/WPA2 Wireless Network Using Air cracking – Evil Twin Attack – Causing Denial of Service on the Original AP. Web Hacking – Attacking the Authentication – Brute Force and Dictionary Attacks –Further Reading–Crawling Restricted Links–Testing for the Vulnerability –Authentication Bypass with Insecure Cookie Handling– SQL Injection Attacks –Cross-Site Scripting and it types. Suggested Activities: • Demonstration of SQL injection attacks. • Implement Passive scanning, active scanning, session hijacking, cookies extraction using Burp suit tool.		
		TOTAL : 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to: CO1: Summarize the various security tools to assess the computing system. CO2: Experiment with the vulnerabilities across any computing system using penetration testing. CO3: Make use of prediction mechanism to prevent any kind of attacks. CO4: Utilize the various techniques to protect the system from malicious software and worms. CO5: Identify the wireless network flaws and apply security patches.		
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Rafay Baloch, “Ethical Hacking and Penetration Testing Guide”, CRC Press, 1st edition, 2015. 2. Allen Harper, Ryan Linn, Stephen Sims, Michael Baucom and Moses Frost, “Gray Hat Hacking: The Ethical Hacker's Handbook”, 5th edition , McGraw Hill,2018. 3. Stefano Novelli, Marco Stefano Doria and Marco Silvestri, “Hacklog Volume 1 Anonymity: IT Security & Ethical Hacking Handbook”,1st edition , BW / Inforge ,2019.		

REFERENCES:

1. Alana Maurushat, “Ethical Hacking”, 1st edition, University Of Ottawa Press, 2019.
2. Kevin Beaver, “Ethical Hacking for Dummies”, 6th edition, Wiley publications, 2018.
3. Mohuya Chakraborty, Satyajit Chakrabarti and Valentina E. Balas, “Proceedings of International Ethical Hacking Conference 2019”, 1st edition, Springer Singapore, 2020.

21PIT06	SOCIAL NETWORK SECURITY	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To outline the components of the social network analysis. - To infer about the privacy in social networks. - To explain about data mining and text mining. - To interpret the knowledge about web mining. - To build the real time application systems.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION	9			
Social Network Analysis – Basic concepts – Design, Theorization, Data Processing – Tensor Decomposition - Characteristics of Online Communication - Rich Media Communication Patterns – Applications of SNA.					
UNIT-II	PRIVACY IN SOCIAL NETWORKS	9			
Privacy breaches – definitions for publishing data – Privacy preserving mechanisms - Trust Network Analysis - Trust Transitivity Analysis - The Dirichlet Reputation System.					
UNIT-III	DATA MINING AND TEXT MINING	9			
Data Mining in a Nutshell - Social Media - Motivations for Data Mining in Social Media - Data Mining Methods for Social Media - Related Efforts. Text Mining: Keyword Search - Classification Algorithms - Clustering Algorithms - Transfer Learning in Heterogeneous Networks.					
UNIT-IV	WEB MINING	9			
Web Community - Web Data Model - Information Retrieval Performance Evaluation Metrics - Web Content Mining - Web Linkage Mining: Web Graph Measurement and Modeling - Web Linkage Mining.					
UNIT-V	APPLICATIONS	9			
Analysis of Communities and Their Evolutions in Dynamic Networks - Socio-Sense: A System for Analyzing the Societal Behavior from Web Archive - A Hybrid User-based and Item-based Web Recommendation System - User-based and Item-based Collaborative Filtering Recommender Systems.					
					TOTAL : 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to					
CO1: Explain the components of the social network analysis.					
CO2: Interpret knowledge about the privacy in social networks.					
CO3: Illustrate about data mining and text mining.					
CO4: Demonstrate web mining in social network.					
CO5: Develop the application related to real time systems.					

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Borko Furht, "Handbook of Social Network Technologies and Applications", 1st edition, Springer, 2010.
2. Guandong Xu, Yanchun Zhang and Lin Li, "Web Mining and Social Networking – Techniques and applications", 1st edition, Springer, 2012.
3. Brij B. Gupta and Somya Ranjan Sahoo, "Online Social Networks Security: Principles, Algorithm, Applications, and Perspectives", 1st edition, CRC Press Publishers, 2021.

REFERENCES :

1. Charu C. Aggarwal, "Social Network Data Analytics", 1st edition, Springer, 2014.
2. Przemyslaw Kazienko and Nitesh Chawla, "Applications of Social Media and Social Network Analysis", 1st edition, Springer, 2015.
3. Nilanjan Dey, Samarjeet Borah, Rosalina Babo, Amira S. Ashour, "Social Network Analytics", 1st edition, Academic Press Publishers, 2018.

21PIT07	SECURITY AND PRIVACY IN CLOUD	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To infer the concept of cloud computing. - To explain the architecture and services of cloud. - To identify the need of security in cloud computing. - To outline the privacy in cloud computing. - To illustrate cloud security polices for audit and compliance.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION				9
Introduction to Cloud Computing – Definition of Cloud – Evolution of Cloud Computing – Underlying Principles of Parallel and Distributed Computing – Cloud Characteristics – Elasticity in Cloud – On demand Provisioning.					
UNIT-II	CLOUD ARCHITECTURE, SERVICES AND STORAGE				9
Basics of Virtualization – Implementation Levels of Virtualization – Virtualization Structures – Tools and Mechanisms- Public, Private and Hybrid Clouds - IaaS – PaaS – SaaS – Architectural Design Challenges – Cloud Storage.					
UNIT-III	CLOUD SECURITY STANDARDS				9
Cloud Infrastructure security: network, host and application level – aspects of data security, provider data and its security, Identity and access management architecture, IAM practices in the cloud, SaaS, PaaS, IaaS availability in the cloud, Key privacy issues in the cloud.					
UNIT-IV	PRIVACY IN CLOUD				9
Privacy- Data Life Cycle- Key privacy concerns in cloud- Responsibility for protecting privacy- Changes to privacy Risk Management and Compliance in Relations to cloud computing- Legal and Regularity Implications- Laws and Regulations.					
UNIT-V	AUDIT AND COMPLIANCE				9
Audit and Compliance -Internal Policy Compliance -Governance, Risk, and Compliance (GRC) - Illustrative Control Objectives for Cloud Computing -Incremental CSP-Specific Control Objectives - Additional Key Management Control Objectives- Control Considerations for CSP Users - Regulatory/External Compliance - Auditing the Cloud for Compliance.					
					TOTAL: 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to:					
CO1: Interpret the concept of cloud computing.					
CO2: Summarize the architecture and services of cloud.					
CO3: Experiment with IAM practices in cloud computing.					
CO4: Explain the privacy issues in cloud computing.					

CO5: Outline cloud security policies for audit and compliance.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Tim Mather, Subra Kumaraswamy and Shahed Latif, " Cloud Security and Privacy: An Enterprise Perspective on Risks and Compliance (Theory in Practice)", 1st Edition, O'Reilly Publications, September 2009.
2. Kai Hwang, Geoffrey C. Fox and Jack G. Dongarra, "Distributed and Cloud Computing, From Parallel Processing to the Internet of Things", 1st Edition, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2012.
3. Liliana F. B. Soares, Diogo A. B. Fernandes and Joao V. Gomes, "Security ,privacy and trust in cloud systems", 1st edition, Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg publications, 2014.

REFERENCES :

1. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola and S. ThamaraiSelvi, "Mastering Cloud Computing", 1st Edition, Tata Mcgraw Hill, 2013.
2. Toby Velte, Anthony Velte and Robert Elsenpeter, "Cloud Computing - A Practical Approach", 1st Edition, Tata Mcgraw Hill, 2009.
3. George Reese, "Cloud Application Architectures: Building Applications and Infrastructure in the Cloud: Transactional Systems for EC2 and Beyond (Theory in Practice)", O'Reilly, 2009.

21PIT08	CRYPTOCURRENCY AND BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGIES	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To infer the basic concepts of Blockchain technologies. - To identify Ethereum basics and its applications. - To outline Bitcoin basics and its challenges. - To apply the fundamentals of crypto currencies. - To develop the applications of Blockchain technologies and deal with privacy issues.					
UNIT I	INTRODUCTION OF BLOCKCHAIN	12			
Peer-to-Peer (P2P) Networking, Blockchain Architecture, Blocks in Blockchain, Types of Blockchain, the Logical Components of Blockchain, Core Components of Blockchain Architecture, Smart contracts and their applications.					
Suggested Activities : Study of Basic Cryptography Concepts for Blockchain					
UNIT II	ETHEREUM BASICS	12			
The Ethereum Network – Components of Ethereum Ecosystem – Ethereum Programming Languages: Runtime Byte Code, Blocks and Blockchain, Fee Schedule – Supporting Protocols – Solidity Language.					
Suggested Activities : - Creating and Building up Ethereum Wallet. - Building a Private Ethereum Network and Deploying Smart Contract					
UNIT III	INTRODUCTION OF BITCOIN	12			
Bitcoin features, Blockchain and Bitcoin, Bitcoin Security, Bitcoin Transaction, Transaction Lifecycle, Consensus Protocol, Role of Bitcoin Crimes, Dark Side of Bitcoin Crimes, Open Challenges to Bitcoin Crimes.					
Suggested Activities : Creating and Building a Bitcoin Wallet.					
UNIT IV	FUNDAMENTALS OF CRYPTOCURRENCIES	12			
Bitcoin – Digital Keys and Addresses – Transactions – Mining – Bitcoin Networks and Payments – Wallets – Alternative Coins – Theoretical Foundations – Bitcoin Limitations – Name Coin – Prime Coin – Zcash – Smart Contracts – Ricardian Contracts.					
Suggested Activities : - Study of Hyperledger - Creating a Business Ledger using Hyperledger					

UNIT V	SECURITY AND PRIVACY ISSUES OF BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY	12
Introduction, Blockchain - Aspects for Consideration, Security of block chain, Privacy of blockchains, Security Issues of Blockchain Technology, Privacy Issues of Blockchain Technology, Types of Attack, Security Enhancement to Blockchain Systems, Applications of Blockchain in Health care, Finance.		
Suggested Activities :		
Building and deploying multichain private Blockchain		
		TOTAL: 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:		
At the end of the course, learners will be able to		
CO1: Outline the concepts of Blockchain technologies.		
CO2: Develop Ethereum block chain contract.		
CO3: Make use of the concepts of Bitcoin and their usage.		
CO4: Experiment with the basic principles of Cryptocurrencies.		
CO5: Utilize the knowledge of blockchain technologies to develop various applications.		
TEXT BOOKS:		
- Imran Bashir, "Mastering Blockchain: Distributed Ledger Technology, Decentralization and Smart Contracts Explained", 2nd edition, Packt Publishing, 2018. - Pethuru Raj, Kavita Saini and Chellammal Surianarayanan," Blockchain Technology and Applications", 1st edition, CRC Press, 2021. - Elad Elrom, "The Blockchain Developer – A Practical Guide for Designing, Implementing, Publishing, Testing, and Securing Distributed Blockchain-based Projects", 1st edition, Apress, 2019.		
REFERENCES:		
- Saravanan Krishnan, Raghvendra Kumar, S. Balaji, , Valentina Emilia Balas and Y. Harold Robinson , "Handbook of Research on Blockchain Technology", 1st edition, Academic Press, 2020. - Merunas Grincalaitis, "Mastering Ethereum: Implement Advanced Blockchain Applications using Ethereum-supported Tools, Services, and Protocols", 1st edition, Packt Publishing, 2019. - Melanie Swan," Blockchain Blueprint for a New Economy", 1st edition, O'Really Media Inc,2015. - Shiho Kim and Ganesh Chandra Deka," Advanced Applications of Blockchain Technology", 1st edition, Springer, 2019.		

VERTICAL 5: CREATIVE MEDIA

21PIT09	MULTIMEDIA AND ANIMATION	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
• To infer multimedia system design. • To utilize multimedia file handling, various software programs used in creation and implementation of multimedia. • To identify various types of animation. • To make use of strong knowledge about the fundamental principles of animation. • To model various types of drawings.					
UNIT I	MULTIMEDIA SYSTEM DESIGN				12
Multimedia basics – Multimedia applications – Multimedia system architecture – Evolving technologies for multimedia – Defining objects for multimedia systems – Multimedia data interface standards – Multimedia databases. Compression and decompression – Binary, color, gray scale and still video image compression, Video image compression, audio compression.					
Suggested Activities: Study the notes of a piano and stimulate them using the keyboard and store them in file Devise a routine to produce the animation effect of a square transforming to a triangle and then to a circle.					
UNIT II	MULTIMEDIA FILE HANDLING & HYPERMEDIA				12
Data and file format standards – Multimedia I/O technologies – Digital voice and audio – Video image and animation – Full motion video – Storage and retrieval technologies. Multimedia authoring systems- User interface design - Hypermedia messaging -Mobile messaging – Hypermedia message component – Creating hypermedia message – Integrated multimedia message standards – Integrated document management – Distributed multimedia systems.					
Suggested Activities: Write a program to play “wave” or “midi” format sound files					
UNIT III	ANIMATION BASICS				12
Animation: Stop Motion Photo Animation- Cel and Paper Animation- Cel Animation, Stop Motion Animation, Computer Animation, 2-D Animation, 3-D Animation.					
Suggested Activities: • Designing Flipbook. • Drawing Basic Shapes.					
UNIT IV	ANIMATION PRACTICES				12
Squash and Stretch, slow in and slow out, timing and placement, Generic walk, Double bounce and					

sneak, Full rigged character, Character walk		
Suggested Activities:		
• Designing Characters with Wax and Oil Based Clay. • Using characters in stop motion animation.		
UNIT V	DRAWINGS	12
Audio record and breakdown, Story Board, Key Pose animation, Key Drawings and in Betweens Clean ups, Background art- Light and shade, Light and Shadow, Depth layering, Inking and colouring, Digital colouring		
Suggested Activities:		
• Experimental Work with different mediums like sand, stones, grass, hard board, pen and Ink , water colors, poster colors, dry brush etc. • Draw all kinds of facial expressions.		
		TOTAL : 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:		
At the end of the course, learners will be able to:		
CO1: Outline the design of Multimedia System Design.		
CO2: Develop various types of Multimedia File handling methods and experiments with various shapes and hypermedia files.		
CO3: Make use of various types of animation in developing applications.		
CO4: Identify various techniques in animation.		
CO5: Experiment with types of drawings.		
TEXT BOOKS:		
1. Andleigh, P. K and Kiran Thakrar, “Multimedia Systems and Design”, 1st edition, Pearson Education India, 2015. 2. Chris Patmore ,” The Complete Animation Course: The Principles, Practice, and Techniques of Successful Animation”, 1st edition, Baron’s Educational Series, 2003. 3. Tony White, "Animation Masterclasses from Pencils to Pixels- A Complete Course in Animation & Production", 1st edition, CRC Press, 2022.		
REFERENCES :		
1. Judith Jeffcoate, “Multimedia in practice: Technology and Applications”, 1st edition, PHI, 1998. 2. Richard Williams, “The Animator’s Survival Kit”, 1st edition, Faber and Faber Publications, 2009. 3. Chris Webster, "Animation The Mechanics of motion", 1st edition, Focal Press, 2005.		

21PIT10	MULTIMEDIA DATA COMPRESSION AND STORAGE	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: • To infer the fundamentals of compression techniques. • To illustrate the various coding and algorithms of Text and Image compression. • To apply the compression techniques in multimedia processing applications. • To learn about standards and techniques of video compression. • To explain the basics of multimedia communication and retrieval that is commonly used in industry.					
UNIT-I	FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPRESSION	9			
Introduction To multimedia – Graphics, Image and Video representations — Storage requirements of multimedia applications – Need for compression – Taxonomy of compression Algorithms - Elements of Information Theory – Error Free Compression – Lossy Compression.					
UNIT-II	TEXT AND IMAGE COMPRESSION	9			
Huffman coding – Adaptive Huffman coding – Arithmetic coding – Shannon-Fano coding-Dictionary techniques – LZW family algorithms - Image Compression – JPEG Standard –JPEG 2000 standards – JBIG and JBIG2 standards.					
UNIT-III	AUDIO COMPRESSION	9			
Audio compression Techniques – ADPCM in speech coding– Phase Insensitivity – Chanel Vocoder – Formant vocoder – G.726 ADPCM – MPEG audio – CELP vocoders – Linear Predictive coding.					
UNIT-IV	VIDEO COMPRESSION	9			
Video compression – MPEG video coding: MPEG-1 and MPEG-2 video coding: MPEG-4 – Motion compensation techniques –H.261 Standard –H.263 Standard.					
UNIT-V	MULTIMEDIA COMMUNICATION AND RETRIEVAL	9			
Basics of computer and multimedia network – Multiplexing Technologies –Quality of Multimedia Data Transmission –Multimedia over ATM Networks – Media on Demand– Radio propagation channel –Trends in Wireless Interactive Multimedia.					
					TOTAL :45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to: CO1: Outline the fundamentals of multimedia compression techniques.					

CO2: Summarize the various algorithms of Text and Image compression.
CO3: Apply the various compression techniques for multimedia processing applications.
CO4: Compare various video compression techniques.
CO5: Explain the basic concepts of multimedia communication and retrieval.
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Darrel Hankerson, Greg A Harris and Peter D Johnson, “Introduction to Information Theory and Data Compression”, 2nd edition, Chapman and Hall , CRC press, 2003. 2. Khalid Sayood,” Introduction to Data Compression”, Morgan Kauffman Harcourt India, 5th edition, 2020. 3. Mark S. Drew and Ze-Nian Li, “Fundamentals of Multimedia”, 1st edition, Pearson education, 2004.
REFERENCES : 1. David Solomon, “Data Compression – The Complete Reference”, 4th edition, Springer Verlag, New York, 2006. 2. Brusilovsky, Peter et.al, “The Adaptive Web: Methods and Strategies of Web Personalization”, 1st edition, Springer, 2007. 3. David Salomon, “Handbook of Data Compression”, 5th edition, Springer publication, 2010.

21PIT11	UI AND UX DESIGN		L	T	P	C
			2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To outline the design of graphical user interfaces. - To illustrate the user interfaces design process. - To demonstrate the concepts and principles of UX. - To develop an UX plane for an application. - To build a simple application with UI and UX.						
UNIT I	INTRODUCTION TO THE USER INTERFACE					12
The importance of User Interface (UI) – The importance of Good Design – A Brief Historical Overview of Interface Design – Characteristics of Graphical and Web User Interface – Interaction Styles – The Graphical User Interface – Web User Interface – Principles of UI Design – The Merging of Graphical Business Systems and the Web.						
Suggested Activities: GUI Basics – Building an Interface.						
UNIT II	USER INTERFACE DESIGN PROCESS					12
Know Your User or Client - Understand the Business Function - Understand the Principles of Good Interface and Screen Design - Develop System Menus and Navigation Schemes - Select the Proper Kinds of Windows - Select the Proper Interaction Devices - Choose the Proper Screen-Based Controls - Create Meaningful Graphics, Icons, and Images - Choose the Proper Colors - Organize and Layout Windows and Pages.						
Suggested Activities: Graphics – The Canvas.						
UNIT III	INTRODUCTION TO THE USER EXPERIENCE					12
The Tao of UXD Basics- What Is User Experience Design? - The Broad Definition - The Project Ecosystem - Identify the Type of Site - Choose Your Hats - Understand the Company Culture - Proposals for Consultants and Freelancers - UX Design Guidelines.						
Suggested Activities: Widget Events – Binding Actions.						
UNIT IV	UX PLANE					12
The Strategy Plane - The Scope Plane - The Structure Plane - The Skeleton Plane - The Surface Plane - The Elements Applied - User Experience and the Web - Meet the Elements.						
Suggested Activities: Improving the User Experience.						

UNIT V	UI/ UX Design Tools	12
Invaders Revenge - An Interactive Multi-touch Game - Invaders Revenge – An animated multi-touch game- Atlas – An efficient management of images-Boom – simple sound effects - Ammo – simple animation- Invader – transitions for animations - Dock – automatic binding in the Kivy language - Fleet – infinite concatenation of animations - Scheduling events with the clock- Shooter – multi-touch control- Invasion – moving the shooter with the keyboard - Combining animations with '+' and '&'. Suggested Activities: Develop sound effect and shooter for a simple game.		
		TOTAL: 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to CO1: Explain the design of graphical user interfaces. CO2: Summarize the User Interfaces to design a good product. CO3: Relate the concepts and principles of UX. CO4: Experiment with UX plane. CO5: Develop a simple application incorporating UI and UX.		
TEXT BOOK: 1. Wilbert O. Galitz, “The Essential Guide to User Interface Design An Introduction to GUI Design Principles and Techniques”, 3rd edition, Wiley Publishing, Inc., 2017. 2. Russ Unger and Carolyn Chandler, “A Project Guide to UX Design: For user experience designers in the field or in the making”, 2nd edition, New Riders Publishing, 2012. 3. Roberto Ulloa, “Kivy – Interactive Applications and Games in Python”, 2nd edition, Packt Publishing, 2015.		
REFERENCES: 1. Jesse James Garrett, “The Elements of User Experience: User-Centered Design for the Web and Beyond”, 2nd edition, Pearson Education. 2011. 2. Rex Hartson and Pardha S. Pyla, “The UX Book Process and Guidelines for Ensuring a Quality User Experience”, Elsevier, 2012. 3. Pamala Deacon, “UX and UI Strategy: A step by step Guide on UX and UI design”, 1st edition, Packt Publishing, 2020.		

21PIT12	VIDEO PROCESSING AND ANALYTICS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To explain the fundamentals of video processing. - To identify the moving objects using motion estimation techniques. - To experiments with video processing tools for analytics. - To utilize data streams for categorization of videos. - To construct application for video analytics.					
UNIT-I	VIDEO FUNDAMENTALS				9
Basic Concepts and Terminology – Analog Video Standards – Digital Video Basics – Analog to Digital Conversion – Color Representation and Chroma Sub Sampling – Video Sampling Rate and Standards Conversion – Digital Video Formats – Video Features – Colour, Shape and Textural features.					
UNIT-II	MOTION ESTIMATION				9
Fundamentals of Motion Estimation – Optical Flow – 2D and 3D Motion Estimation – Block Based Methods – Phase Correlation Methods – Block Matching Methods – Hierarchical Motion Estimation – Genaralized Block Motion Estimation					
UNIT-III	VIDEO SEGMENTATION AND ANALYTICS				9
Direct Methods – Optical Flow Segmentation – Simultaneous Estimation and Segmentation: Motion Field Model – The Algorithm – Relationship to other algorithms.					
UNIT-IV	MINING DATA STREAMS				9
Introduction to Streams Concept – Sampling Data in a Stream – Filtering Streams – Counting Distinct Elements in a Stream – Video Database – Categorization of Videos – Video Query Categorization.					
UNIT-V	EMERGING TRENDS				9
Affective Video Content Analysis – Parsing a Video into Semantic Segments – Video Indexing and Abstraction for Retrieval – Automatic Video Trailer Generation– Video in painting– Forensic Video Analysis.					
					TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able to:

CO1: Explain the basic video processing functions.

CO2: Experiment with optical flow and motion estimation.

CO3: Make use of segmentation techniques for video analytics.

CO4: Select techniques to index and retrieve videos for faster access.

CO5: Develop applications for video analytics.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. A. Murat Tekalp, "Digital Video Processing", 2nd edition, Prentice Hall, 2015.
2. Oges Marques, "Practical Image and Video Processing Using MATLAB", 1st edition, Wiley and Sons (IEEE Press), 2011.
3. Anand Rajaraman and Jeffrey David Ullman, "Mining of Massive Datasets", 1st edition, Cambridge University Press, 2012.

REFERENCES :

1. Alan C. Bovik, "Handbook of Image and Video processing", 2nd edition, Academic Press, 2005.
2. Al Bovik, "The Essential Guide to Video Processing", 1st edition, Academic Press, 2009.
3. Suhel Dhanani and Michael Parker, "Digital Video Processing for Engineers: A Foundation for Embedded Systems Design", 1st edition, Newnes publishers, 2012.

21PIT13	TECHNIQUES FOR VISUAL EFFECTS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To illustrate the basics of visual effects. - To summarize basic compositing theory. - To experiment with intermediate compositing techniques. - To make use of advanced compositing methods. - To build applications with advanced effects.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION	9			
Digital Image Basics – Resolution – Color – Packing it in – File formats – Video and Film – Film to Computer – Video to Computer – Image Quality – Desktop Hardware options – Telecine – Film Scanners.					
UNIT-II	BASIC COMPOSITING AND TOOLS	9			
Basic Compositing theory – Channels – Mattes – Filters – Geometric transformation – Basic tools – Compositing with alpha channel – Simple keying – Filters and Effects – Geometric Transformations.					
UNIT-III	INTERMEDIATE COMPOSITING	9			
Rig removal with a clean plate – Rotoscoping – Tracking – Stabilizing – Destabilizing – Tracking for animation.					
UNIT-IV	ADVANCED COMPOSITING	9			
Tweaking Colors – Color tools – Matte painting for the moving camera – Reserving footage – Changing speed – Motion blur – Stretching time.					
UNIT-V	QUALITY AND ADVANCED SPECIAL EFFECTS	9			
Quality and Efficiency – Minimizing data loss – Consolidating operations – Beyond black and white – Non linear color spaces – working with 3D elements – Related 2D disciplines – case studies.					
					TOTAL : 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to: CO1: Explain the concept of Visual Effects.					

CO2: Outline about various compositing and tools.

CO3: Utilize the concepts of Intermediate compositing for animation.

CO4: Make use of advanced compositing techniques.

CO5: Experiment with 2D and 3D animation techniques.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Doug Kelly, " Digital Compositing In Depth: The Only Guide to Post Production for Visual Effects in Film", 1st edition, Coriolis Group Books, 2000.
2. Ron Brinkmann, "The art and science of digital compositing : Techniques for visual effects, Animation and Motion Graphics", 2nd edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2008.
3. Jeffrey Okun and Susan Zwerman, "The VES Handbook of Visual Effects: Industry Standard VFX Practices and Procedures", Routledge, 3rd edition, 2020.

REFERENCES :

1. Angie Taylor, " Creative After Effects 7: Workflow Techniques for Animation, Visual Effects and Motion Graphics", 1st edition, Focal press, 2006.
2. Charles Finance and Susan Zwerman, "The Visual Effects Producer: Understanding the Art and Business of VFX, Routledge, 1st edition, 2015.
3. Gress Jon, "[digital] Visual Effects and Compositing, 1st edition, New Riders publications, 2014.

21PIT14	GAME DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT			
	L	T	P	C
	2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:				
• To illustrate the basic concepts of game programming. • To experiment with 3D graphics concepts. • To apply the terminologies like sound, physics and cameras for developing simple games. • To choose user interfaces and scripting for developing games. • To make use of gaming concepts for game development.				
UNIT I	INTRODUCTION TO GAME PROGRAMMING			12
Game Programming Overview: Evolution of Video Game Programming - The Game Loop - Time and Games – Game Objects. 2D Graphics: 2D Rendering Foundations - Sprites – Scrolling - Tile Maps. Linear Algebra for Games.				
Suggested Activities:				
• Installation of Pygame and Pygame Zero and Implementation of colour models and shading models in Python.				
UNIT II	3D GRAPHICS			12
Basics - Coordinate Spaces - Lighting and Shading – Visibility - World Transform, Revisited - Input Devices - Event-Based Input Systems - Mobile Input.				
Suggested Activities:				
• Experiment with game script in natural language for story creation. • Practical problems in game level design.				
UNIT III	SOUND, PHYSICS AND CAMERAS			12
Basic Sound - 3D Sound - Digital Signal Processing - Planes, Rays, and Line Segments . - Collision Geometry - Collision Detection - Physics-Based Movement - Types of Cameras - Perspective Projections - Camera Implementations - Camera Support Algorithms.				
Suggested Activities:				
• Implementation of simple animations in Pygame and Processing.py				
UNIT IV	USER INTERFACES AND SCRIPTING			12
Menu Systems - HUD Elements - Other UI Considerations - Scripting Languages - Implementing a Scripting Language - Data Formats.				
Suggested Activities:				
• Installation of Unity scripts routines for character rendering, transformations and sound processing.				
UNIT V	GAME DEVELOPMENT			12

Side-Scroller for iOS - Tower Defense for PC/Mac - Tetris game.	
Suggested Activities: • Implementation of Sudoku Game • Implementation of Tic Tac Toe Game	
	TOTAL: 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to CO1: Explain the basic concepts of game programming. CO2: Experiment with 3D graphics concepts. CO3: Make use of the concepts of sound, physics and cameras to develop simple games. CO4: Apply the concepts of user interfaces and scripting to develop games. CO5: Utilize the gaming concepts to develop games in various platforms.	
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Sanjay Madhav, “Game Programming Algorithms and Techniques: A Platform Agnostic Approach”, Addison-Wesley Professional, 2nd edition, 2014. 2. K. Patinson, “Game Development: Gaming Design and Programming”, Code Academy Publishers, 1st edition, 2021. 3. James R Parker and J R Parker, “Introduction to Game Development:”, Mercury Learning & Information Publishers, 1st edition, 2015.	
REFERENCES: 1. Will McGugan, “Beginning Game Development with Python and Pygame: From Novice to Professional”, Apress Publishers, 1st edition, 2007. 2. Paul Vincent Craven, “Program Arcade games”, Apress Publishers, 4th edition, 2016. 3. Steve Rabin, “Introduction to Game Development”, Charies River Media Publishers, 2nd edition, 2009.	

21PIT15	CONCEPTS OF AUGMENTED REALITY AND VIRTUAL REALITY	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: • To demonstrate various augmented reality methods. • To explain the scientific, technical and engineering aspects of augmented reality. • To explain the scientific, technical and engineering aspects of virtual reality. • To develop applications based on AR and VR technologies. • To summarize the applications of AR and VR.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION	9			
Introduction to Augmented Reality, Other Enhancements, The Relationship between Augmented Reality and Other Technologies, Virtual and Mixed Reality, Cyber Space, Virtuality and the Virtuality Continuum, The Reality Continuum, The Metaverse and the Metaverse Roadmap, Introduction to VR – The three I’s of VR, Early commercial VR technology, VR becomes an Industry, Five classic components of VR system					
UNIT-II	AUGMENTED REALITY HARDWARE	9			
The Two-Step Process of Augmented Reality Applications, Hardware Components For AR - Sensors, Processors, Displays, Augmented Reality System.					
UNIT-III	VIRTUAL REALITY HARDWARE	9			
Input Devices: Trackers, Navigation and Gesture Interfaces, Output Devices: Graphics, Three-Dimensional Sound, and Haptic Displays, Computing Architecture for VR, Modeling.					
UNIT-IV	AR AND VR SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT	9			
Software involved directly in the Augmented Reality application- Environmental acquisition, Sensor integration, Application engine, Rendering software, Augmented Reality libraries, Software used to create content for the Augmented Reality Application, VR Programming – Toolkits and Scene graphics, World toolkit, Java 3D, General Haptics Open Software Toolkit (GHOST).					
UNIT-V	APPLICATIONS	9			
AR Applications – Magic books, Magic Mirrors, Magic Windows and Doors, Magic Lens, Navigation Assistance, Non referential augmentation, Objective view augmented reality, Traditional VR applications – Medical Applications of VR, Virtual anatomy, Triage and Diagnostic, Surgery, Rehabilitation, Education, arts and Entertainment, Military VR Applications.					
					TOTAL: 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to: CO1: Explain the basic knowledge of AR and VR.					

CO2: Outline the scientific, technical and engineering aspects of AR.
CO3: Outline the scientific, technical and engineering aspects of VR.
CO4: Experiment with technologies related to AR and VR software development.
CO5: Summarize the applications of AR and VR engineering.
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Burdea, G. C. and P. Coffet, “Virtual Reality Technology”, 2nd edition, Wiley- IEEE Press, 2006. 2. Alan B. Craig, “Understanding Augmented Reality, Concepts and Applications”, 1st edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2013. 3. John Vince, “Virtual Reality Systems”, 1st edition, Pearson Education, 2002.
REFERENCES : 1. Alan Craig, William Sherman and Jeffrey Will, “Developing Virtual Reality Application, Foundations of Effective Design”, 1st edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2009. 2. George Mather, “Foundations of Sensation and Perception”, 3rd edition, Psychology Press, 2009. 3. Chetankumar G Shetty, “Augmented Reality - Theory, Design and Development”, 1st edition, McGraw Hill 2020.

21PIT16	STRATEGIES OF DIGITAL MARKETING	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
• To explain the fundamentals of Digital Marketing. • To outline the optimization of search engine. • To utilize the most popular social media platforms to grow business. • To experiment with various tools for digital marketing. • To plan case studies for understanding real world scenarios.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION TO DIGITAL MARKETING				9
Introduction- From Traditional to model marketing-Premise of Traditional Marketing-Evolution of Digital Marketing-Rise of the Internet- Growth and Impact of Search Technologies- Understanding e models-Digital -The next wave of Marketing.					
UNIT-II	SEARCH ENGINE OPTIMIZATION (SEO)				9
SEO tools-Picking a product-Picking a domain name-Domain Registration & Hosting-Page Optimization-Home Page Optimization-Site Optimization-Registering with Directories-Link Building-Common SEO Abuse Techniques-Appearing Natural-SEO as a Standalone Product-The Social Elements of Relevancy-Interactive Elements-Choosing a Domain Name-Hosting-Copywriting.					
UNIT-III	SOCIAL MEDIA OPTIMIZATION (SMO)				9
Blogging-API-Widget-Likes-Groups-Application-Open Graph-Traditional Marketing Elucidation of out bound tactics-Inbound Marketing- Magnet, Sledgehammer Concept-Content Marketing-Get Found Tactics -Convert Tactics-Analyze Tactics.					
UNIT-IV	SEARCH ENGINE MARKETING				9
Emergence of Digital Marketing as a tool- Pull and Push Marketing-Media consumption drivers for new marketing environment-Digital Marketing Channel-Digital Marketing Frame work -Digital Marketing application and benefits-Critical Success Factors for Digital Marketing.					
UNIT-V	CASE STUDIES				9
Google Analytics -Website Analysis and Quality Control-A Microlevel Elucidation of Lead Generation Strategy-Content Formats for Mobile-Lead Nurturing-SEO Next-Social Media Monitoring Strategy-Google Algorithms-Steps to increase Google Page Rank.					
					TOTAL :45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able to:

CO1: Explain the fundamentals of Digital Marketing.

CO2: Summarize about search engine optimization techniques.

CO3: Make use of most popular social media platforms to grow business.

CO4: Apply the knowledge about various online advertisement techniques.

CO5: Plan case studies for understanding real world scenarios.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Puneet Singh Bhatia, "Fundamentals of Digital Marketing," 1st edition, Pearson Education, 2017.
2. Aaron Matthew Wall, "Search Engine Optimization Book", 1st edition, 2005.
3. Dave Chaffey and Fiona Ellis, "Digital Marketing: Strategy, Implementation & Practice", 7th edition, Pearson Education, 2019.

REFERENCES:

1. Rob Stokes, "e Marketing: the essential guide to digital marketing", 6th edition, The Red & Yellow Creative School of Business, 2008.
2. Jayakumar K, "IT Business Process Management and Strategic Marketing", 2nd edition, 2014.
3. Vandana Ahuja, "Digital Marketing", 1st edition, Oxford University Press, 2015.

VERTICAL 6: PROGRESSIVE TECHNOLOGIES

21PIT17	TECHNIQUES OF ROBOTIC PROCESS AUTOMATION	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
• To explain the fundamentals of Robotic Process Automation. • To model the basics of Robotic Process Automation tool. • To outline the automation techniques of Robotic Process Automation. • To experiment with bot using triggering concept. • To develop and maintain the bot.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION TO ROBOTIC PROCESS AUTOMATION	9			
History of Automation - What is RPA - RPA vs Automation - Benefits of RPA - Components of RPA - RPA platforms - About UiPath - UiPath Robot - Record and Play-UiPath stack - Learning UiPath Studio-Task recorder-Step-by-step examples using the recorder.					
UNIT-II	RPA TOOL	9			
What is a Sequence? - Using activities with workflows – Flowchart - Control Flow, Sequencing the workflow - Control flow, various types of loops, and decision making - Step-by-step example using Sequence and Flowchart-Step-by-step example using Sequence and Control flow.					
UNIT-III	DATA MANIPULATION	9			
Variables and scope–Collections -Arguments – Purpose and use - Data table usage with examples - Clipboard management - File operation with step-by-step example - CSV/Excel to data table and vice versa.					
UNIT-IV	TAKING CONTROL OF THE CONTROLS	9			
Taking Control of the Controls - Implementing the Attach Window activity -Finding the control - Techniques for waiting for a control - Act on controls – mouse and keyboard activities -Working with UiExplorer - Handling events - Handling events - Screen Scraping-When to use OCR-Types of OCR available - Avoiding typical failure points-SAP automation-Java plugin-Citrix automation.					
UNIT-V	HANDLING USER EVENTS AND ASSISTANT BOTS	9			
What are assistant bots? - Monitoring system event triggers - Monitoring image and element triggers - Launching an assistant bot on a keyboard event- Common exceptions and ways to handle them - Logging and taking screenshots - Debugging techniques - Collecting crash dumps - Error reporting - Nesting workflows -Reusability of workflows.					
					TOTAL :45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to:					
CO1: Explain the fundamentals of Robotic Process Automation.					

CO2: Identify the different Robotic Process Automation tools and its usage.

CO3: Outline the automation techniques of Robotic Process Automation.

CO4: Apply the various triggering concept for monitoring bots.

CO5: Plan, develop and deploy bots.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Alok Mani Tripathi, "Learning Robotic Process Automation", 1st edition Packt Publishing, 2018.
2. Nandan Mullakara, Arun Kumar and Asokan, "Robotic Process Automation Projects: Build real-world RPA solutions using UiPath and Automation Anywhere", 1st edition, Packt Publishing, 2020.
3. Robert Fantina, Andriy Storozhuk and Kamal Goyal, "Introducing Robotic Process Automation to Your Organization", 1st edition, Apress Publication, 2021.

REFERENCES :

1. Christian Czarnecki and Peter Fettke, "Robotic Process Automation: Management, Technology, Applications", 1st edition, Walter de Gruyter Publishing, 2021.
2. Tom Taulli "The Robotic Process Automation Handbook: A Guide to Implementing RPA Systems", 1st edition, Apress Publication, 2020.
3. Husan Mahey "Robotic Process Automation with Automation Anywhere", 1st edition, Packt Publishing LTD, 2021.

21PIT18	CYBER SECURITY ESSENTIALS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: • To infer the basics of cyber security. • To outline the security aspects of operating systems and networks. • To make use of cryptographic techniques in network security. • To explain the privacy principles and policies. • To illustrate the security management and incidents.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION TO CYBER SECURITY	9			
Introduction -Computer Security - Threats -Harm - Vulnerabilities - Controls – Authentication Access Control and Cryptography - Web-User Side - Browser Attacks - Web Attacks- Targeting Users - Obtaining User or Website Data - Email Attacks.					
UNIT-II	SECURITY IN OPERATING SYSTEM & NETWORKS	9			
Security in Operating Systems - Security in the Design of Operating Systems -Rootkit - Network security attack- Threats to Network Communications - Wireless Network Security - Denial of Service - Distributed Denial-of-Service					
UNIT-III	DEFENCES: SECURITY COUNTER MEASURES	9			
Cryptography in Network Security - Firewalls - Intrusion Detection and Prevention Systems - Network Management - Databases - Security Requirements of Databases - Reliability and Integrity - Database Disclosure - Data Mining and Big Data.					
UNIT-IV	PRIVACY IN CYBERSPACE	9			
Privacy Concepts -Privacy Principles and Policies -Authentication and Privacy - Data Mining - Privacy on the Web - Email Security - Privacy Impacts of Emerging Technologies.					
UNIT-V	MANAGEMENT AND INCIDENTS	9			
Security Planning - Business Continuity Planning - Handling Incidents - Risk Analysis - Dealing with Disaster - Emerging Technologies - The Internet of Things - Economics - Electronic Voting - Cyber Warfare- Cyberspace and the Law – Information and Laws - Cyber crime - Cyber Warfare and Home Land Security.					
					TOTAL : 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to: CO1: Explain the basic concepts of computer security. CO2: Illustrate methods for Security in operating system and networks. CO3: Identify the various security counter measures. CO4: Summarize the privacy principles and policies. CO5: Interpret the management strategies of cyber space.					

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Charles P. Pfleeger, Shari Lawrence Pfleeger and Jonathan Margulies, "Security in Computing", 5th edition, Pearson Education , 2015.
2. Martti Lehto and Pekka Neittaanmäki, "Cyber Security: Analytics, Technology and Automation edited", Springer International Publishing Switzerland, 2015.
3. George K. Kostopoulos, "Cyber Space and Cyber Security", 2nd edition, CRC Press, 2017.

REFERENCES :

1. Jan L.Harrington, "Network Security A Practical Approach", 1st edition, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2005.
2. Edward Amoroso, "Cyber Security", 1st edition, Silicon Press, 2006.
3. Nelson Phillips and Enfinger Steuart, "Computer Forensics and Investigations", 1st edition, CBS publishers, New Delhi, 2004.

21PIT19	3D PRINTING AND DESIGN	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To infer the importance of 3D printing in manufacturing. - To compare different 3D printing technologies. - To select a suitable material for 3D printing. - To choose different methods for Post-processing of 3D printing parts. - To develop the applications of 3D printing.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION AND BASIC PRINCIPLES				9
3D Printing, Generic 3D Printing Process, Benefits of 3D Printing, Distinction Between 3D Printing and CNC Machining, Other Related Technologies Development of 3D Printing Technology: Introduction, Computers, Computer-Aided Design Technology, Other Associated Technologies, The Use of Layers, Classification of 3D Printing Processes, Metal Systems, Hybrid Systems, Milestones in 3D Printing Development, 3D Printing around the World.					
UNIT-II	3D PRINTING PROCESS CHAIN & PHOTOPOLYMERIZATION PROCESSES				9
Eight Steps in Additive Manufacture, Variations from One 3D Printing Machine to Another, Metal Systems, Maintenance of Equipment, Materials Handling Issues, design for 3D printing. Introduction to Photopolymerization Processes: Photopolymerization Materials, Reaction Rates, Vector Scan SL, SL Resin Curing Process, SL Scan Patterns, Vector Scan Micro stereolithography, Mask Projection Photopolymerization Technologies and Processes, Two-Photon SL.					
UNIT-III	POWDER BED FUSION PROCESSES & EXTRUSION-BASED SYSTEMS				9
Powder Bed Fusion Processes: Introduction, SLS Process Description, Powder Handling, Approaches to Metal and Ceramic Part Creation, Variants of Powder Bed Fusion Processes, Process Parameters, Applied Energy Correlations and Scan Patterns, Typical Materials and Applications, Materials - Capabilities and Limitations. Extrusion-Based Systems: Introduction, Basic Principles, Plotting and Path Control, Materials, Limitations of FDM, Bioextrusion, Other Systems.					
UNIT-IV	DESIGN, GUIDELINES FOR PROCESS SELECTION & SOFTWARE ISSUES				9
Design for 3D Printing - Design for Manufacturing and Assembly, Core DFM for 3D Printing Concepts and Objectives, 3D Printing Unique Capabilities, Exploring Design Freedoms, Design Tools for 3D Printing. Guidelines for Process Selection - Selection Methods for a Part, Challenges of Selection, Preliminary Selection, Production Planning and Control.					

Software Issues for 3D Printing - Preparation of CAD Models – the STL File, Problems with STL Files, STL File Manipulation, Beyond the STL File, Additional Software to Assist 3D Printing.		
UNIT-V	MEDICAL APPLICATIONS & FUTURE DIRECTIONS FOR 3D PRINTING	9
Medical Applications for 3D Printing - Use of 3D Printing to Support Medical Applications, Software Support for Medical Applications, Limitations of 3D Printing for Medical applications, Further Development of Medical 3D Printing Applications. Use of Multiple Materials in 3D Printing - Discrete Multiple Material Processes, Porous Multiple Material Processes, Blended Multiple Material Processes, Embedded Component 3D Printing, Commercial Applications Using Multiple Materials, Future Directions, Business Opportunities and Future Directions		
		TOTAL : 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to CO1: Outline the basics of 3D printing. CO2: Explain different 3D printing Technologies. CO3: Identify suitable materials for 3D printing. CO4: Make use of different methods for Post-processing of 3D printing parts. CO5: Plan 3D printing for medical applications and commercial applications.		
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Ian Gibson, David W Rosen and Brent Stucker., “Additive Manufacturing Technologies: Rapid Prototyping to Direct Digital Manufacturing”, 2nd edition, Springer, 2010. 2. Ben Redwood, Filemon Schoffer and Brian Garret, “The 3D Printing Handbook: Technologies, design and applications”, 1st edition, 3DHubs publications, 2017. 3. Dorling Kindersley, “3D printing projects: Amazing ideas to print and make”, 1st edition, DK publishing, 2017.		
REFERENCES : 1. Chua Chee Kai and Leong Kah Fai, “Rapid Prototyping: Principles & Applications”, 3rd edition, World Scientific publisher, 2010. 2. Ali K. Kamrani and EmandAbouel Nasr, “Rapid Prototyping: Theory & Practice”, 1st edition, Springer, 2006. 3. D.T. Pham and S.S. Dimov, “Rapid Manufacturing: The Technologies and Applications of Rapid Prototyping and Rapid Tooling”, 1st edition, Springer 2012.		

21PIT20	EMBEDDED SYSTEM DESIGN	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: • To infer the architecture and programming of ARM processor. • To illustrate the design and analysis of embedded computing platform. • To develop the basic concepts and overview of real time Operating system and the processes involved. • To compare the general purpose system with real time operating system. • To apply embedded systems concepts in various domains.					
UNIT I	INTRODUCTION TO EMBEDDED COMPUTING AND ARM PROCESSORS	12			
Embedded Computing - Complex Systems and Microprocessors, Characteristics of embedded computing applications, Challenges in embedded system design, Embedded system Design process. ARM Processor, Processor and Memory Organization, Data Operations, Flow of Control, TI C55x DSP - Processor and Memory Organization, Addressing Modes, Data Operations, Flow of Control.					
Suggested Activities: • Study of ARM evaluation system					
UNIT II	EMBEDDED COMPUTING PLATFORM DESIGN	12			
The CPU Bus–Memory devices and I/O devices–Models of programs– Assembly, linking and loading – Basic Compilation Techniques – Program level performance analysis – Software performance optimization – Program level energy and power analysis and optimization – Analysis and optimization of program size– Program validation and testing.					
Suggested Activities: • Interfacing ADC and DAC & Interfacing LED and PWM.					
UNIT III	PROCESSES AND OPERATING SYSTEMS	12			
Introduction – Kernel, Threads –Multiple tasks and multiple processes – Multirate systems– Preemptive real–time operating systems– Priority based scheduling– Inter process communication mechanisms, Evaluating Operating System Performance, Power Management and Optimization for Processes.					
Suggested Activities: • Interfacing real time clock and serial port. • Interfacing keyboard and LCD.					
UNIT IV	NETWORKS	12			
Distributed Embedded Architectures – Networks for embedded systems: I2C, Ethernet, Field bus– Network based Design, Internet Enabled Systems.					
Suggested Activities:					

• Interfacing of servo motor and DC motor. • Interfacing stepper motor and temperature sensor.		
UNIT V	APPLICATIONS OF EMBEDDED SYSTEMS	12
Telephone Answering Machine - Cell Phones – Compact DISCs and DVDs – Audio Players– Video Accelerator – Digital Still Cameras – Elevator Controller.		
Suggested Activities:		
• Implementing zigbee protocol with ARM.		
		TOTAL: 60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:		
At the end of the course, learners will be able to		
CO1: Explain the architecture and programming of ARM processor.		
CO2: Outline the concepts of embedded systems.		
CO3: Make use of system design techniques to develop software for embedded systems.		
CO4: Compare the general purpose system with real time operating system.		
CO5: Model real-time consumer/industrial applications using system concepts.		
TEXT BOOK:		
1. Marilyn Wolf, “Computers as Components - Principles of Embedded Computing System Design”, 4th edition “Morgan Kaufmann Publisher (An imprint from Elsevier), 2016. 2. Jane W.S.Liu, “Real Time Systems” Pearson Education, 3rd Indian Reprint, 2018. 3. Jonathan W.Valvano, “Embedded Microcomputer Systems Real Time Interfacing”, 3rd edition, Cengage Learning, 2012.		
REFERENCES:		
1. Sriram V Iyer and Pankaj Gupta, “Embedded Real Time Systems Programming”, 1st edition, TataMcGrawHill, 2017. 2. Geoffrey Brown, ”Discovering the STM32 Micro controller”, 1st edition, Indiana University press, 2016. 3. David. E. Simon, “An Embedded Software Primer”, 1st edition, Fifth Impression, Addison Wesley Professional, 2007. 4. C.M. Krishna and Kang G. Shin, “Real-Time Systems”, 1st edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2010. 5. K.V.K.K.Prasad, “Embedded Real-Time Systems: Concepts, Design and Programming”, 1st edition, Dream Tech Press, 2005.		

21PIT21	PRINCIPLES OF QUANTUM COMPUTING				L	T	P	C
					3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:								
• To explain the foundation of traditional computing. • To interpret the knowledge on the modeling of quantum circuit. • To summarize the knowledge of basic quantum algorithms. • To outline the knowledge of advanced quantum algorithms. • To interpret the quantum computational complexity and error correction methods.								
UNIT I	INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND							9
Overview of traditional computing – Computers and the Strong Church–Turing Thesis - The Circuit Model of Computation- A Linear Algebra Formulation of the Circuit Model - Reversible Computation - A Preview of Quantum Physics - Quantum Physics and Computation								
UNIT II	DIRAC NOTATION AND QUANTUM MECHANICS							9
The Dirac Notation and Hilbert Spaces - Dual Vectors – Operators - The Spectral Theorem-Functions of Operators - Tensor Products - The Schmidt Decomposition Theorem - Some Comments on the Dirac Notation. The State of a Quantum System - Time-Evolution of a Closed System - Composite Systems - Measurement - Mixed States and General Quantum Operations - Mixed States, Partial Trace, General Quantum Operations.								
UNIT III	A QUANTUM MODEL OF COMPUTATION							9
The Quantum Circuit Model - Quantum Gates - 1-Qubit Gates, Controlled-U Gates, Universal Sets of Quantum Gates - Efficiency of Approximating Unitary Transformations - Implementing Measurements with Quantum Circuits.								
UNIT IV	INTRODUCTORY QUANTUM ALGORITHMS							9
Probabilistic Versus Quantum Algorithms - Phase Kick-Back - The Deutsch Algorithm - The Deutsch–Jozsa Algorithm - Simon’s Algorithm.								
UNIT V	QUANTUM ERROR CORRECTION							9
Classical Error Correction - The Error Model, Encoding, Error Recovery - The Classical Three-Bit Code - Fault Tolerance - Quantum Error Correction - Error Models for Quantum Computing, Encoding, Error Recovery.								
					TOTAL: 45 PERIODS			
COURSE OUTCOMES:								
At the end of the course, learners will be able to:								
CO1: Explain the foundations of traditional computing								
CO2: Interpret the knowledge on the modeling of quantum circuit								
CO3: Infer the knowledge of basic quantum computing.								

CO4: Extend the knowledge of advanced quantum algorithms.
CO5: Summarize the quantum computational complexity and error correction methods.
TEXT BOOK: 1. Jack Hidary, “Quantum Computing: An Applied Approach”, Springer, 2019. 2. Chris Bernhardt “Quantum Computing for Everyone” 1st edition, The MIT Press, 2019. 3. Wolfgang Scherer, “Mathematics of Quantum Computing: An Introduction Hardcover” Springer, 2019.
REFERENCES: 1. Maria Luisa Dalla Chiara, Roberto Giuntini, Roberto Leporini and Giuseppe Sergioli, “Quantum Computation and Logic: How Quantum Computers Have Inspired Logical Investigations”, 1st edition, Springer, 2018. 2. Michael A. Nielsen and Issac L. Chuang, “Quantum Computation and Quantum Information”, 10th edition, Cambridge University Press, 2010. 3. P. Kaye, R. Laflamme and M. Mosca, “An introduction to Quantum Computing”, 1st edition, Oxford University Press, 2007.

21PIT22	AUTONOMOUS GROUND VEHICLE SYSTEMS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To outline the fundamentals of autonomous driving. - To identify the different ways of sensing internal states of Autonomous Ground Vehicles (AGVs). - To model the environment perception for autonomous driving. - To develop the navigation techniques of AGVs. - To utilize the fundamentals of vehicle control systems and connected vehicles.					
UNIT I	INTRODUCTION TO AUTONOMOUS DRIVING				9
Autonomous Driving Technologies Overview – Autonomous Driving Algorithms –Autonomous Driving Client System – Autonomous Driving Cloud Platform – Components of autonomy – Difference between Unmanned and Autonomous Vehicles – Introduction to Unmanned Aerial Vehicles (UAVs).					
UNIT II	SENSORS FOR AUTONOMOUS GROUND VEHICLES				9
Sensor Characteristics –Vehicle Internal State Sensing: OEM Vehicle Sensors, GPS, Inertial Measurements, Magnetometer – External World Sensing: RADAR, Lidar, Image Processing Sensors.					
UNIT III	ENVIRONMENT PERCEPTION AND MODELING				9
Road Recognition: Basic Mean Shift Algorithm, Mean Shift Clustering, Mean Shift Segmentation, Mean Shift Tracking, Road Recognition Algorithm –Vehicle Detection and Tracking: Generating ROIs, Multi Resolution Vehicle Hypothesis, Vehicle Validation using Gabor Features and SVM, Boosted Gabor Features – Multiple Sensor Based Multiple Object Tracking.					
UNIT IV	NAVIGATION FUNDAMENTALS				9
Introduction – Navigation: GNSS Overview, GPS, GLONASS, Galileo, Compass – Inertial Navigation Overview: Inertial Sensor Technology – GNSS/INS Integration Overview – Case Study on Kalman Filtering.					
UNIT V	VEHICLE CONTROL AND CONNECTED VEHICLE				9
Vehicle Control: Cruise Control, Antilock Brake Systems, Steering Control and Lane Following, Parking – Connected Vehicles: Vehicle to Vehicle Communication, Vehicle to Infrastructure Communication.					
					TOTAL: 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to:					
CO1: Identify the requirements and design challenges of AGVs.					
CO2: Select suitable sensors to sense the internal state and external world of AGVs.					

CO3: Make use of lane detection, road detection & vehicle detection algorithms.

CO4: Utilize ground vehicle navigation algorithms.

CO5: Develop ground vehicle control systems.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Shaoshan Liu, Liyun Li, Jie Tang, Shuang Wu and Jean-Luc Gaudiot, “Creating Autonomous Vehicle Systems”, 1st edition, Morgan & Claypool, 2018.
2. Umit Ozguner, Tankut Acarman and Keith Redmill, “Autonomous Ground Vehicles”, 1st edition, Artech House, 2011.
3. Sumit Ranjan, “Applied Deep Learning and Computer Vision for Self-Driving Cars: Build autonomous vehicles using deep neural networks and behavior-cloning techniques”, 1st edition, Packt Publishing, 2020.

REFERENCES:

1. Hong Cheng, “Autonomous Intelligent Vehicles Theory, Algorithms, and Implementation”, Springer, 2011.
2. Mohinder S. Grewal, Angus P. Andrews and Chris G. Bartone, “Global Navigation Satellite Systems, Inertial Navigation, and Integration”, 3rd edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2013.
3. Thomas Bräunl, “Embedded Robotics: From Mobile Robots to Autonomous Vehicles with Raspberry Pi and Arduino”, Springer, 2022.

21PIT23	E-LEARNING TECHNIQUES		L	T	P	C
			3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:						
- To explain the various E-learning approaches and Components. - To experiment with Design Thinking. - To identify the types of design models for E-learning. - To select various E-learning Authoring tools for development. - To utilize E-learning courseware for evaluation and management solutions.						
UNIT I	INTRODUCTION					9
Need for E-Learning – Approaches of E-Learning – Components of E-Learning – Synchronous and Asynchronous Modes of Learning – Quality of E-Learning – Blended Learning: Activities, Team and Technology – Work Flow to Produce and Deliver E-Learning Content – Design Thinking: Introduction – Actionable Strategy – Act to Learn – Leading Teams to Win.						
UNIT II	DESIGNING E-LEARNING COURSE CONTENT					9
Design Models of E-Learning – Identifying and Organizing E-Learning Course Content: Needs Analysis – Analyzing the Target Audience – Identifying Course Content – Defining Learning Objectives – Defining the Course Sequence – Defining Instructional Methods – Defining Evaluation and Delivery Strategies – Case Study.						
UNIT III	CREATING INTERACTIVE CONTENT					9
Preparing Content: Tips for Content Development and Language Style – Creating Storyboards: Structure of an Interactive E-Lesson – Techniques for Presenting Content – Adding Examples – Integrating Multimedia Elements – Adding Examples – Developing Practice and Assessment Tests – Adding Additional Resources– Courseware Development – Authoring Tools – Types of Authoring Tools – Selecting an Authoring Tool.						
UNIT IV	LEARNING PLATFORMS					9
Types of Learning Platforms – Proprietary Vs. Open – Source LMS – LMS Vs LCMS – Internally Handled and Hosted LMS – LMS Solutions – Functional Areas of LMS.						
UNIT V	COURSE DELIVERY AND EVALUATION					9
Components of an Instructor-Led or Facilitated Course – Planning and Documenting Activities – Facilitating Learners Activities – E-Learning Methods and Delivery Formats –Using Communication Tools for E-Learning – Course Evaluation.						
					TOTAL: 45 PERIODS	
COURSE OUTCOMES:						
At the end of the course, learners will be able to:						
CO1: Compare the phases of activities in models of E-learning						
CO2: Identify appropriate instructional methods and delivery strategies						

CO3: Choose appropriate E-learning Authoring tools.

CO4: Develop interactive E-learning courseware.

CO5: Organize the E-learning courseware.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Raymundo Solak, "E-Learning Techniques: An Inexpensive Software Application for Developing Learning Solutions", 1st edition, 2022.
2. Johnny Schneider, "Understanding Design Thinking, Lean and Agile", 1st edition, O'Reilly Media, 2017.
3. Crews T. B., Sheth S. N and Horne T. M., "Understanding the Learning Personalities of Successful Online Students", 1st edition, Educause Review, 2014.

REFERENCES:

1. Madhuri Dubey, "Effective E-learning Design, Development and Delivery", 1st edition, University Press, 2011.
2. Clark, R. C. and Mayer, R. E., "E-Learning and the Science of Instruction", 3rd edition, 2011.
3. Rob Philips, Carmel McNaught and Gregor Kennedy, "Evaluating e-Learning Guiding Research and Practice", 1st edition, Taylor and Francis publishers, 2012.

21PIT24	NEXT GENERATION NETWORKS			L	T	P	C
				3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:							
• To outline the fundamentals of 5G internet. • To develop the concept of small cells in 5G mobile networks. • To interpret the mobile clouds in 5G network context. • To select the role of cognitive radios in 5G networks. • To experiment with security issues in 5G networks.							
UNIT I	PERVASIVE CONNECTED WORLD AND 5G INTERNET						9
Historical Trend of Wireless Communications – Evolution of LTE Technology to Beyond 4G – 5G Roadmap – Ten Pillars of 5G – Internet of Things and Context Awareness –Networking Reconfiguration and Virtualization Support – Mobility – Quality of Service Control – Emerging Approach for Resource over Provisioning.							
UNIT II	SMALL CELLS FOR 5G MOBILE NETWORKS						9
Introduction to Small Cells – Capacity Limits and Achievable Gains with Densification – Mobile Data Demand – Demand vs. Capacity – Small Cell Challenges.							
UNIT III	COOPERATION FOR NEXT GENERATION WIRELESS NETWORKS						9
Introduction – Cooperative Diversity and Relaying Strategies: Cooperation and Network Coding, Cooperative ARQ MAC Protocols – PHY Layer Impact on MAC Protocol Analysis: Impact of Fast Fading and Shadowing on Packet Reception for QoS Guarantee, Impact of Shadowing Spatial Correlation – Study: NCCARQ, PHY Layer Impact.							
UNIT IV	MOBILE CLOUDS AND COGNITIVE RADIO						9
Introduction – The Mobile Cloud – Mobile Cloud Enablers – Network Coding – Overview of Cognitive Radio Technology in 5G Wireless – Spectrum Optimization using Cognitive Radio – Relevant Spectrum Optimization Literature in 5G – Cognitive Radio and Carrier Aggregation – Energy Efficient Cognitive Radio Technology.							
UNIT V	SECURITY AND SELF ORGANISING NETWORKS						9
Overview of Potential 5G Communications System Architecture – Security Issues and Challenges in 5G Communications Systems – Self Organising Networks: Introduction, Self Organising Networks in UMTS and LTE, The Need for Self Organising Networks in 5G, Evolution towards Small Cell Dominant HetNets.							
						TOTAL: 45 PERIODS	
COURSE OUTCOMES:							
At the end of the course, learners will be able to:							
CO1: Compare the 5G network with older generations of networks.							

CO2: Identify suitable small cells for different applications in 5G networks.

CO3: Explain 5G network scenarios.

CO4: Develop applications to mobile cloud.

CO5: Utilize applications with 5G network support.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Mahmoud Elkhodr, “Enabling Technologies and Architectures for Next-Generation Networking Capabilities”, IGI Global, 2019.
2. Athanasios G. Kanatas, Konstantina S. Nikita and Panagiotis (Takis) Mathiopoulos, “New Directions in Wireless Communications Systems: From Mobile to 5G”, CRC Press, 2017.
3. Yin Zhang and Min Chen, “Cloud Based 5G Wireless Networks – Springer Briefs in Computer Science”, Springer, 2016.

REFERENCES:

1. Thierry Van de Velde, “Value-Added Services for Next Generation Networks”, Auerbach Publications, 2019.
2. Jonathan Rodriguez, “Fundamentals of 5G Mobile Networks”, Wiley, 2015.
3. Byrav Ramamurthy, “Next-Generation Internet: Architectures and Protocols”, Cambridge University Press, 2011.

VERTICAL 7: COGNITIVE COMPUTING

21PCS25	ETHICS AND ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To illustrate the need for ensuring ethics in AI. - To outline ethical issues with the development of AI agents. - To interpret the ethical considerations in different AI applications. - To demonstrate the relation of ethics with nature. - To summarize the risk for Human rights and other fundamental values.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION TO ETHICS AND AI				9
Role of Artificial Intelligence in Human Life, Understanding Ethics, Why Ethics in AI? Ethical Considerations of AI, Current Initiatives in AI and Ethics, Ethical Issues with our relationship with artificial Entities.					
UNIT-II	FRAMEWORK AND MODELS				9
AI Governance by Human-right centered design, Normative models, Role of professional norms, Teaching Machines to be Moral.					
UNIT-III	CONCEPTS AND ISSUES				9
Accountability in Computer Systems, Transparency, Responsibility and AI. Race and Gender, AI as a moral right-holder.					
UNIT-IV	PERSPECTIVES AND APPROACHES				9
Perspectives on Ethics of AI, Integrating ethical values and economic value, Automating origination, AI a Binary approach, Machine learning values, Artificial Moral Agents.					
UNIT-V	CASES AND APPLICATION				9
Ethics of Artificial Intelligence in Transport, Ethical AI in Military, Biomedical research, Patient Care, Public Health, Robot Teaching, Pedagogy, Policy, Smart City Ethics.					
					TOTAL: 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to					
CO1: Summarize the ethical issues in the development of AI agents.					
CO2: Illustrate the ethical considerations of AI with perspectives on ethical values.					
CO3: Experiment with the ethical policies in AI based applications and Robot development.					
CO4: Make use of the AI concepts for addressing societal problems by adapting the legal concepts and securing fundamental rights.					
CO5: Choose the AI concepts to overcome the evil genesis.					

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Markus D. Dubber, Frank Pasquale and Sunit Das, “The Oxford Handbook of Ethics of AI”, 1st Edition, Oxford University Press, 2020
2. Paula Boddington, “Towards a Code of Ethics for Artificial Intelligence”, 1st Edition, Springer, 2018
3. S. Matthew Liao, “Ethics of Artificial Intelligence”, 1st Edition, Oxford University Press, 2020

REFERENCES:

1. N. Bostrom and E. Yudkowsky. “The ethics of artificial intelligence”. In W. M. Ramsey and K. Frankish, editors, The Cambridge Handbook of Artificial Intelligence. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 2014.
2. Wallach, W., and Allen, C, “Moral machines: Teaching Robots right from wrong”, 1st Edition, Oxford University Press, 2010.
3. Mark Coeckelbergh, “AI Ethics”, 1st Edition, MIT Press, 2020.

21PCS26	INTRODUCTION TO KNOWLEDGE ENGINEERING	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: • To illustrate the differences between data, information and knowledge. • To infer the various techniques for knowledge based systems. • To demonstrate object oriented knowledge. • To interpret knowledge organization. • To contrast knowledge based system design.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION	6 +6			
Data, Information and Knowledge - Knowledge Engineer Skills - Knowledge-Based Systems Introduction – Knowledge Reuse – Knowledge Engineering Techniques.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: • Data pre-processing and annotation • Creation of datasets					
UNIT-II	KNOWLEDGE ACQUISITION	6 +6			
Knowledge and Intelligence – Applications of Knowledge Reuse – Ethical Model of Knowledge – Stages, challenges, Approaches of Knowledge Acquisition – Techniques					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: • Learn existing datasets • Implementing Treebank’s					
UNIT-III	KNOWLEDGE REPRESENTATION	6 +6			
Roles of Knowledge Representation – Classification of Knowledge – Relationship Between Attributes – Object Oriented Knowledge Representation – Advanced Knowledge Representation Techniques					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: • Implementation of object oriented representation • Design the classification of knowledge					
UNIT-IV	KNOWLEDGE MANIPULATION	6 +6			
Knowledge Organization – Indexed Organization – Knowledge Management Platform –Reasoning – Knowledge Codification – Testing of Knowledge Based Systems					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: • Implementation of Knowledge organization • Testing of knowledge based systems					
UNIT-V	KNOWLEDGE BASED SYSTEM DESIGN	6 +6			
Semantic Web - Role Played by Social Networking Site – Representation of Design Knowledge - Knowledge Acquisition and Documentation Structuring - UML Notations in KADS					

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:	
• Representation of UML notations • Scientific distributions used in python for Knowledge Acquisition.	
	TOTAL:60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:	
At the end of the course, learners will be able to	
CO1: Summarize the concept of Data, Information and knowledge.	
CO2: Identify the concepts of knowledge acquisition for an expert system.	
CO3: Model the knowledge using object oriented representation for real-world phenomena.	
CO4: Make use of knowledge organization to index and design knowledge.	
CO5: Construct Semantic Web using the knowledge based system design practices.	
TEXT BOOKS:	
1. Ela Kumar, "Knowledge Engineering", 1st Edition, I.K International Publishing ,2018. 2. Hamed Fazlallahtabar, "Knowledge Engineering: The Process Paradigm", 1st Edition, CRC Press, 2020. 3. Simon Kendal and Malcolm Creen, "An Introduction to Knowledge Engineering", 1st Edition, Springer, 2007.	
REFERENCES:	
1. Emilia Mendes, "Practitioner's Knowledge Representation -A Pathway to Improve Software Effort Estimation", 1st Edition, Springer, 2014. 2. Michael Gelfond and YuliaKahi, " Knowledge Representation, Reasoning and the Design of Intelligent Agents", 1st Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2014. 3. Lucja M. Iwariska and Stuart C. Shapiro, "Natural Language Processing and Knowledge Representation Language for Knowledge and Knowledge for Language", 1st Edition, AAAI Press/MIT Press,2000.	

21PCS27	PRINCIPLES OF SOFT COMPUTING	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To summarize the basic concepts of neural network. - To compare various techniques in neural networks. - To outline the basic concepts of fuzzy logic. - To relate the fuzzy systems and its applications. - To identify soft computing and integrated soft computing techniques to solve problems.					
UNIT-I	NEURAL NETWORKS				6+6
Basic Concepts of Neural network, Model of an artificial neuron, neural Network architecture: single layer and multilayer feed forward networks, recurrent networks, Characteristics, Learning Methods, Applications.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:					
Classify upper case letters and lower case letters using perceptron network					
UNIT-II	BACKPROPAGATION NETWORK				6+6
Architecture : perceptron model – solution - single layer artificial neural network - multilayer perception model - back propagation learning methods - effect of tuning parameters - selection of parameters, applications.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:					
Build BPN for training a single hidden layer back propagation network with bipolar sigmoidal units.					
UNIT-III	FUZZY LOGIC				6+6
Basic concepts of fuzzy logic - Fuzzy sets and Crisp sets - Fuzzy set theory and operations - Properties of fuzzy sets - Fuzzy and Crisp relations - Fuzzy to Crisp conversion.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:					
Develop fuzzy logic methodology to analyze lading of an aircraft					
UNIT-IV	FUZZY SYSTEMS				6+6
Crisp logic - predicate logic - fuzzy logic - fuzzy rule based system – defuzzification - Applications					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:					
Construct genetic algorithm to solve a traveling salesman problem.					
UNIT-V	GENETIC ALGORITHM				6+6
Fundamentals of genetic algorithm - genetic modeling - Integration of neural network - fuzzy and genetic algorithms.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:					
Use neural network and fuzzy logic to control the motion of an inverted pendulum.					

	TOTAL:60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES	
At end of the course, learners will be able to:	
CO1: Identify neural network techniques and their roles in building intelligent machines	
CO2: Make use of Backpropagation network for real world problems	
CO3: Experiment with fuzzy logic and reasoning to handle uncertainty	
CO4: Examine fuzzy systems for solving complex problem	
CO5: Compare various soft computing approaches for a given problem	
TEXT BOOKS:	
1. S. Rajasekaran and GA Vijayalakshmi Pai “Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic, and Genetic Algorithms synthesis and application”, 1 st Edition, PHI, 2013.	
2. J.S.R.Jang, C.T.Sun and E.Mizutani, “Neuro-Fuzzy and Soft Computing”, 1 st Edition, PHI, Pearson Education 2004.	
3. Vojislav Kecman, “Learning & Soft Computing Support Vector Machines, Neural Networks, and Fuzzy Logic Models”, 1 st Edition, Pearson Education, 2006.	
REFERENCES:	
1. Timothy J. Ross, “Fuzzy Logic with Engineering Applications,” 3 rd Edition, Wiley India, 2004.	
2. Davis E.Goldberg, “Genetic Algorithms: Search, Optimization and Machine Learning”, 1 st Edition, Addison Wesley, N.Y., 2002.	
3. Stamatios V. Kartalopoulos “Understanding Neural Networks and Fuzzy Logic Basic concepts & Applications”, 1 st Edition, IEEE Press, PHI, New Delhi, 2004.	

21PCS28	OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES AND APPLICATIONS	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To describe the basics of Optimization Techniques. - To relate the knowledge of numerical methods for Linear Programming. - To utilize the concept of Non-linear programming with Equality and Inequality Constraint. - To construct dynamic programming models using sequential Optimization. - To illustrate various meta heuristic solutions for the real time problems.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION TO OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES	6+3			
Introduction to Optimization Techniques-Need for Optimization-Historical Perspective-Optimization Parameters-Types of Optimization-Advanced Optimization Techniques-Applications of Optimization Techniques -Limitations of Optimization Techniques -Optimization methods in Engineering.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Evaluate the Optimization function on Optimization Techniques.					
UNIT-II	LINEAR PROGRAMMING	5+6			
Formulation - Graphical Method and Simplex Method – Primal vs Dual relationships - Sensitivity Analysis-Dual Simplex Method.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: - Construct and Solve Linear Programming Problem by Simplex method. - Construct and Solve Linear Programming Problem by Dual Simplex method.					
UNIT-III	NONLINEAR PROGRAMMING	7+10			
Nonlinear Programming (with Equality Constraints) :Lagrangian Multiplier - Equality constrained optimization -Projected Gradient Methods with equality constraints.					
Nonlinear Programming (Inequality Constraints): Khun concept - Khun Tucker conditions.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: - Construct and nonlinear optimization problems by using numerical optimization methods (indirect)-Newtons methods. - Construct and solve non linear optimization problems using with equality constraints using Lagrangian Multiplier. - Construct and solve non linear optimization problems using with inequality constraints using Khun Tucker conditions.					
UNIT-IV	SEQUENTIAL OPTIMIZATION	6+3			
Representation of multi stage decision process -Types of multi stage decision problems- Concept of sub optimization and the principle of optimality- Recursive equations –Forward and backward					

recursions.		
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:		
• Case study on Multistage Decision Making Under Uncertainty. • Case study on Principle on Optimality with Forward recursion and Backward Recursion.		
UNIT-V	META-HEURISTIC OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES	6+8
Classification of heuristic solution techniques Heuristic and Meta Heuristic Programming: Simulated Annealing, Genetic Algorithm, Particle Swarm Optimization algorithm - Applications of optimization problems.		
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:		
• Exemplifying the optimization of real-world problem using Simulated Annealing. • Exemplifying the optimization of real-world problem using Genetic Algorithm. • Exemplifying the optimization of real-world problem using Particle Swarm Optimization Algorithm.		
		TOTAL:60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:		
At the end of the course, learners will be able to		
CO1: Summarize the basics of Optimization Techniques.		
CO2: Make use of Linear Programming for solving optimization problems.		
CO3: Identify the usage of Non Linear Programming for solving optimization problems.		
CO4: Express the multi stage decision problems using sequential optimization.		
CO5: Develop the knowledge of various metaheuristic algorithms for real world problems.		
TEXT BOOKS:		
1. Vikrant Sharma, Vinod Kumar Jain and Atul Kumar, “An Introduction to Optimization Techniques”, 1st Edition, CRC Press, Taylor and Francis Group, 2021. 2. Rardin, R. L., “Optimization in Operations Research”, 2nd Edition, Pearson 2019. 3. Xin-she Yang, “Optimization Techniques and Applications with Examples” 1st Edition, Wiley Publishers, 2018.		
REFERENCES:		
1. Jeeva Jose, “Introduction to Machine Learning”, 1st Edition, Khanna Book Publishing, 2020. 2. Nayak, S., “Fundamentals of Optimization Techniques with Algorithms”, 1st Edition, Elsevier Science, 2020. 3. Foulds, L. R. “Optimization Techniques: An Introduction”. 1st Edition, United States, Springer New York, 2012.		

21OMA01	GRAPH THEORY AND ITS APPLICATIONS (Common to all B.E. / B.Tech. Programmes)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To discuss the fundamentals of graph theory. - To calculate the graph coloring, matching and covering number. - To identify the types of graphs and operation on graphs. - To explain the concepts of trees. - To discuss the concepts of directed graphs and its properties.					
UNIT I	INTRODUCTION				9
Basic definitions in graphs – walk – path – circuits - Isomorphism.					
UNIT II	MATRICES AND COLORING				9
Adjacency matrix and its properties - incidence matrix and its properties - Chromatic number Chromatic partitioning – Chromatic polynomial – Matching –Covering.					
UNIT III	TYPES OF GRAPHS				9
Connected and disconnected graph – Operation on graphs – Eulerian graph–Hamiltonian graph.					
UNIT IV	TREES (CONNECTIVITY) PLANARITY				9
Properties of trees – distance and centers in tree –Algorithms (Kruskal’s and Dijkstra Algorithm) – Rooted and binary trees – Spanning trees–Planar graphs: Definition and Properties.					
UNIT V	DIRECTED GRAPHS				9
graphs – Types of directed graphs – digraphs & its properties and binary relations directed paths and connectedness–Euler graphs. (Theorems Statement only)					
					TOTAL: 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to					
CO1: Demonstrate the nature of graphs and illustrate isomorphism on graphs.					
CO2: Construct the adjacent matrix and incident matrix for the given graph and also develop the chromatic polynomial for the given graph.					
CO3: Apply various types of graphs and determine the existence of Eulerian, Hamiltonian path & circuits.					
CO4: Interpret the planarity of graphs and the classes of trees with properties.					
CO5: Identify the types of directed graphs with its properties.					

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Narsingh Deo, "Graph Theory with Applications to Engineering and Computer Science", 1st Edition, Dover Publications, IAC, 2016.
2. J.A.Bondy and U.S.R.Moorthy, "Graph Theory with Applications", 2nd Edition, Indian Reprint, Springer Publishers, 2015.
3. FrankHarary, "GraphTheory", Narosa Publishers, New Delhi, 2013.

REFERENCES:

1. William Kocay and Donald.L.Kreher, "Graphs,AlgorithmandOptimization",CRT Press,2005.
2. Krishnaiyan and KT Thulasiraman, "Handbook of Graph Theory, Combinatorial Optimization and Algorithms", CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group, 2016.
3. R. Diestel, "Graduate Texts in Mathematics, Graph theory", 5th edition, Springer 2017.

21PCS29	INTRODUCTION TO GAME THEORY	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To summarize the novel concepts of game theory including cooperative games. - To describe the non-cooperative games. - To extend the games beyond normal and extensive form. - To identify the problems in mechanism design. - To express several auctions in games.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION TO GAME THEORY				6+6
Strategic form- Perfect information extensive-form games-Imperfect-information extensive-form games.					
SUGGESSTED ACTIVITIES:					
CASE STUDY: Game theory Explorer					
UNIT-II	NON-COOPERATIVE GAMES				6+6
Self-interested agents-Games in normal form-analysing games-solutions.					
SUGGESSTED ACTIVITIES:					
Implement the winner Nim-game					
UNIT-III	GAMES BEYOND NORMAL AND EXTENSIVE FORMS				6+6
Repeated Games- The Prisoner’s Dilemma-Stochastic Games-Bayesian Games-Congestion Games- Graphical Games -Communication Games					
SUGGESSTED ACTIVITIES:					
Implementation of Tic-Tac-Toe game					
UNIT-IV	MECHANISM DESIGN				6+6
Mechanism design with unrestricted preferences - Quasilinear preferences - Efficient mechanisms - VCG Mechanisms					
SUGGESSTED ACTIVITIES:					
Implement prisoners dilemma					
UNIT-V	AUCTIONS				6+6
Auctions, Mechanism design for Sponsored search auctions- Single-good auctions- Multiunit auctions- Combinatorial auctions- Exchanges					
SUGGESSTED ACTIVITIES:					
Finding the Second price auction					
					TOTAL:60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to					
CO1: Demonstrate the game theory concepts.					

CO2: Illustrate the various types of non-cooperative game theory concepts.

CO3: Relate the normal and extensive games.

CO4: Discover the various mechanism design concepts.

CO5: Construct the auctions concepts.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Yoav Shoham and Kevin Leyton-Brown “ Multiagent Systems” , 1st Edition ,Cambridge University Press, 2010.
2. Giacomo Bonanno “Game Theory” University of California 1st Edition 2015.
3. Martin J. Osborne,” An Introduction to Game Theory”, 1st Edition, The MIT Press, 2003.

REFERENCES:

1. Roger B. Myerson, “Game Theory: Analysis of Conflict, “Harvard University Press, Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA, 1997.
2. Michael Maschler, Eilon Solan, and Shmuel Zamir, ” Game Theory”,1st Edition Cambridge University Press,2013.
3. Y. Narahari, ” Game Theory and Mechanism Design”,1st Edition , IISc Press and the World Scientific Publishing Company, 2014.

21PCS30	COGNITIVE SCIENCE THEORY AND APPLICATIONS	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To describe the basics of Cognitive Science. - To associate the concept of the mind and intelligence, embracing psychology, artificial intelligence, neuro science and linguistics. - To extend the role of neuro science in the cognitive field. - To paraphrase advanced analytics with cognitive computing. - To express various applications of cognitive computing life problems.					
UNIT-I	FOUNDATION OF COGNITIVE SCIENCE				6+3
What is Cognitive Science-Cognitive Psychology: The Architecture of the Mind, Cognitive Psychology: Future Explorations, Philosophy: Foundations of Cognitive Science Artificial Intelligence: Knowledge Representation, Artificial Intelligence: Search, Control and Learning.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:					
Experiment with data for calculating reaction time in cognitive system.					
UNIT-II	COGNITIVE PSYCHOLOGY				6+7
Cognitive Psychology–The Architecture of the Mind-The Nature of Cognitive Psychology-A Global View of the Cognitive Architecture- Propositional Representation – Schematic Representation- Cognitive Processes, Working Memory, and Attention- The Acquisition of Skill- The Connectionist Approach to Cognitive Architecture.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:					
- Experimentation on Short-term Memory for cognitive Analysis. - Experimentation on Semantic Memory for cognitive Analysis.					
UNIT-III	COGNITIVE NEUROSCIENCE				6+7
The Neuroscience Perspective-Methodology in Neuroscience -Techniques for the Study of Brain Image-Evaluating Techniques for the study of Brain Image-Traditional Brain Recording Methods- Modern Brain Imaging Methods-Brain Stimulation Techniques.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:					
- Build Neural network models for Cognitive Processes. - Build Competitive Learning Neural Networks for feature mapping.					
UNIT-IV	BIGDATA VS COGNITIVE COMPUTING				6+7
Relationship between Big Data and Cognitive Computing: Dealing with human-generated data, defining big data, architectural foundation, analytical data warehouses, Hadoop, data in motion and streaming data, integration of big data with traditional data.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:					
Build cognitive model to improve mental fitness using big data and game play.					

• Build a Probabilistic Model for handling Big Data.		
UNIT-V	COGNITIVE APPLICATIONS	6+6
The process of building a cognitive application: Emerging cognitive platform, defining the objective, defining the domain, understanding the intended users and their attributes, questions and exploring insights, training and testing- Building a cognitive health care application and Smarter cities: Cognitive Computing in Government. SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: • Build a cognitive health care application. • Build a cognitive based smart city application.		
		TOTAL:60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to CO1: Summarize the basics of Cognitive Science using python Libraries. CO2: Make use of knowledge by individual minds, brains, and machines. CO3: Utilize the knowledge of neuroscience in the cognitive field. CO4: Interpret advanced analytics to cognitive computing. CO5: Illustrate various applications of cognitive computing.		
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Jay Friedenber, Gordon Silverman and Michael James Spivey, “Cognitive Science: an introduction to the study of mind”, 4th Edition, Sage Publications, 2021. 2. Judith H Hurwitz, Marcia Kaufman and Adrian Bowles, “Cognitive computing and Big Data Analytics” , 1st Edition, Wiley, 2015. 3. Vijay Raghvan, VenuGovindaraju and C.R. Rao, “Cognitive Computing: Theory and applications”, 1st Edition, Elsevier publications, 2016.		
REFERENCES: 1. Jose Luis Bermudez, “Cognitive Science: An Introduction to the Science of the Mind”, 1st Edition Cambridge University Press, New York, 2014. 2. Mallick, Pradeep Kumar and Borah Samarjeet, "Emerging Trends and Applications in Cognitive Computing" , IGI Global Publishers, 2019. 3. Neil A. Stillingd, Steven E. Weisler, Christopher H. Chase , Mark H. Feinstein, Jay L. Garfield and Edwina L. Rissland, “Cognitive Science An Introduction” 2nd Edition, MIT Press, 1998.		

21PCS31	STATISTICAL NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To familiarize the concepts and techniques of Natural language Processing for analyzing words based on Morphology and CORPUS. - To relate mathematical foundations, Probability theory with Linguistic essentials such as syntactic and semantic analysis of text. - To apply the Statistical learning methods and cutting-edge research models from deep Learning - To demonstrate the state-of-the-art algorithms and techniques for text-based processing. - To learn a Statistical Methods for Real World Applications and explore deep learning based NLP					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION TO NLP				6+6
Introduction to NLP - Various stages of NLP –The Ambiguity of Language: Why NLP Is Difficult Parts of Speech: Nouns and Pronouns, Words: Determiners and adjectives, verbs, Phrase Structure. Statistics Essential Information Theory: Entropy, perplexity, The relation to language, Crossentropy.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Create CORPUS linguistics based on digestive approach (Text Corpus method)					
UNIT-II	TEXT PREPROCESSING AND MORPHOLOGY				6+6
Introduction to Corpora, Corpora Analysis. Inflectional and Derivation Morphology, Morphological analysis and generation using Finite State Automata and Finite State transducer					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Check a current methods for statistical approaches to machine translation.					
UNIT-III	LANGUAGE MODELLING				6+6
Words: Collocations- Frequency-Mean and Variance –Hypothesis testing: The t test, Hypothesis testing of differences, Pearson’s chi-square test, Likelihood ratios.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Perform POS tagging for a given natural language and Select a suitable language modelling technique based on the structure of the language.					
UNIT-IV	WORD SENSE DISAMBIGUATION				6+6
Dictionary-Based Disambiguation: Disambiguation based on sense, Thesaurusbased disambiguation, Disambiguation based on translations in a second-language corpus.					
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES: Demonstrate the state-of-the-art algorithms and techniques for text-based processing of natural language with respect to morphology					
UNIT-V	SYNTAX AND SEMANTICS				6+6

Shallow Parsing and Chunking, Shallow Parsing with Conditional Random Fields (CRF), WordNet, Thematic Roles, Semantic Role Labelling with CRFs. Statistical Alignment and Machine Translation, Text alignment, Word alignment, Information extraction	
SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:	
Develop a Statistical Methods for Real World Applications and explore deep learning based NLP.	
	TOTAL:60 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:	
At the end of the course, learners will be able to	
CO1: Apply the principles and Process of Human Languages such as English and other Indian Languages using computers.	
CO2: Make use of semantics and pragmatics of English language for text processing	
CO3: Develop CORPUS linguistics based on digestive approach to check a current methods for statistical approaches to machine translation.	
CO4: Build POS tagging for a given natural language for a suitable language modelling technique based on the structure of the language.	
CO5: Develop a Statistical Methods for Real World Applications and explore deep learning based NLP.	
TEXT BOOKS:	
- Hobson lane, Cole Howard and Hannes Hapke, "Natural language processing in action" Manning Publications, 2019. - Rajesh Arumugam and Rajalingappa Shanmugamani "Hands-on natural language processing with python: A practical guide to applying deep learning architectures to your NLP application". PACKT publisher, 2018. - Alexander Clark, Chris Fox and Shalom Lappin, "The Handbook of Computational Linguistics and Natural Language Processing", Wiley-Blackwell, 2012.	
REFERENCES:	
- Christopher D. Manning and Hinrich Schutze, "Foundations of Natural Language Processing", 6th Edition, The MIT Press Cambridge, Massachusetts London, England, 2003. - Daniel Jurafsky and James H. Martin "Speech and Language Processing", 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2009. - Nitin Indurkha and Fred J. Damerau "Handbook of Natural Language Processing", 2nd Edition, CRC Press, 2010.	

VERTICAL 8: EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES
(OPEN ELECTIVES I & II FOR EEE, CIVIL AND MECH PROGRAMMES)

21OIT01	FUNDAMENTALS OF AUGMENTED REALITY AND VIRTUAL REALITY		L	T	P	C
			3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: • To summarize the fundamental concepts of augmented and virtual reality methods. • To understand the scientific, technical and engineering aspects of augmented reality. • To understand the scientific, technical and engineering aspects of virtual reality. • To utilize the software involved in development of AR and VR. • To outline about the applications of AR and VR						
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION					9
Introduction to Augmented-Virtual and Mixed Reality, Cyber Space, Virtuality and the Virtuality Continuum, The Reality Continuum, The Metaverse and the Metaverse Roadmap.						
UNIT-II	AUGMENTED REALITY HARDWARE					9
The Two-Step Process of Augmented Reality Applications, Hardware Components for AR - Sensors, Processors, Displays.						
UNIT-III	VIRTUAL REALITY HARDWARE					9
Five classic components of VR system, Input Devices: Trackers, Navigation and Gesture Interfaces, Output Devices: Graphics, Three-Dimensional Sound, and Haptic Displays.						
UNIT-IV	AR AND VR SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT					9
Software Involved Directly in the Augmented Reality Application- Environmental Acquisition, Sensor Integration, Application Engine, Rendering Software. VR Programming – Toolkits and Scene graphics, General Haptics Open Software Toolkit (GHOST).						
UNIT-V	APPLICATIONS					9
AR Applications – Magic books, Magic Mirrors, Navigation Assistance, Traditional VR applications – Medical Applications of VR, Virtual anatomy, Triage and Diagnostic, Digital Entertainment.						
					TOTAL :45 PERIODS	
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to: CO1: Explain the basic concepts of AR and VR. CO2: Outline the scientific, technical and engineering aspects of AR. CO3: Outline the scientific, technical and engineering aspects of VR. CO4: Experiment with technologies related to AR and VR software development. CO5: Illustrate the applications of AR and VR Engineering.						
TEXT BOOKS:						

1. Burdea, G. C. and P. Coffet, “Virtual Reality Technology”, 2nd edition, Wiley- IEEE Press, 2006.
2. Alan B. Craig, “Understanding Augmented Reality, Concepts and Applications”, 1st edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2013.
3. John Vince, “Virtual Reality Systems”, 1st edition, Pearson Education, 2002.

REFERENCES :

1. Alan Craig, William Sherman and Jeffrey Will, “Developing Virtual Reality Application, Foundations of Effective Design”, 1st edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2009.
2. George Mather, “Foundations of Sensation and Perception”, 3rd edition, Psychology Press, 2009.
3. Chetankumar G Shetty, “Augmented Reality - Theory, Design and Development”, 1st edition, McGraw Hill 2020.

21OIT02	FUNDAMENTALS OF ROBOTIC PROCESS AUTOMATION	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: • To outline the fundamentals of Robotic Process Automation. • To model the basics of Robotic Process Automation tool. • To outline the automation techniques of Robotic Process Automation. • To experiment with bot using triggering concept. • To develop and maintain the bot.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION TO ROBOTIC PROCESS AUTOMATION	9			
History of Automation - What is RPA - RPA vs Automation - Benefits of RPA - Components of RPA - RPA platforms - About UiPath - UiPath Robot - Record and Play-UiPath stack - Learning UiPath Studio.					
UNIT-II	RPA TOOL	9			
What is a Sequence? - Using activities with workflows – Flowchart - Control Flow, Sequencing the workflow - Control flow, various types of loops, and decision making - Step-by-step example using Sequence and Flowchart.					
UNIT-III	DATA MANIPULATION	9			
Variables and scope–Collections -Arguments – Purpose and use - Data table usage with examples - Clipboard management - File operation with step-by-step example - CSV/Excel to data table and vice versa.					
UNIT-IV	HANDLING USER EVENTS	9			
Taking Control of the Controls - Implementing the Attach Window activity -Finding the control - Techniques for waiting for a control - Act on controls – mouse and keyboard activities -Working with UiExplorer - Handling events - Handling events - Screen Scraping.					
UNIT-V	HANDLING USER EVENTS AND ASSISTANT BOTS	9			
What are assistant bots? - Monitoring system event triggers - Monitoring image and element triggers - Launching an assistant bot on a keyboard event- Common exceptions and ways to handle them - Logging and taking screenshots - Debugging techniques - Collecting crash dumps.					
					TOTAL :45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: After successful completion of this course, the students should be able to CO1: Explain the fundamentals of Robotic Process Automation. CO2: Identify the different Robotic Process Automation tools and its usage. CO3: Outline the automation techniques of Robotic Process Automation. CO4: Apply the various triggering concept for monitoring bots. CO5: Plan, develop and deploy bots.					
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Alok Mani Tripathi, “Learning Robotic Process Automation”, 1st edition Packt Publishing,					

2018.

2. Nandan Mullakara, Arun Kumar and Asokan, “Robotic Process Automation Projects: Build real-world RPA solutions using UiPath and Automation Anywhere”, 1st edition, Packt Publishing, 2020.
3. Robert Fantina, Andriy Storozhuk and Kamal Goyal, “Introducing Robotic Process Automation to Your Organization”, 1st edition, Apress Publication, 2021.

REFERENCES :

1. Christian Czarnecki and Peter Fettke, “Robotic Process Automation: Management, Technology, Applications”, 1st edition, Walter de Gruyter Publishing, 2021.
2. Tom Taulli “The Robotic Process Automation Handbook: A Guide to Implementing RPA Systems”, 1st edition, Apress Publication, 2020.
3. Husan Mahey “Robotic Process Automation with Automation Anywhere”, 1st edition, Packt Publishing LTD, 2021.

21OIT03	DEEP LEARNING TECHNIQUES	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To outline the theoretical foundations, algorithms and methodologies of Neural Network. - To explain the data needs of Neural Network and deep learning. - To develop an application using specific deep learning models. - To make use of the practical knowledge in handling and analyzing real world applications. - To summarize the applications of deep learning					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION	9			
History of Deep Learning, McCulloch Pitts Neuron, Multilayer Perceptrons (MLPs), Representation Power of MLPs, Sigmoid Neurons, Feed Forward Neural Networks, Back propagation					
UNIT-II	ACTIVATION FUNCTIONS AND PARAMETERS	9			
Gradient Descent (GD), Momentum Based GD, Nesterov Accelerated GD, Stochastic GD, Parameters v/s Hyper-parameters					
UNIT-III	AUTO-ENCODERS AND REGULARIZATION	9			
Auto encoders and relation to PCA, Regularization in auto encoders. Regularization: Bias Variance Tradeoff, L2 regularization, Early stopping, Dataset augmentation, Encoder Decoder Models.					
UNIT-IV	DEEP LEARNING MODELS	9			
Introduction to CNNs, Architecture, Convolution/pooling layers, CNN Applications- Introduction to RNNs, Back propagation through time (BPTT), Vanishing and Exploding Gradients.					
UNIT-V	DEEP LEARNING APPLICATION	9			
Image Processing, Natural Language Processing, Speech recognition, Video Analytics					
					TOTAL:45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES					
At end of the course, learners will be able to:					
CO1: Explain the fundamentals of neural networks and deep learning.					
CO2: Summarize the concepts of neural network training.					
CO3: Experiment with regularization, training optimization, and hyper parameter selection on deep learning models.					
CO4: Apply working knowledge of deep learning models for problem solving.					
CO5: Outline about deep learning models for processing images or video.					
TEXT BOOKS:					
1. Ian Goodfellow, YoshuaBengio and Aaron Courville, “Deep Learning”, 1 st edition, MIT press, 2016.					
2. Yoshua Bengio, "Learning deep architectures for AI- Foundations and trends in Machine Learning 2.1”, 1 st edition, Now Publishers, 2009.					
3. Jon Krohn, Beyleveld Grant and BassensAglae, “Deep Learning Illustrated: A Visual, Interactive- Guide to Artificial Intelligence”, 1 st edition Addison-wesley, 2019.					

REFERENCES:

1. Hyatt Saleh, “Applied Deep Learning with PyTorch”, 1st edition Packt Publishing, 2019.
2. Pradeep Pujari, Rezaul Karim and Mohit Sewak, “Practical Convolutional Neural Networks”, 1st edition Packt Publishing, 2018.
3. Ragav Venkatesan and Baoxin Li, “Convolutional Neural Networks in Visual Computing (Data Enabled Engineering)”, 1st edition, CRC Press, 2017.

21PIT18	CYBER SECURITY ESSENTIALS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To infer the basics of cyber security. - To outline the security aspects of operating systems and networks. - To make use of cryptographic techniques in network security. - To explain the privacy principles and policies. - To illustrate the security management and incidents.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION TO CYBER SECURITY				9
Introduction -Computer Security - Threats -Harm - Vulnerabilities - Controls – Authentication Access Control and Cryptography - Web-User Side - Browser Attacks - Web Attacks- Targeting Users - Obtaining User or Website Data - Email Attacks.					
UNIT-II	SECURITY IN OPERATING SYSTEM & NETWORKS				9
Security in Operating Systems - Security in the Design of Operating Systems -Rootkit - Network security attack- Threats to Network Communications - Wireless Network Security - Denial of Service - Distributed Denial-of-Service					
UNIT-III	DEFENCES: SECURITY COUNTER MEASURES				9
Cryptography in Network Security - Firewalls - Intrusion Detection and Prevention Systems - Network Management - Databases - Security Requirements of Databases - Reliability and Integrity - Database Disclosure - Data Mining and Big Data.					
UNIT-IV	PRIVACY IN CYBERSPACE				9
Privacy Concepts -Privacy Principles and Policies -Authentication and Privacy - Data Mining - Privacy on the Web - Email Security - Privacy Impacts of Emerging Technologies.					
UNIT-V	MANAGEMENT AND INCIDENTS				9
Security Planning - Business Continuity Planning - Handling Incidents - Risk Analysis - Dealing with Disaster - Emerging Technologies - The Internet of Things - Economics - Electronic Voting - Cyber Warfare- Cyberspace and the Law – Information and Laws - Cyber crime - Cyber Warfare and Home Land Security.					
					TOTAL : 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to: CO1: Explain the basic concepts of computer security. CO2: Illustrate methods for Security in operating system and networks. CO3: Identify the various security counter measures. CO4: Summarize the privacy principles and policies. CO5: Interpret the management strategies of cyber space.					
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Charles P. Pfleeger, Shari Lawrence Pfleeger and Jonathan Margulies, “Security in					

Computing”, 5th edition , Pearson Education , 2015. 2. Martti Lehto and Pekka Neittaanmäki, “Cyber Security: Analytics, Technology and Automation edited”, Springer International Publishing Switzerland, 2015. 3. George K. Kostopoulous, “Cyber Space and Cyber Security”, 2nd edition, CRC Press, 2017.
REFERENCES : 1. Jan L.Harrington, ”Network Security A Practical Approach”, 1st edition, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2005. 2. Edward Amoroso, “Cyber Security”, 1st edition, Silicon Press, 2006. 3. Nelson Phillips and Enfinger Steuart, "Computer Forensics and Investigations", 1st edition, CBS publishers, New Delhi, 2004.

210IT04	FUNDAMENTALS OF BLOCKCHAIN	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: - To outline the fundamental concept of blockchain. - To explain concept of cryptocurrency and Bitcoin. - To experiment with the Ethereum programming languages. - To demonstrate the basics of Hyperledger and Web3. - To summarize the detail of alternative blockchain technologies.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION TO BLOCK CHAIN	9			
History of Blockchain – Types of Blockchain – Consensus – Decentralization using Blockchain – Blockchain and Full Ecosystem Decentralization – Platforms for Decentralization.					
UNIT-II	INTRODUCTION TO CRYPTOCURRENCY	9			
Bitcoin – Digital Keys and Addresses – Transactions – Mining – Bitcoin Networks and Payments – Wallets – Alternative Coins – Theoretical Limitations – Bitcoin Limitations – Name Coin – Prime Coin – Zcash – Smart Contracts – Ricardian Contracts.					
UNIT-III	ETHEREUM	9			
The Ethereum Network – Components of Ethereum Ecosystem – Ethereum Programming Languages: Runtime Byte Code, Blocks and Blockchain, Fee Schedule – Supporting Protocols – Solidity Language.					
UNIT-IV	WEB3 AND HYPERLEDGER	9			
Introduction to Web3 – Contract Deployment – POST Requests – Development frameworks – Hyperledger as a protocol – The Reference Architecture – Hyperledger Fabric – Distributed Ledger – Corda.					
UNIT-V	EMERGING TRENDS IN BLOCK CHAIN TECHNOLOGIES	9			
Kadena – Ripple- Rootstock – Quorum – Tendermint – Scalability – Privacy – Other Challenges – Blockchain Research – Notable Projects – Miscellaneous tools.					
					TOTAL : 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to: CO1: Explain about fundamental concept of blockchain. CO2: Summarize the concept of cryptocurrency and Bitcoin. CO3: Identify the components of Ethereum and Ethereum Programming Languages. CO4: Outline the basics of Hyperledger and its development framework. CO5: Compare different blockchain technologies.					
TEXT BOOKS: - Imran Bashir, “Mastering Blockchain: Distributed Ledger Technology, Decentralization and Smart Contracts Explained”, Second Edition, Packt Publishing, 2018. - Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti, “Blockchain Applications: A Hands on Approach”, VPT,					

2017.

3. A. Narayanan, J. Bonneau, E. Felten, A. Miller, S. Goldfeder, “Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency Technologies: A Comprehensive Introduction”, Princeton University Press, 2016.

REFERENCES :

1. Andreas Antonopoulos, Satoshi Nakamoto, “Mastering Bitcoin”, O’Reilly, 2014.
2. Roger Wattenhofer, “The Science of the Blockchain” CreateSpace Independent Publishing, 2016.
3. Alex Leverington, “Ethereum Programming” Packt Publishing, 2017.

21OIT05	GAME DEVELOPMENT FOR NOVICE				L	T	P	C
					3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES: • To outline the basic concepts of game programming. • To explain about 3D graphics. • To understand the terminologies like sound, physics and cameras. • To infer the knowledge about user interfaces and scripting. • To develop simple games.								
UNIT I	INTRODUCTION TO GAME PROGRAMMING							9
Game Programming Overview: Evolution of Video Game Programming - The Game Loop - Time and Games – Game Objects. 2D Graphics: 2D Rendering Foundations - Sprites – Scrolling - Tile Maps. Linear Algebra for Games.								
UNIT II	3D GRAPHICS							9
Basics - Coordinate spaces - Lighting and shading – visibility - World transform, Revisited - Input devices - Event-based input systems - Mobile input.								
UNIT III	SOUND, PHYSICS AND CAMERAS							9
Basic sound - 3D sound - Digital Signal Processing - Planes, Rays, and Line Segments. - Collision Geometry - Collision Detection - Physics-based Movement - Types of Cameras - Perspective Projections - Camera implementations - Camera support algorithms.								
UNIT IV	USER INTERFACES AND SCRIPTING							9
Menu systems - HUD Elements - Other UI considerations - Scripting languages - Implementing a Scripting language - Data formats.								
UNIT V	GAME DEVELOPMENT							9
Side-Scroller for iOS - Tower defense for PC/Mac - Sudoku game - Tetris game - Tic Tac Toe game.								
							TOTAL: 45 PERIODS	
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to CO1: Explain the basic concepts of game programming. CO2: Summarize about 3D graphics. CO3: Infer about sound, physics and cameras in game development. CO4: Outline about user interfaces and scripting. CO5: Make use of gaming concepts to develop simple games.								
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Sanjay Madhav, “Game Programming Algorithms and Techniques: A Platform Agnostic Approach”, Addison-Wesley Professional, 2nd edition, 2014. 2. K. Patinson, “Game Development: Gaming Design and Programming”, Code Academy Publishers, 1st edition, 2021. 3. James R Parker and J R Parker, “Introduction to Game Development:”, Mercury Learning &								

Information Publishers, 1st edition, 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Will McGugan, “Beginning Game Development with Python and Pygame: From Novice to Professional”, Apress Publishers, 1st edition, 2007.
2. Paul Vincent Craven, “Program Arcade games”, Apress Publishers, 4th edition, 2016.
3. Steve Rabin, “Introduction to Game Development”, Charles River Media Publishers, 2nd edition, 2009.

21OIT06	INTRODUCTION TO 3D PRINTING AND DESIGN	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To explain the importance of 3D printing in manufacturing. - To compare the different 3D printing technologies. - To plan suitable methods for 3D print. - To experiment with different methods for Post-processing of 3D printing parts. - To develop applications related to 3D printing.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION AND BASIC PRINCIPLES				9
3D Printing, Generic 3D Printing Process, Benefits of 3D Printing, Distinction Between 3D Printing and CNC Machining, Other Related Technologies Development of 3D Printing Technology: Introduction, Computers, Computer-Aided Design Technology.					
UNIT-II	3D PRINTING PROCESS CHAIN & PHOTOPOLYMERIZATION PROCESSES				9
Eight Steps in Additive Manufacture, Variations from One 3D Printing Machine to Another, Metal Systems, Maintenance of Equipment, Materials Handling Issues, design for 3D printing. Introduction to Photopolymerization Processes: Photopolymerization Materials, Reaction Rates, Vector Scan SL, SL Resin Curing Process, SL Scan Patterns, Vector Scan Micro stereolithography, Mask Projection Photopolymerization Technologies and Processes, Two-Photon SL.					
UNIT-III	POWDER BED FUSION PROCESSES & EXTRUSION-BASED SYSTEMS				9
Powder Bed Fusion Processes: Introduction, SLS Process Description, Powder Handling, Approaches to Metal and Ceric Part Creation, Variants of Powder Bed Fusion Processes, Process Par 3D Printingereters, Applied Energy Correlations and Scan Patterns, Typical Materials and Applications, Materials - Capabilities and Limitations. Extrusion-Based Systems: Introduction, Basic Principles, Plotting and Path Control, Materials, Limitations of FDM, Bioextrusion, Other Systems.					
UNIT-IV	DESIGN, GUIDELINES FOR PROCESS SELECTION				9
Design for 3D Printing - Design for Manufacturing and Assembly, Core DFM for 3D Printing Concepts and Objectives, 3D Printing Unique Capabilities, Exploring Design Freedoms, Design Tools for 3D Printing. Guidelines for Process Selection - Selection Methods for a Part, Challenges of Selection, Preliminary Selection, Production Planning and Control.					
UNIT-V	MEDICAL APPLICATIONS & FUTURE DIRECTIONS				9
Medical Applications for 3D Printing - Use of 3D Printing to Support Medical Applications, Software Support for Medical Applications, Limitations of 3D Printing for Medical applications, Further Development of Medical 3D Printing Applications. Commercial Applications using Multiple Materials, business opportunities and, Future directions.					
					TOTAL : 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to					
CO1: Outline the basics of 3D printing.					

CO2: Explain different 3D printing Technologies.
CO3: Identify suitable materials for 3D printing.
CO4: Make use of different methods for Post-processing of 3D printing parts.
CO5: Plan 3D printing for medical applications and commercial applications.
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Ian Gibson, David W Rosen and Brent Stucker., “Additive Manufacturing Technologies: Rapid Prototyping to Direct Digital Manufacturing”, 2nd edition, Springer, 2010. 2. Ben Redwood, Filemon Schoffer and Brian Garret, “The 3D Printing Handbook: Technologies, design and applications”, 1st edition, 3DHubs publications, 2017. 3. Dorling Kindersley, “3D printing projects: Amazing ideas to print and make”, 1st edition, DK publishing, 2017.
REFERENCES : 1. Chua Chee Kai and Leong Kah Fai, “Rapid Prototyping: Principles &Applications”, 2nd edition, World Scientific, 2003. 2. Ali K. Kamrani and Emand Abouel Nasr, “Rapid Prototyping: Theory &Practice”, 1st edition, Springer, 2006. 3. D.T. Pham and S.S. Dimov, “Rapid Manufacturing: The Technologies and Applications of Rapid Prototyping and Rapid Tooling”, 1st edition, Springer 2001.

21OIT07	FUNDAMENTALS OF MACHINE LEARNING	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To outline the fundamental concepts of machine learning. - To explain the classification technique using decision tree. - To make use of SVM for classification in ML. - To summarize the concept of unsupervised learning in ML. - To demonstrate Reinforcement Learning.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION				9
Introduction. Types of Machine Learning Systems: Supervised/Unsupervised Learning, Batch and Online Learning, Instance-Based Versus Model-Based Learning, Main Challenges of Machine Learning, Testing and Validating.					
UNIT-II	SUPERVISED LEARNING				9
Training and Visualizing a Decision Tree, Making Predictions, Estimating Class Probabilities, The CART Training Algorithm, Computational Complexity, Regularization Hyper parameters, Regression, Instability.					
UNIT-III	BAYESIAN LEARNING AND SVM				9
Bayesian Learning: introduction, Bayes Theorem and concept Learning, Bayes Optimal Classifier, Naïve Bayes Classifier. Support Vector Machine: Linear SVM Classification, Nonlinear SVM Classification, SVM Regression.					
UNIT-IV	UNSUPERVISED LEARNING				9
Clustering, K-Means, Limits of K-Means, Using clustering for image segmentation, Using Clustering for Preprocessing, Using Clustering for Semi-Supervised Learning, DBSCAN and other Clustering Algorithms, Gaussian Mixtures.					
UNIT-V	REINFORCEMENT LEARNING				9
Single State Case: K-Armed Bandit, Elements of Reinforcement Learning, Model-Based Learning, Temporal Difference Learning, Generalization, Partially Observable States.					
					TOTAL :45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to:					
CO1: Summarize the fundamental concept of machine learning.					
CO2: Explain the concept of decision Tree for classification in ML.					
CO3: Make use of SVM for classification in ML.					
CO4: Outline the concept of unsupervised learning for classification in ML.					
CO5: Explain the concept of Reinforcement Learning to make best decision.					
TEXT BOOKS:					
1. Aurelien Geron, “Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn, Keras, and Tensor Flow”, 2 nd edition, Reilly Media, September 2019.					

2. Tom Mitchell ,”Machine Learning”, 1st edition, McGraw- Hill, 1997.
3. Alpaydin, Ethem. “Introduction to machine learning”, 2nd edition, MIT press, 2020.
4. ShaiShalev-Shwartz and Shai Ben-David,” Understanding Machine Learning: From Theory to Algorithms”, 2nd edition, Cambridge University Press, 2014.

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1. Mohri Mehryar, Afshin Rostamizadeh, and Ameet Talwalkar. “Foundations of machine learning”, 1st edition, MIT press, 2018.
2. Müller Andreas C and Sarah Guido. “Introduction to Machine Learning with Python: A Guide for Data Scientists”, 1st edition, O’Reilly, 2016.
3. Kevin P. Murphy, “Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective”, 1st edition, MIT Press, 2012.
4. Christopher Bishop, “Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning” Springer, 2007.

21OIT08	INTERNET OF THINGS CONCEPTS AND APPLICATIONS		L	T	P	C
			3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:						
- To explain the fundamentals of Internet of Things (IoT). - To summarize the basics of IoT protocols. - To understand about IoT design and development. - To experiment with the knowledge about data analytics for IoT. - To apply the concept of Internet of Things in the real world scenario.						
UNIT I		INTRODUCTION TO IoT				9
IoT and Digitization – IoT Impact – Convergence of IT and OT – IoT Challenges. IoT Network Architecture and Design: Comparing IoT Architectures – A Simplified IoT Architecture.						
UNIT II		ENGINEERING IoT				9
Sensors, Actuators, and Smart Objects – Sensor Networks. Connecting Smart Objects: Communication Criteria – IoT Access Technologies: IEEE802.15.4 – IEEE1901.2a.						
UNIT III		PROTOTYPING EMBEDDED DEVICES				9
Embedded Computing Basics – Arduino – Raspberry Pi – BeagleBone Black – Electric Imp- Other Notable Platforms.						
UNIT IV		DATA ANALYTICS FOR IoT				9
Data Analytics Overview and Challenges - Structured vs Unstructured Data - Data in Motion vs Data at Rest – Role of Machine Learning: Supervised Learning – Unsupervised Learning – Data Analytics Tools and Technology: Introduction to NoSQL Databases , Hadoop ,Apache Kafka.						
UNIT V		CASE STUDIES / INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS				9
Manufacturing – Smart and Connected Cities – Transportation – Mining – Public Safety.						
					TOTAL: 45 PERIODS	
COURSE OUTCOMES:						
At the end of the course, learners will be able to						
CO1: Explain about the fundamentals of Internet of Things (IoT).						
CO2: Interpret the knowledge about the basics of Engineering IoT.						
CO3: Summarize about IoT Design and Development.						
CO4: Experiment with the information using data analytics for IoT.						
CO5: Make use of IoT technologies for real world problems.						
TEXT BOOK:						
- David Hanes and Ganzalo Salgueiro, “IoT Fundamentals: Networking Technologies, Protocols and Use cases for Internet of Things”, 1st edition, Pearson education, 2017. - Adrain McEwen and Hakim Cassimally, “Designing the Internet of Things” , 1st edition, Wiley , 2014. - Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madiseti , “Internet of Things – A hands on approach”, 1st edition, University press , 2015.						

REFERENCES:

1. Dieter Uckelmann, Mark Harrison and Michahelles, Florian (Eds), “Architecting the Internet of Things”, 1st edition, Springer, 2011.
2. Honbo Zhou, “The Internet of Things in the Cloud: A Middleware Perspective”, CRC Press, 1st edition, 2012.
3. Jan Holler, Vlasios Tsiatsis, Catherine Mulligan, Stamatis , Karnouskos, Stefan Avesand and David Boyle, "From Machine-to-Machine to the Internet of Things - Introduction to a New Age of Intelligence", 1st edition, Academic Press, Elsevier, 2014.
4. Olivier Hersent, David Boswarthick and Omar Elloumi, “The Internet of Things – Key applications and Protocols”, Wiley, 2nd edition, 2012.

21IT301	FOUNDATIONS OF DATA SCIENCE	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
• To outline data preparatory and preprocessing steps. • To explain the statistical methods for data science. • To make use of the packages in Python for data science. • To summarize the regression techniques. • To utilize the visualization techniques for interpreting data.					
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION	9			
Need for data science – benefits and uses – facets of data – data science process – setting the research goal – retrieving data – cleansing, integrating and transforming data – exploratory data analysis – build the models – presenting and building applications.					
UNIT-II	DESCRIBING DATA I	9			
Frequency distributions – Outliers – relative frequency distributions – cumulative frequency distributions – frequency distributions for nominal data – interpreting distributions – graphs – averages – mode – median – mean – averages for qualitative and ranked data – describing variability – range – variance – standard deviation – degrees of freedom – inter quartile range – variability for qualitative and ranked data.					
UNIT-III	PYTHON FOR DATA HANDLING	9			
Basics of Numpy arrays – aggregations – computations on arrays – comparisons, masks, Boolean logic – fancy indexing – structured arrays – data manipulation with Pandas – data indexing and selection – operating on data – missing data – hierarchical indexing – combining datasets – aggregation and grouping – pivot tables.					
UNIT-IV	DESCRIBING DATA II	9			
Normal distributions – z scores – normal curve problems – finding proportions – finding scores – more about z scores – correlation – scatter plots – correlation coefficient for quantitative data – computational formula for correlation coefficient – regression – regression line – least squares regression line – standard error of estimate – interpretation of r2 – multiple regression equations – regression toward the mean.					
UNIT-V	PYTHON FOR DATA VISUALIZATION	9			
Visualization with matplotlib – line plots – scatter plots – visualizing errors – density and contour plots – histograms, binnings and density – three dimensional plotting – geographic data – data analysis using statsmodels and seaborn – graph plotting using Plotly – interactive data visualization using Bokeh.					
					TOTAL: 45 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:					

At the end of the course, learners will be able to

CO1: Explain the methods for data inspecting and cleansing.

CO2: Compare the statistical methods for data science.

CO3: Make use of the packages in Python for data science.

CO4: Outline the prediction techniques using regression models.

CO5: Experiment with different visualization techniques.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. John S. Witte and Robert S. Witte, "Statistics", 11th edition, John Wiley and sons inc., 2021.
2. Jake Vander Plas, "Python Data Science Handbook", 1st edition, O'Reilly, 2016.
3. David Cielen, Arno D. B. Meysman and Mohamed Ali, "Introducing Data Science", 1st edition, Manning Publications, 2016.

REFERENCES:

1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Stats: Exploratory Data Analysis in Python", 2nd edition, O'Reilly, 2015.
2. Allen B. Downey, "Think Stats: Probability and Statistics for Programmers", 1st edition, Green Tea Press, 2011.
3. Avirm Blum, John Hopcroft and Ravindran kanan, "Foundations of Data Science", 1st edition, Cambridge University press, 2020.

21OCIT01	AUTOMATION TOOL	L	T	P	C
		0	0	2	1
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To plan test cases and test scripts using Selenium. - To experiment with Selenium tool towards web application testing.					
- Introduction - About testing- Different type of testing – Manual testing- Introduction to Automation- Features of selenium - Identifying Web Elements using Selenium :Using ID – Using Name – Using Link Text – Using Partial Link Text – Using Class Name –Using Tag Name – Using XPath – Using CSS Selector - Verifying Web Elements using Selenium –Using Get Title – Using Current URL – Using Get Text – Using Get Attribute - Validation –Using Is Selected – Using Is Enabled –Using Is Displayed - Switch Web Elements – Using Alert –Using Window - Synchronization Commands – Explicit Wait – Implicit Wait - Operations with Web Table and Web Calendar - Testing Frameworks – Introduction – Create Test Suite – Create Test NG Annotations					
					TOTAL : 15 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to					
CO 1: Utilize Selenium testing tool for writing test cases and test scripts.					
CO 2: Develop test plan using Selenium tool for web application.					
REFERENCES :					
1. Nageshwar Rao Pusuluri , “Software Testing Concepts and Tools”, Dream tech Press, 2006. 2. Alan John Richardson , “Selenium Simplified: Selenium-RC, Java & JUnit, 2nd edition , Compendium Developments , 2012.					

21OCIT02	AZURE CLOUD ESSENTIALS	L	T	P	C
		0	0	2	1
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To outline the fundamentals of Azure cloud. - To experiment with cloud computing concepts for building a solution.					
- Cloud concepts - Cloud computing Fundamentals - Cloud benefits - Cloud service types - Azure architecture and services - Azure architectural components - Compute and Networking - Storage, Identity, Access, and Security - Core Azure Services (Workloads) - Create a virtual machine in the portal - Create a Web App - Deploy Azure Container Instances - Create a virtual network.					
					TOTAL : 15 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to					
CO1: Explain the fundamental concept of Azure cloud.					
CO2: Make use of cloud concepts to deploy an application.					
REFERENCES :					
- Michael Collier and Robin Shahan, “ Fundamentals of Azure”, 2nd edition, Microsoft Press, 2016. https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/certifications/exams/az-900.					

21OCIT03	MONGO DB BASICS			L	T	P	C
				0	0	2	1
COURSE OBJECTIVES:							
- To compare relational and Non-relational database. - To develop a database for manipulating unstructured data using MongoDB.							
- Modern General Purpose Database - Relational vs. Non-Relational Databases - Non-Relational Database Types - When to Use Non-Relational Databases - The Document Model and MongoDB - MongoDB: A Developer Data Platform - MongoDB Architecture - MongoDB Atlas - Querying in Relational and Non-Relational Databases - MongoDB Query Language (MQL) - Querying Complex Data in MongoDB with MQL - Querying Data with Operators and Compound Conditions - Inserting and Updating Data in MongoDB - Deleting Data in MongoDB - Sharding in MongoDB - Indexing in MongoDB							
				TOTAL :15 PERIODS			
COURSE OUTCOMES:							
At the end of the course, learners will be able to							
CO 1: Infer the difference between and Non-relational database.							
CO 2: Build database for manipulating unstructured data using MongoDB.							
REFERENCES :							
- Shannon,Eoin Brazil and Kristina,"MongoDB: The Definitive Guide: Powerful and Scalable Data Storage",3rd edition, O'Reilly Media,2019. - Rick Copeland, "MongoDB Applied Design Patterns: Practical Use Cases with the Leading NoSQL Database",1st edition, O'Reilly Media, 2013.							

21MCC01	CONSTITUTION OF INDIA	L	T	P	C
		1	0	0	0
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
• To explain the basic features and fundamental principles of Constitution of India. • To explain the salient features and characteristics of the Constitution of India • To explain the Directive Principles of State Policy, Federal structure and distribution of legislative and financial powers • To explain the amendment of the Constitutional Powers and Procedure, the historical perspectives of the constitutional amendments in India • To explain the Local Self Government – Constitutional Scheme in India					
SYLLABUS					
1. Meaning of the constitution law and constitutionalism					
2. Historical perspective of the Constitution of India					
3. Salient features and characteristics of the Constitution of India					
4. Scheme of the fundamental rights					
5. The scheme of the Fundamental Duties and its legal status					
6. The Directive Principles of State Policy – Its importance and implementation					
7. Federal structure and distribution of legislative and financial powers between the Union and the States.					
8. Parliamentary Form of Government in India – The constitution powers and status of the President of India.					
9. Amendment of the Constitutional Powers and Procedure					
10. The historical perspectives of the constitutional amendments in India					
11. Emergency Provisions : National Emergency, President Rule, Financial Emergency					
12. Local Self Government – Constitutional Scheme in India					
13. Scheme of the Fundamental Right to Equality					
14. Scheme of the Fundamental Right to certain Freedom under Article 19					
15. Scope of the Right to Life and Personal Liberty under Article 21					
		TOTAL : 15 PERIODS			
COURSE OUTCOMES:					
At the end of the course, learners will be able to:					
CO1: Explain the meaning of the constitution law and constitutionalism and Historical perspective of the Constitution of India.					
CO2: Explain the salient features and characteristics of the Constitution of India, scheme of the fundamental rights and the scheme of the Fundamental Duties and its legal status.					
CO3: Explain the Directive Principles of State Policy, Federal structure and distribution of legislative and financial powers between the Union and the States, and Parliamentary Form of Government in India.					
CO4: Explain the amendment of the Constitutional Powers and Procedure, the historical perspectives of the constitutional amendments in India, and Emergency Provisions.					

CO5: Explain the Local Self Government – Constitutional Scheme in India, Scheme of the Fundamental Right to Equality.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Durga Das Basu, "Introduction to the Constitution of India", LexisNexis Butterworths Wadhwa, 20th edition, Reprint 2011.
2. Web link: <https://www.india.gov.in/my-government/constitution-india>.

21MCC02	ESSENCE OF INDIAN TRADITIONAL KNOWLEDGE	L	T	P	C
		1	0	0	0
COURSE OBJECTIVES:					
- To explain the concept of Indian Traditional Knowledge along with Indian Modern Knowledge. - To explain the need and importance of protecting Traditional Knowledge, Knowledge sharing, and Intellectual property rights over Traditional Knowledge. - To explain about the use of Traditional Knowledge to meet the basic needs of human being. - To explain the rich biodiversity materials and knowledge preserved for practicing traditional lifestyle. - To explain the use of Traditional Knowledge in Manufacturing and Industry.					
UNIT-I	TRADITIONAL AND MODERN KNOWLEDGE				3
Two Worlds of Knowledge - Phase of Explorers, Sir Arthur Cotton and Irrigation, Smallpox Vaccination, Late Nineteenth Century, Voelcker, Howard and Agriculture, Havell and Indian Art; Indians at the Encounter - Gaekwad of Baroda and Technical Education, Science Education and Modern Industries, Hakim Ajmal Khan and Ayurveda, R. N. Chopra and Indigenous Drugs, Gauhar Jaan and Indian Classical Music; Linking Science and the Rural - Tagore's Sriniketan Experiment, Marthandam, the YMCA Model, Gandhi's Thoughts on Development, Nehru's View of Growth; Post- Independence Era - Modernization and Traditional Knowledge, Social Roots of Traditional Knowledge Activism, Global Recognition for Traditional Knowledge.					
UNIT-II	PROTECTION AND SHARING				3
For Recognition and Protection - United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), World Health Organization (WHO), International Labour Organization (ILO), UN Working Group on Indigenous Populations, Evolution of Other Organizations; Norms of Sharing - United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP), World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), World Trade Organization (WTO); IPR and Traditional Knowledge - Theoretical Background, Positive Protections of TK, Defensive Strategies, IPR Facilitation for TK.					
UNIT-III	TRADITIONAL KNOWLEDGE FOR BASIC NEEDS				3
Indian Midwifery Tradition—The Dai System, Surface Flow Irrigation Tanks, Housing - A Human Right, Changing Priorities—Niyamgiri. Biodiversity and Genetic Resources: Jeevani - The Wonder Herb of Kanis, A Holistic Approach - FRLHT, Basmati - In the New Millennium, AYUSH-Based Cosmetics.					
UNIT-IV	TRADITIONAL KNOWLEDGE IN MANUFACTURING				3
Drug Discovery, A Sweetener of Bengal, The Sacred Ring of Payyanur, Channapatna Toys.					
UNIT-V	TRADITIONAL CULTURAL EXPRESSIONS				3

Banarasi Saree, Music, Built and Tangible Heritage, Modern Yoga, Sanskrit and Artificial Intelligence, Climate Change and Traditional Knowledge.	
	TOTAL :15 PERIODS
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, learners will be able to: CO1: Explain the concept of Indian Traditional Knowledge along with Indian Modern Knowledge. CO2: Explain the need and importance of protecting Traditional Knowledge, Knowledge sharing, and Intellectual property rights over Traditional Knowledge. CO3: Explain about the use of Traditional Knowledge to meet the basic needs of human being. CO4: Explain the rich biodiversity materials and knowledge preserved for practicing traditional lifestyle. CO5: Explain the use of Traditional Knowledge in Manufacturing and Industry.	
TEXT BOOKS: 1. Nirmal Sengupta “Traditional Knowledge in Modern India Preservation, Promotion, Ethical Access and Benefit Sharing Mechanisms” Springer, 2019. 2. Amit Jha, ”Traditional Knowledge System in India”, Atlantic Publishers and Distributors Pvt Ltd, 2009. 3. Basanta Kumar Mohanta, Vipin Kumar Singh “Traditional Knowledge System and Technology in India”, Pratibha Prakashan, 2012. 4. Kapil Kapoor, Michel Danino "Knowledge Traditions and Practices of India", Central Board of Secondary Education, 2012.	
WEB REFERENCES : 1.NPTEL video lecture on “Ayurvedic Inheritance of India”, Video link: https://npTEL.ac.in/courses/121/106/121106003/# . 2.Youtube video on “Introduction to Indian Knowledge Systems”, Video link: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LZP1StpYEPM . 3.Youtube video on “12 Great achievements of Indian Civilization”, Video link: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xmogKGCmclE .	